

CHAPTER IV - SUMMARY OF TROPICAL CYCLONES

1. GENERAL RESUME

Thirty named tropical cyclones, of which twenty-two attained typhoon intensity, developed over western North Pacific waters during 1972 (Table 4-1). Typhoons Olga and Ruby had their origin in the central Pacific. Elsie and Flossie retained their identity while crossing the Indo-China peninsula and regenerated into tropical cyclones of typhoon strength over the Bay of Bengal.

The 1972 typhoon frequency was higher than the yearly average of 19 since the beginning of the JTWC in 1959. During this period, only 1962, 1964, and 1971 experienced more typhoons (Table 4-2). Typhoon days numbered 121, which is 21 more than average (Table 4-3). This figure surpasses all years since 1959, indicating the several multiple-storm situations and long-track lifetimes of 1972.

Multiple-storm activity was quite pronounced in July. Four tropical cyclones, Phyllis, Rita, Susan, and Tess, signaled the greatest simultaneous outbreak in JTWC records in over a decade. The record for multiple storms was August 1960, when five appeared on synoptic charts during the same day. However, in July 1972 four named tropical cyclones co-existed for seven consecutive days, producing a longevity record (Figure 4-1). Typhoon days for July exceeded the high for any month since 1959, as a record 222 warnings were issued by the JTWC. This compares with a total of 739 warnings issued during the year (Table 4-4).

The equatorial trough was quite pronounced during the summer and fall of 1972. Low-level monsoon westerlies extended from Southeast Asia across equatorial latitudes into the central Pacific. Sadler¹ indicated this anomalous circulation pattern to be associated with large-scale ocean

TABLE 4-1. FREQUENCY OF TROPICAL STORMS (INCLUDING TYPHOONS) BY MONTHS AND YEARS

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL
1945	0	0	0	1	1	2	5	7	6	1	3	0	26
1946	0	0	1	0	1	2	3	2	3	1	2	0	15
1947	0	0	1	0	1	1	3	3	5	6	6	1	27
1948	1	0	0	2	2	2	2	5	4	4	2	2	26
1949	1	0	0	0	1	1	5	3	6	1	3	2	22
1950	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	2	3	5	3	1	18
1951	0	0	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	4	1	2	17
1952	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	4	5	6	3	4	28
1953	0	1	0	0	1	2	2	6	3	4	3	1	23
1954	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	6	4	3	3	0	19
1955	1	0	1	1	0	1	6	3	3	4	1	1	22
1956	0	0	1	2	0	1	2	5	5	2	3	1	22
1957	2	0	0	1	1	1	1	3	5	4	3	0	21
1958	1	0	0	0	1	3	5	3	3	3	2	1	22
1959	0	1	1	1	0	0	3	6	6	4	2	2	26
1960	0	0	0	1	1	3	5	10	3	4	1	1	27
1961	1	1	1	1	3	2	5	4	6	5	1	1	31
1962	0	1	0	1	2	0	6	7	3	5	3	2	30
1963	0	0	0	1	1	3	4	3	5	5	0	3	25
1964	0	0	0	0	2	2	7	9	7	6	6	1	40
1965	2	2	1	1	2	3	5	6	7	2	2	1	34
1966	0	0	0	1	2	1	5	8	7	3	2	1	30
1967	1	0	2	1	1	1	6	8	7	4	5	1	35
1968	0	0	0	1	1	1	3	8	3	6	4	0	27
1969	1	0	1	1	0	0	3	4	3	3	2	1	19
1970	0	1	0	0	0	2	2	6	4	5	4	0	24
1971	1	0	1	3	4	2	8	4	6	4	2	0	35
1972	1	0	0	0	1	3	6	5	4	5	2	3	30
Totals	13	7	13	20	31	45	110	142	129	107	75	33	721
Avg.	.46	.25	.46	.71	1.11	1.61	3.93	5.07	4.61	3.82	2.61	1.18	25.75

TABLE 4-2. FREQUENCY OF TROPICAL STORMS REACHING TYPHOON INTENSITY BY MONTHS AND YEARS

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL
1945	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	5	3	1	1	0	13
1946	0	0	1	0	1	1	3	1	3	1	2	0	13
1947	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	3	4	5	4	1	19
1948	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	2	4	1	2	1	15
1949	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	3	3	1	1	1	14
1950	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	1	3	2	1	12
1951	0	0	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	3	1	2	16
1952	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	3	3	4	3	2	19
1953	0	1	0	0	1	1	2	4	2	4	1	1	17
1954	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	4	4	2	3	0	15
1955	1	0	1	1	0	1	5	3	3	2	1	1	19
1956	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	4	5	1	3	1	18
1957	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	5	3	3	0	18
1958	1	0	0	0	1	3	4	3	3	3	1	1	20
1959	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	5	3	3	2	2	17
1960	0	0	0	1	0	2	2	8	0	4	1	1	19
1961	0	0	1	0	2	1	3	5	3	5	3	1	20
1962	0	0	0	1	2	0	5	7	2	4	3	0	24
1963	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	3	3	4	0	21
1964	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	6	3	5	3	1	26
1965	1	0	0	1	2	2	4	3	5	2	1	0	21
1966	0	0	1	2	1	3	6	4	2	0	1	0	20
1967	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	2	5	3	3	0	20
1968	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	4	3	5	4	0	20
1969	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	3	2	3	1	0	13
1970	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	4	2	3	1	0	12
1971	0	0	0	3	1	2	6	3	5	3	1	0	24
1972	1	0	0	0	1	1	4	4	3	4	2	2	22
Totals	8	2	6	17	24	31	71	101	92	80	52	22	505
Avg.	.29	.07	.21	.61	.86	1.11	2.54	3.61	3.29	2.86	1.86	.79	18.04

TABLE 4-3. TYPHOON DAYS 1959-1972

YEAR	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL
1959	---	---	---	8	---	---	3	18	19	18*	10	18	94
1960	---	---	---	2	---	10	13	36*	---	23*	2*	12	98
1961	---	---	8	---	8	2	10*	15	23*	17*	6	6	95
1962	---	---	---	7	4	---	14*	37*	8	30*	19*	---	119
1963	---	---	4	5	15	11	23*	14*	24*	---	11	---	107
1964	---	---	---	7	5*	22*	18*	28*	14	11*	6	---	111
1965	2	---	---	2	5	12*	19*	23*	25*	14	6	---	108
1966	---	---	5	11	6	7*	16*	23*	11	4	3	---	86
1967	---	---	2	7	---	4	14*	10	32*	21*	---	---	111
1968	---	---	---	6	1	7	6	8	32*	19	18*	---	97
1969	5	---	---	5	---	---	8	6	10	18	10*	---	62
1970	---	5	---	---	---	2	5	24*	16	21*	6	---	79
1971	---	---	---	4	13*	8	20*	27*	21*	11*	7	---	111
1972	2	---	---	---	1	6	39*	16	16*	21	9	11	121
TOTAL	9	5	10	50	55	77	191	277	267	262	129	67	1399
MEAN	.6	.4	.7	3.6	3.9	5.5	13.6	19.8	19.1	18.7	9.2	4.8	99.9

*Two typhoons occurring on the same day are counted as two typhoon days.

TABLE 4-4. SUMMARY OF JTWC WARNINGS 1969-1972

	1960-1971				
	(AVG)	1969	1970	1971	1972
TOTAL NUMBER OF WARNINGS	731	430	533	747	739
CALENDAR DAYS OF WARNING	151	108	127	163	139
NUMBER OF WARNING DAYS WITH TWO OR MORE CYCLONES	54	15	29	54	46
NUMBER OF WARNING DAYS WITH THREE OR MORE CYCLONES	12	1	0	6	13

¹Consultant visit to JTWC in October 1972 by Prof. James C. Sadler, University of Hawaii.

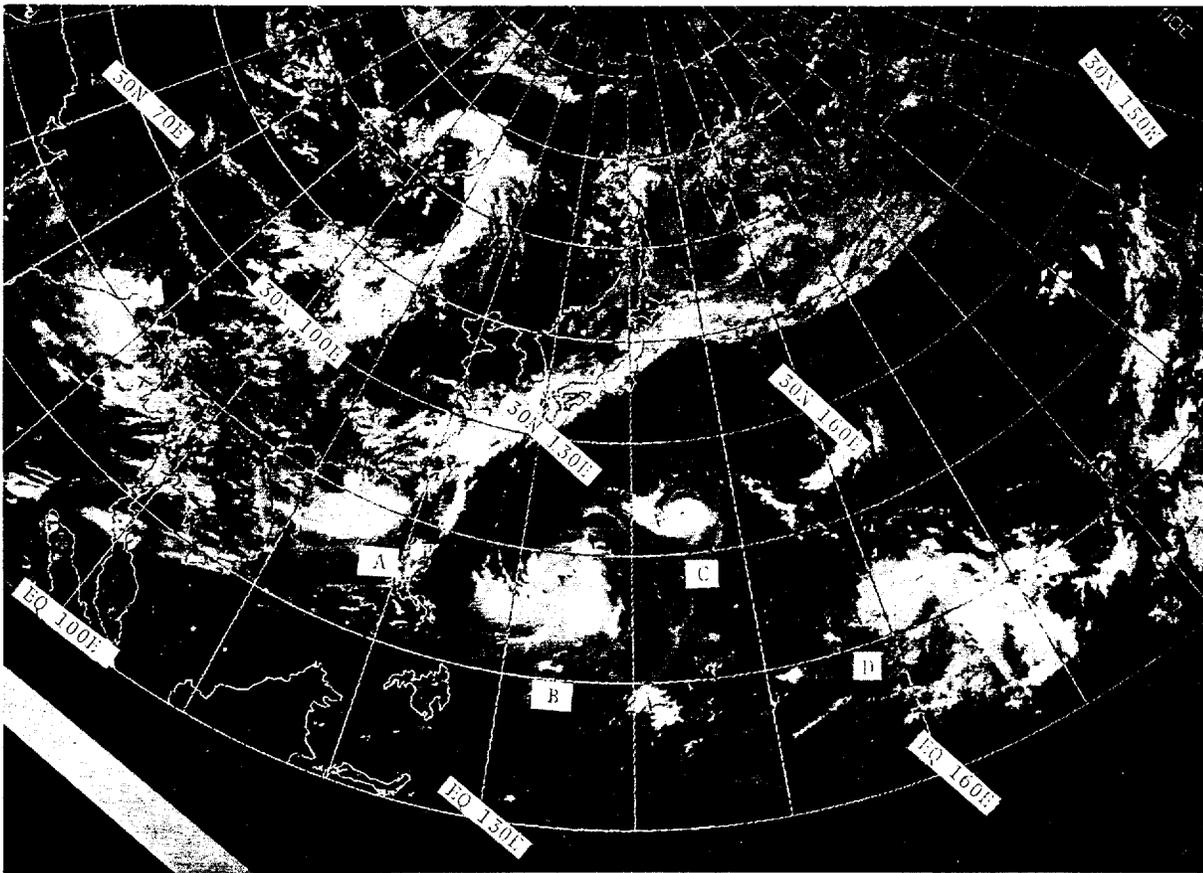


FIGURE 4-1. ESSA-9 satellite mosaic for 13 July 1972 showing multiple tropical cyclones-- Tropical Storm Susan (A), typhoons Rita (B), Phyllis (C), and Tess (D)--in the northwest Pacific Ocean.

warming and the early beginning of a strong "El Nino."

This anomalous circulation pattern gave rise to an unusual number of tropical cyclones (nine) forming east of 160°E. Of these, Lola and Olga each developed as members of a cyclone pair with southern hemisphere tropical cyclones. The anomalous monsoonal flow also acted to prolong the typhoon season. This was evidenced by Tropical Storm Violet's presence in the Marshall Island area during mid-December.

Atypically, only one tropical cyclone (Tropical Storm Doris) developed in the trade wind easterlies, during the summer and fall, from disturbances created by upper tropospheric cyclonic cells. However, on several occasions, such cells, embedded in the semi-permanent mid-Pacific trough, enhanced the outflow from disturbances in the equatorial trough and aided their development.

Only Rita and Betty reached super typhoon intensity (130 kt). This equals 1960 and 1969 for the lowest annual frequency of super typhoons in JTWC history. The 14-year (1959-1972) average for super typhoons is six.

Rita established a new longevity record (22 days) for a tropical cyclone in the western North Pacific.² She dominated the synoptic circulation features of the East China and Philippine Seas for most of the period. Typhoons Phyllis, Susan, and Tess developed and dissipated during Rita's lifetime. Tess traveled over 3100 nm from the vicinity of the Marshall Islands, engaged in a Fujiwhara interaction with Rita, and dissipated over the Sea of Japan. All of this occurred while Rita maintained typhoon intensity.

Several typhoons dealt destruction to the Far East during 1972. The Republic of the Philippines was especially hard hit as Kit, Ora, Rita, and Therese brought a combined death toll of approximately 640 to the archipelago (Table 4-5). Rita, although never crossing the coastline, had a critical impact on the economy of the country by enhancing the southwest monsoonal flow. This resulted in torrential rains of record proportions that caused widespread destruction and flooding throughout Luzon.

²Longest-lived (31 days) tropical cyclone on record is Hurricane Ginger, September 1971, in the North Atlantic.

Helen inflicted the heaviest damage on Japan in several years as she moved through the Ise Bay area, grounding many ships, causing numerous landslides inland, and capsizing several fishing vessels.

Much of the pertinent meteorological data and typhoon damage statistics in this chapter were based on information received from the following sources: Weather Bureau of the Republic of China; Royal Observatory of Hong Kong; Office of the High Commissioner, Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands; Casualty Returns, Liverpool Underwriters Association; Director of Meteorology, Republic of Vietnam; Japan Meteorological Agency; Weather Bureau of the Republic of the Philippines; and the Environmental Data Service, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

TABLE 4-5. LIST OF ESTIMATED CASUALTIES FOR THE 1972 SEASON

TYPHOON	DEATHS	MISSING
KIT	204	--
LOLA	---	2
ORA	134	--
PHYLLIS	3	--
RITA	229	--
SUSAN	4	--
TESS	29	20
BETTY	25	4
ELSIE	---	--
FLOSSIE	---	--
HELEN	72	2
MARIE	19	--
PAMELA	4	5
RUBY	---	--
SALLY	11	5
THERESE	90	--
	<u>824</u>	<u>36</u>

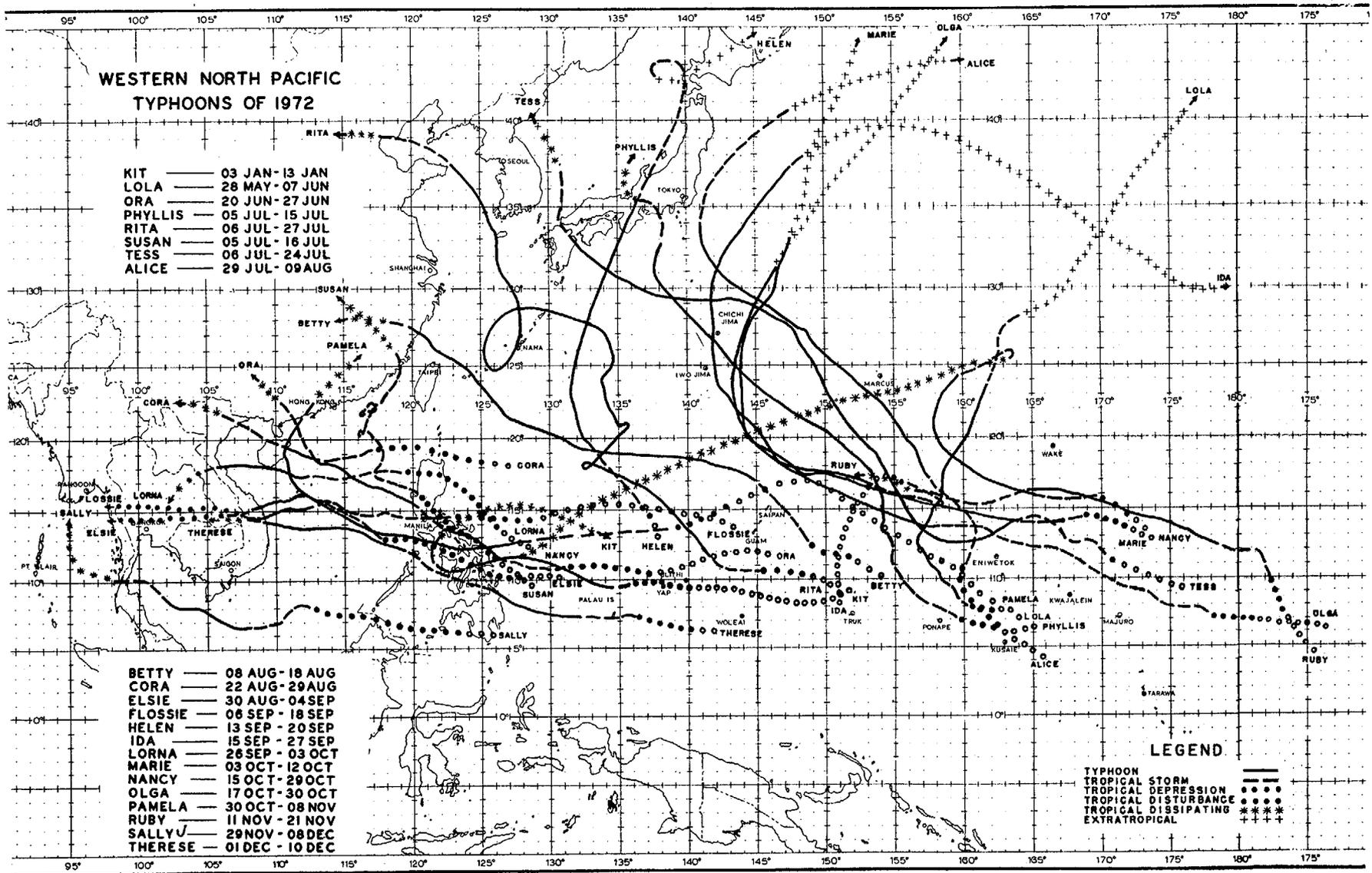
TABLE 4-6. 1972 TROPICAL CYCLONES

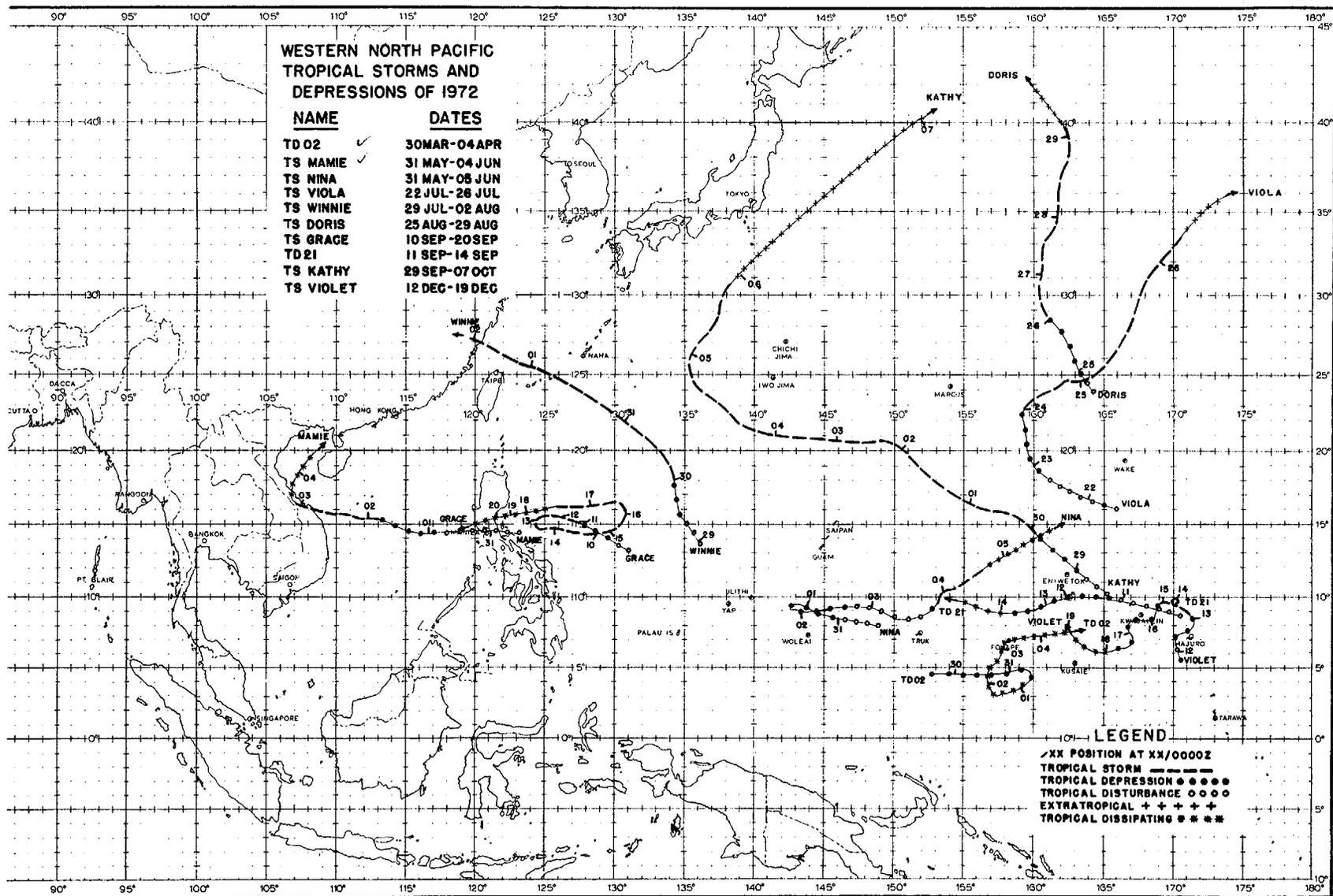
CYCLONE	TYPE	NAME	DATE (PRD OF WRNG)	CALENDAR DAYS OF WARNING	MAX SFC WIND	MIN OBS SLP	WARNINGS ISSUED		
							TOTAL	NO. AS TYPHOONS	DISTANCE TRAVELED
01	T	KIT	05 JAN-09 JAN	4	120	933	15	5	840
02	TD	TD 02	31 MAR-01 APR	2	30	1001	5	--	185
03	T	LOLA	30 MAY-05 JUN	7	105	956	26	13	1370
04	TS	MAMIE	02 JUN-03 JUN	2	50	989	5	--	260
05	TS	NINA	04 JUN-04 JUN	1	45	N/A	3	--	120
06	T	ORA	23 JUN-27 JUN	5	80	971	19	12	1450
07	T	PHYLLIS	06 JUL-15 JUL	10	120	944	38	22	2325
08	T	RITA	07 JUL-26 JUL	20	145	911	79	72	3330
09	T	SUSAN	07 JUL-14 JUL	8	65	980	29	4	800
10	T	TESS	08 JUL-24 JUL	17	125	940	66	44	3165
11	TS	VIOLA	24 JUL-26 JUL	3	60	980	8	--	890
12	TS	WINNIE	31 JUL-02 AUG	3	60	971	7	--	440
13	T	ALICE	01 AUG-08 AUG	8	90	964	30	20	2040
14	T	BETTY	09 AUG-17 AUG	9	135	910	35	27	2075
16	T	CORA	25 AUG-29 AUG	5	65	976	16	4	630
15	TS	DORIS	25 AUG-29 AUG	5	55	986	17	--	1045
17	T	ELSIE	31 AUG-04 SEP	5	75	974	16	12	580
18	T	FLOSSIE	10 SEP-16 SEP	7	75	975	25	7	795
19	TS	GRACE	*12 SEP-18 SEP	5	50	989	12	--	495
20	T	HELEN	13 SEP-16 SEP	4	100	957	15	13	1325
21	TD	TD 21	13 SEP-15 SEP	3	30	N/A	8	--	550
22	T	IDA	17 SEP-24 SEP	8	110	930	31	24	2315
23	TS	JUNE	(TS JUNE PICKED UP BY CENTRAL PACIFIC HURRICANE CENTER, HONOLULU)						
24	TS	KATHY	01 OCT-05 OCT	5	60	976	19	--	1560
25	T	LORNA	01 OCT-03 OCT	3	75	990	8	6	475
26	T	MARIE	05 OCT-12 OCT	8	115	936	29	24	2545
27	T	NANCY	16 OCT-21 OCT	6	105	945	22	19	1200
28	T	OLGA	22 OCT-29 OCT	8	105	939	31	24	2765
29	T	PAMELA	04 NOV-08 NOV	5	110	942	19	15	1575
30	T	RUBY	14 NOV-20 NOV	7	110	941	24	16	1555
31	T	SALLY	01 DEC-05 DEC	5	80	984	16	10	645
32	T	THERESE	01 DEC-10 DEC	10	105	944	36	20	1805
33	TS	VIOLET	11 DEC-19 DEC	9	55	995	30	--	960
1972 TOTALS					139**		739	413	

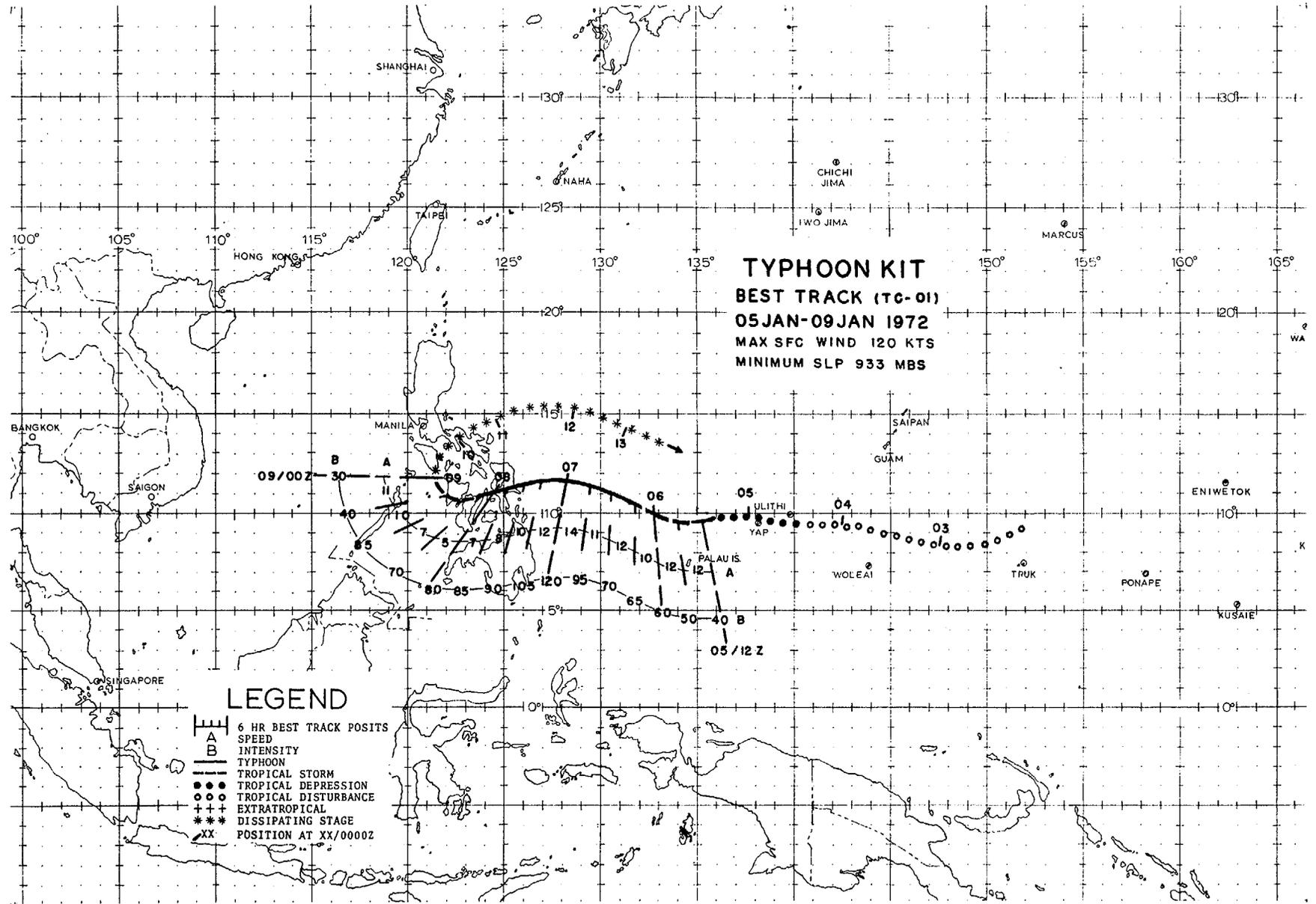
*12/00Z - 14/06Z and 17/06Z - 18/00Z

**Overlapping days included only once in sum

DATA TAKEN FROM BEST TRACK







2. INDIVIDUAL TYPHOONS

KIT

The season's first typhoon developed from a disturbance generated by an upper tropospheric low in the mid-Pacific trough in the eastern Carolines. The disturbance moved west-northwest for the next four days with a surface circulation becoming apparent on 4 January in the western Carolines. The depression passed just south of Yap and Ulithi on the evening of the 4th with Ulithi reporting 35-kt winds for a short period and surface pressure of 1001 mb.

On the 6th, reconnaissance aircraft located Tropical Storm Kit with 50-kt winds and a central pressure of 992 mb. For a 14-hour period, from the night of the 6th to mid-day on the 7th, Kit deepened 44 mb (3.1 mb/hr) to an unseasonably low 933 mb and winds of 120 kt (Figure 4-2).

January typhoons are unusual. Since 1945 only seven other tropical cyclones reached typhoon intensity, the latest being Phyllis in 1969.

As Kit moved toward the central Philippines, she turned to the west-southwest as heights began to build to the north over eastern China. Subsequent to moving over Leyte Gulf, Kit decelerated and weakened,

crossing the mountainous terrain of the Visayan Island group on the 8th. Kit further weakened to tropical storm strength by the time she reached Panay Island on the morning of the 9th. As westerlies eroded the ridge over eastern China, Kit drifted north. During the next several days, Kit followed an unusual track, dissipating back over the Philippine Sea.

In her wake, Kit left a death toll at 204 persons and property damage of approximately 23 million dollars (U.S.). Torrential rains caused rampaging floodwaters which washed away bridges, devastated crops, and heavily damaged property. Newspapers indicate floodwaters of up to nine feet occurred in the towns of Abuyog and Baybay on Leyte.

Kit, being an unexpected event for January, played havoc with shipping. Early on the 7th a British vessel, HALCYON DAYS, passed through the eye, experiencing winds of force 11 and recording a minimum pressure of 964 mb. A tug, the USS SIOUX, pulling a large tow, was caught in the southern part of the eye that night. She encountered estimated winds in excess of 75 kt and recorded a minimum pressure of 952 mb.

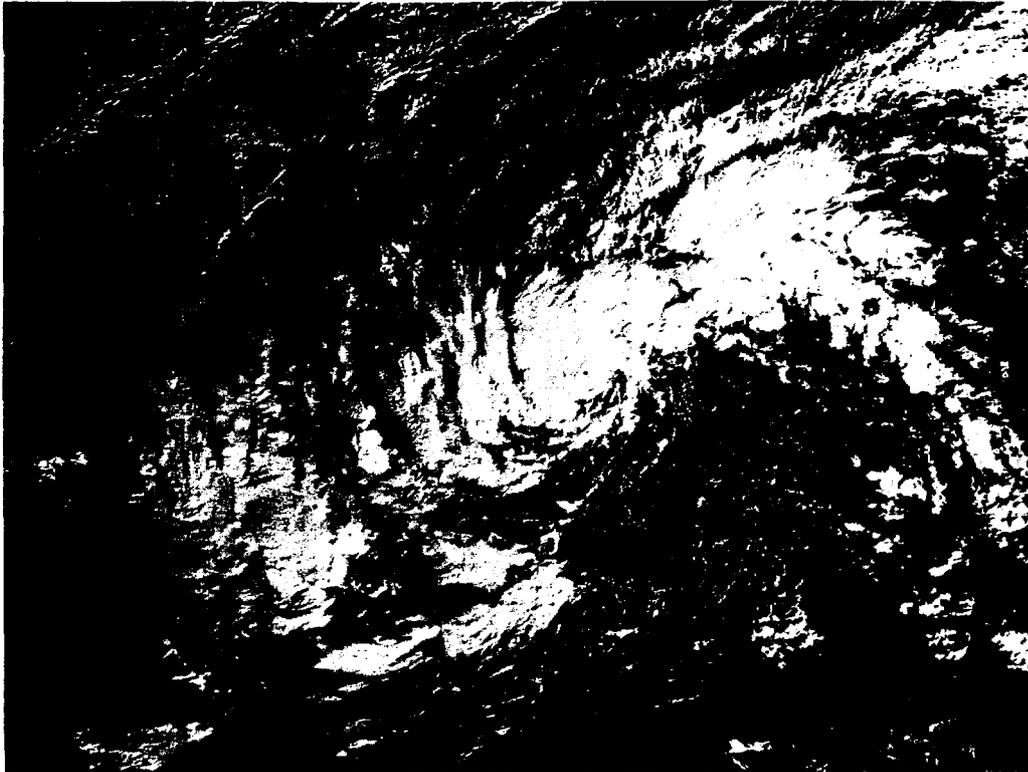
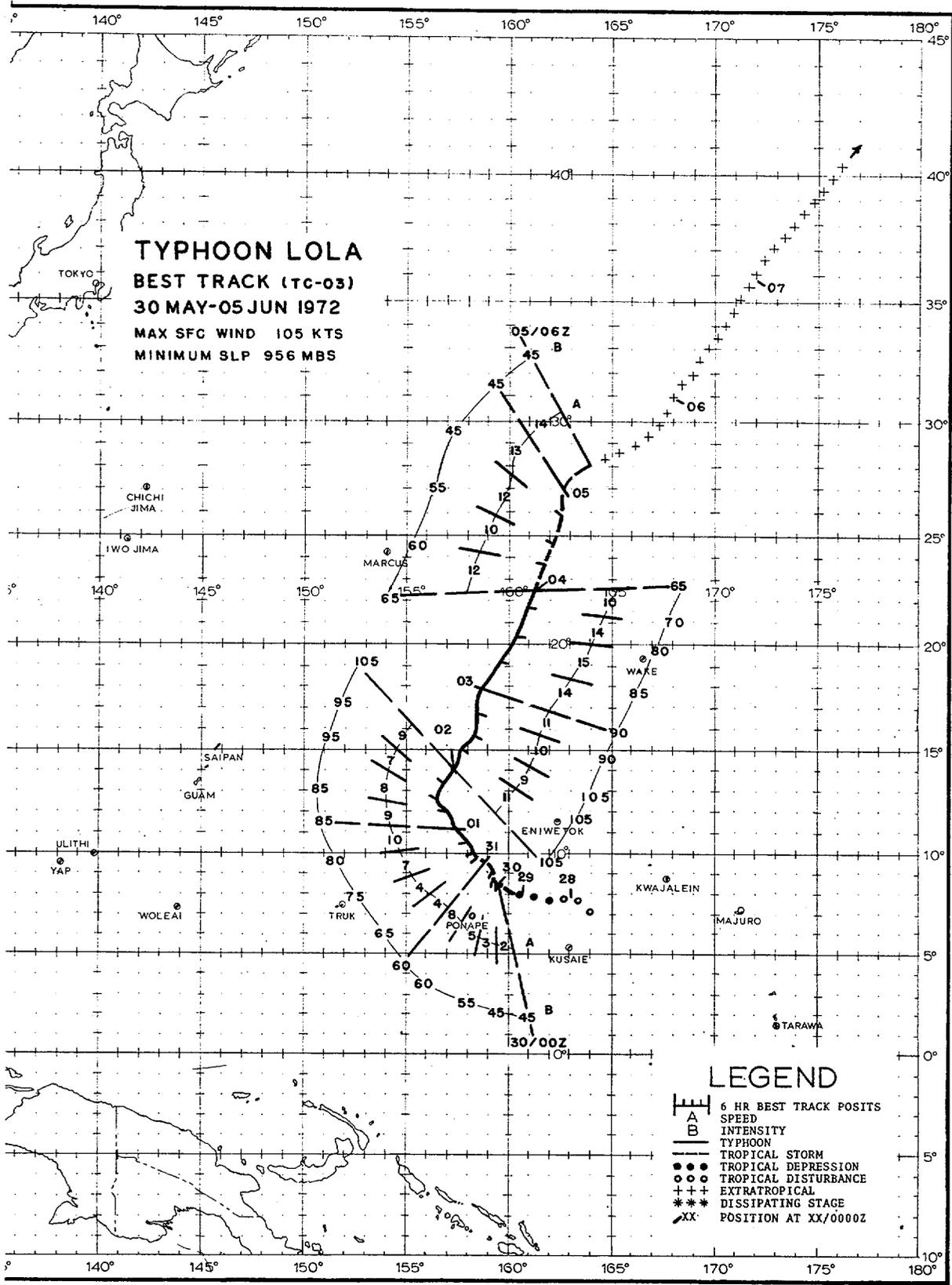


FIGURE 4-2. Typhoon Kit near peak intensity 200 nm east of the Leyte Gulf, 6 January 1972, 2324 GMT (DAPP data).



Lola developed as part of a cyclone pair that formed on opposite sides of the equator near 165°E (Figure 4-3). The tendency for such development is greater during late fall and early spring when tropical cyclone activity is shifting into the oncoming summer hemisphere.

The beginning of Lola appeared in satellite pictures on the 28th. The system, destined to become Lola, drifted slowly westward through the eastern Carolines, attaining tropical storm intensity the next day, about 150 nm northeast of Ponape. Shifting to a more northerly track, Lola reached typhoon strength on the afternoon of the 31st.

During Lola's passage north of Ponape, the maximum sustained wind was 30 kt with gusts to 50 kt (30/1600 GMT). Lola's forward motion brought high winds and seas to Ponape and nearby atolls for a prolonged period, and extensive damage resulted. Two fishermen were reported missing and estimates of damage to public buildings and crops exceeded 18,000 dollars (U.S.). Wave action destroyed most of the water system creating a serious fresh water shortage. Reports from Pingelap and Mokil atolls stated that high seas had inundated inland areas destroying over 60 houses.

As Lola was developing to typhoon intensity (Figure 4-4), a block formed in the westerlies in the central North Pacific with ridging extending northeastward to the Aleutian chain. With this distortion of the subtropical ridge, a trough developed west-southwestward from a 500-mb low near Midway. By the evening of the 1st, Lola responded to this weakness and shifted to a north-northeast course at 10 kt.

Lola attained her peak intensity on the 2nd as reconnaissance aircraft reported a central pressure of 956 mb and maximum surface winds near 100 kt. The aircraft's radar detected little evidence of convective activity around the typhoon's circular, 40 nm eye. Reports from the aircraft's observer indicated that the wall cloud was comprised mainly of altostratus.

The USNS ASTERION, located 90 nm north-northwest of Lola's center (02/0000 GMT) observed 65-kt winds and a pressure of 987.8 mb.

Lola continued on a north-northeast heading for the next three days at an average speed of 14 kt, weakening to tropical storm force on the afternoon of the 4th. By the 5th Lola had swung to a more north-easterly heading and become extratropical.

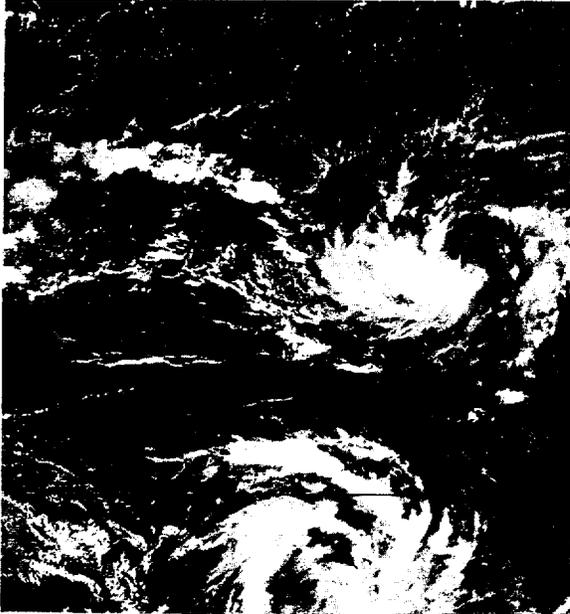
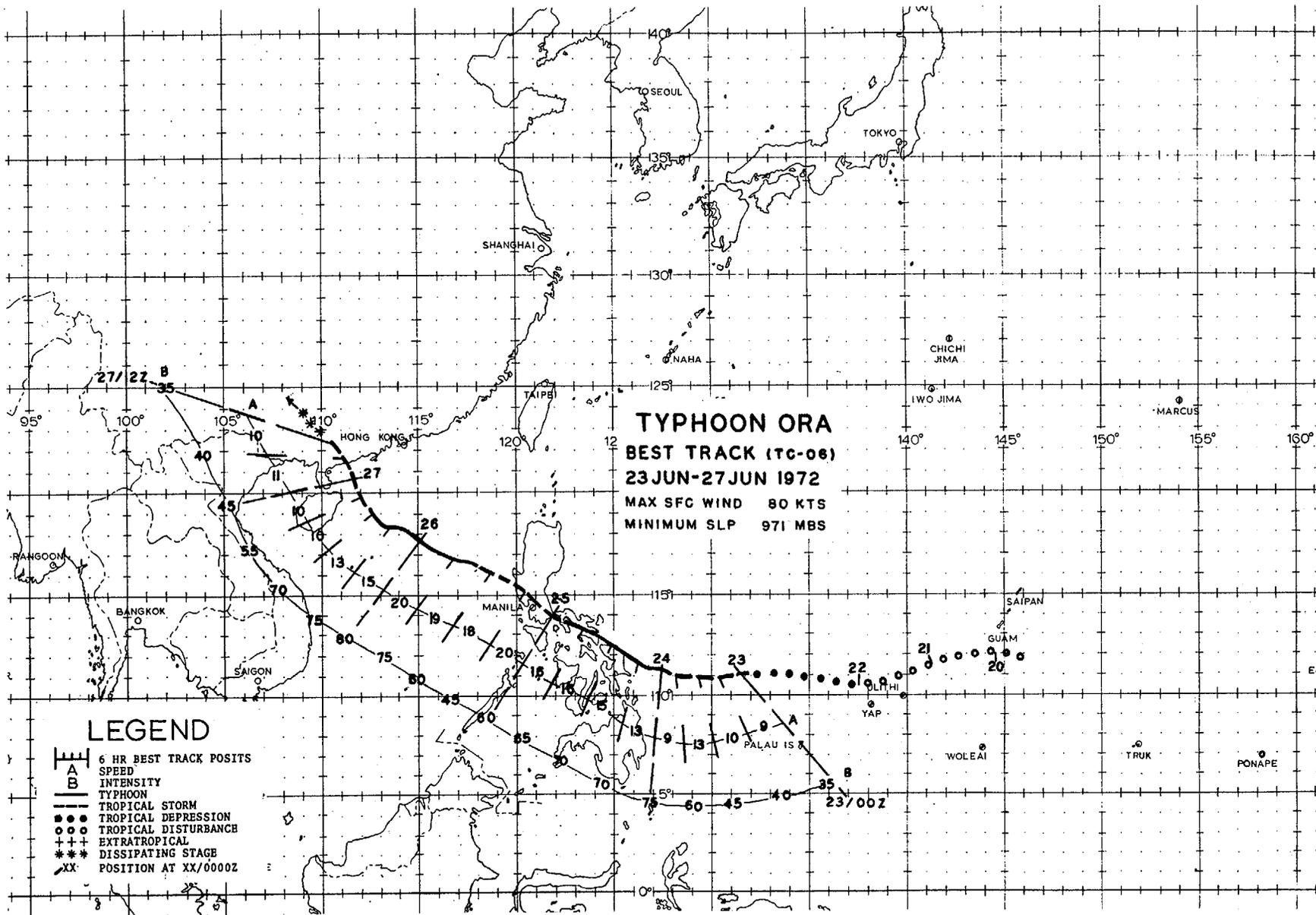


FIGURE 4-3. The twin tropical storms of Lola (120 nm northeast of Ponape) and Ida (in the Solomon Island group), 30 May 1972, 0212 GMT (DAPP data).



FIGURE 4-4. Typhoon Lola 270 nm west of Eniwetok, 1 June 1972, 0143 GMT (DAPP data).



The beginning stages of Ora can be traced to a closed cyclonic circulation in the equatorial trough south of Guam on 20 June. During the next four days, the system moved westward at 14-17 kt across the Philippine Sea with little development.

Reconnaissance aircraft, on the afternoon of the 23rd, observed a 40 nm calm area with a central pressure of 1006 mb, 330 nm east of Leyte Gulf. Ora was poorly organized at this time, having maximum winds of 35 kt in the northern periphery.

Ora slowed and intensified rapidly during the next 18 hours, reaching typhoon force before skirting the northern coast of Samar (Figure 4-5). She later moved ashore on the Bicol peninsula near Legaspi.

Prior to landfall, a mid-tropospheric high cell had begun to build south of the Ryukyu chain causing Ora to accelerate and

veer to a more northerly track. She crossed southern Luzon at speeds of 16-20 kt on the 25th, emerging over the South China Sea that evening.

Legaspi City observed a minimum pressure of 970.7 mb in the eye of Ora and a gust of 110 kt from the south (24/1703 GMT) after passage of the center. A 24-hour total of 9.3 in. of rain was measured at Legaspi during Ora's transit. Eye passage was recorded near Clark Air Base that afternoon (25/0510 GMT). Maximum winds at Clark were estimated at 39 kt with a peak gust of 56 kt and minimum sea level pressure of 973.5 mb. As Ora passed north of Manila, the Weather Bureau Office in Quezon City measured gusts of 65 kt.

Manila was particularly hard hit by Ora as torrential rains caused waist-deep floodwaters in many parts of the city. Electrical power to most parts of the city

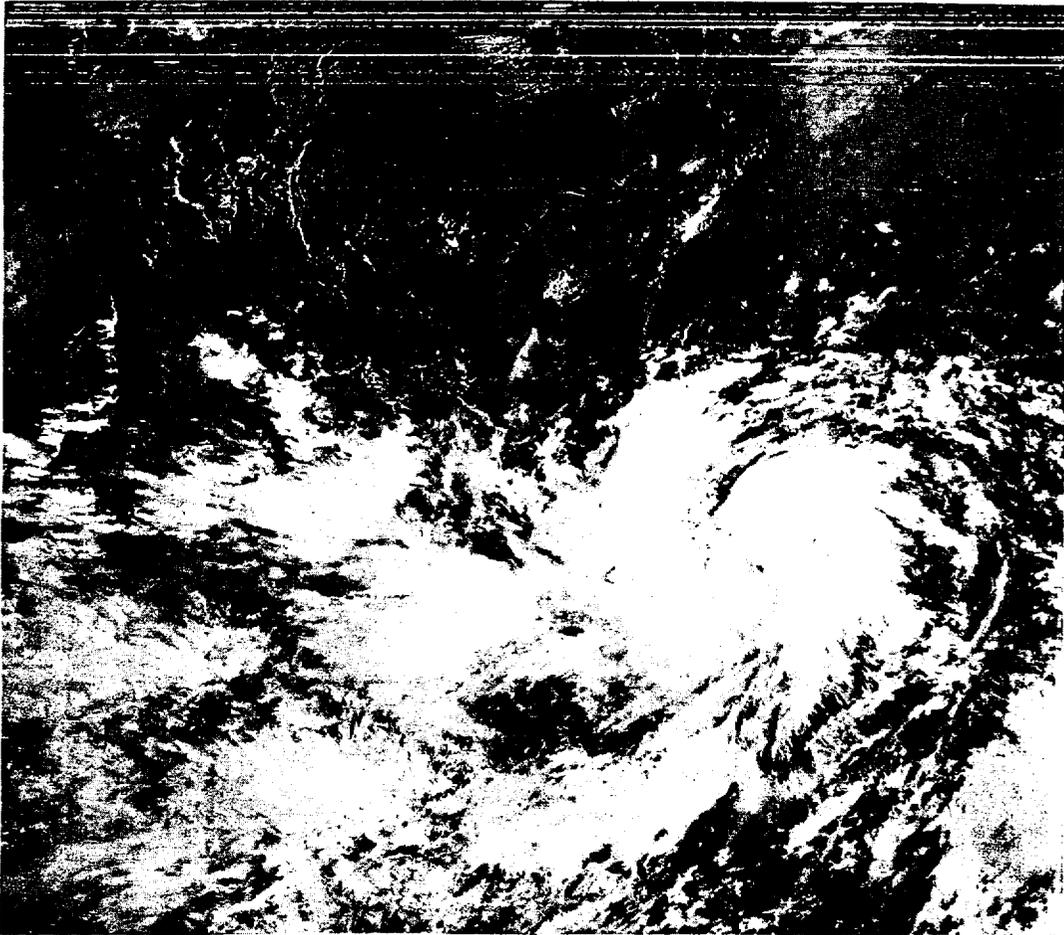


FIGURE 4-5. Typhoon Ora 120 nm east of Samar Island, 23 June 1972, 2355 GMT (DAPP data).

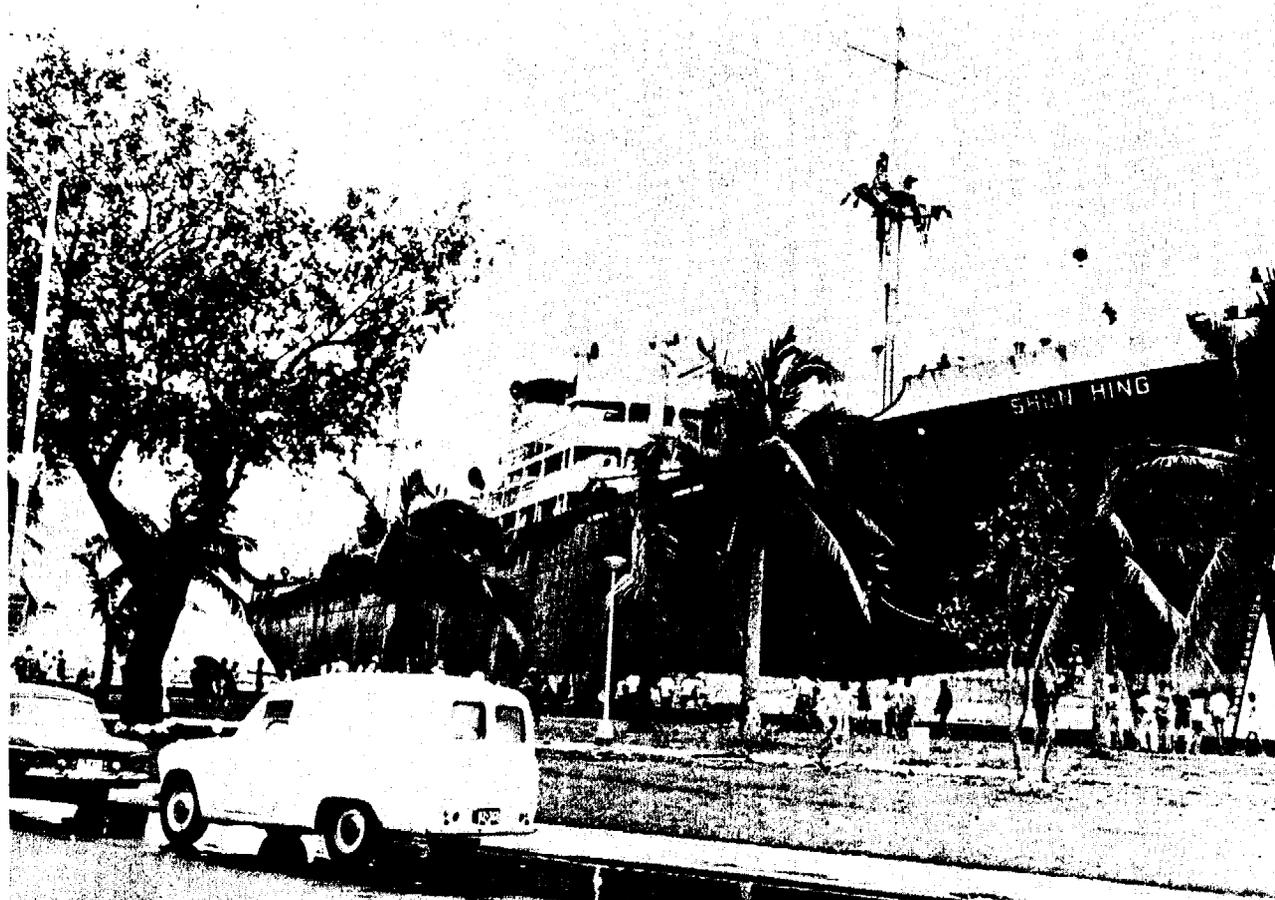


FIGURE 4-6. *Aftermath of Typhoon Ora--the Singapore ship SHUN HING run aground on Roxas Boulevard, Manila.--Courtesy of Mariners Weather Log, EDS, NOAA.*

was interrupted and water service was cut. Several ocean-going vessels anchored in Manila Bay were blown ashore along Roxas Boulevard. These vessels included the Singapore freighter SHUN HING, the Philippine flagship PHIL-ASIA ORANI, the ENCANTADA MANILA, and the PMI COLLEGE (Figure 4-6).

Ora left a death toll of 131 persons with an additional 385,000 people homeless. Property damage was estimated near 15 million dollars (U.S.). One maritime casualty, occurring outside the Manila area, was the capsizing of the MV VARTE, sailing from Legaspi City to Rapu-Rapu Island in the Bicol region. One passenger drowned, three were reported missing, and eight survived.

After leaving Luzon, Ora continued her northwest track at 20 kt while crossing the South China Sea. Climatologically, this is an unusually high speed for June. As Ora

approached Hainan Island on the evening of the 26th, she began to slow and turn to a more northerly course.

The West German ship HAVELSTEIN BOELWERFT, located 55 miles south-southeast of the center, experienced 65-kt winds and a minimum sea level pressure of 995.8 mb (26/1200 GMT). Early on the 27th, Ora weakened to tropical storm force, and that afternoon, crossed the South China coast east of the Luichow peninsula. Ora degenerated rapidly into an area of low pressure as she moved inland.

During Ora's transit of the South China Sea, reconnaissance aircraft reported sustained winds of typhoon force in the southeast quadrant, although no wall cloud was present (Figure 4-7). This unusual feature has been noted in other years. Probably the best documentation was provided by Fett³ (1968) concerning observations in Typhoon Billie in 1967.

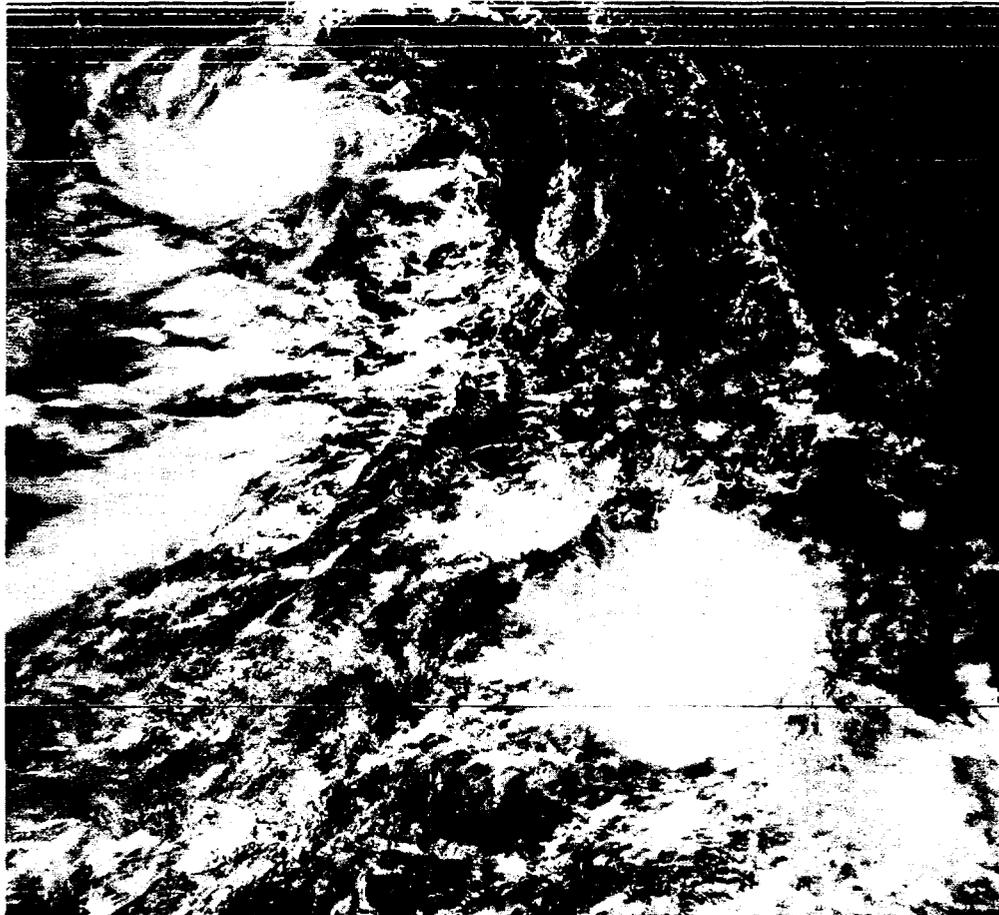


FIGURE 4-7. Typhoon Ora in the northern South China Sea 330 nm west-northwest of Luzon. Surface center is delineated by low-level cloudiness on eastern edge of cirrus canopy, 26 June 1972, 0410 GMT (DAPP data).

³Fett, R. F., "Some Unusual Aspects Concerning the Development and Structure of Typhoon Billie," Monthly Weather Review, Vol. 96, No. 9, September 1968, pp 637-648.

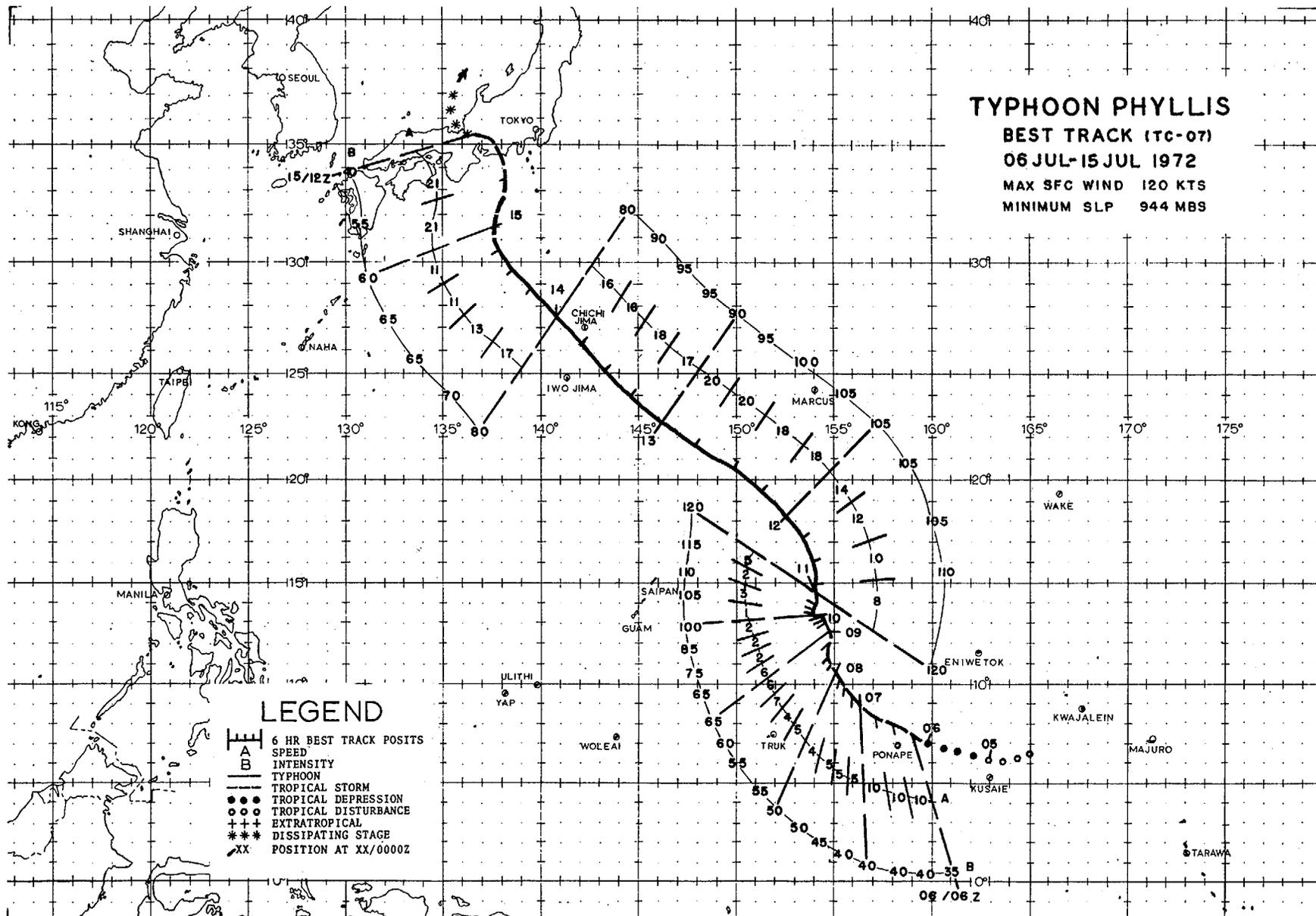
TYPHOON PHYLLIS

BEST TRACK (TC-07)

06 JUL-15 JUL 1972

MAX SFC WIND 120 KTS

MINIMUM SLP 944 MBS



LEGEND

- 6 HR BEST TRACK POSITS
- SPEED
- INTENSITY
- TYPHOON
- TROPICAL STORM
- TROPICAL DEPRESSION
- TROPICAL DISTURBANCE
- EXTRATROPICAL
- DISSIPATING STAGE
- POSITION AT XX/0000Z

PHYLLIS

With her genesis in the eastern Carolines (Figure 4-8), Phyllis passed 30 nm northeast of Ponape on a northwesterly heading, strengthening to tropical storm force on 6 July. During the next 72 hours, Phyllis slowly intensified, reaching typhoon force on the 9th. She then stalled and drifted northward, 500 miles east of the Marianas (Figure 4-9), as the subtropical ridge receded to the north producing a weak steering current.

By the 11th the subtropical ridge began to rebuild, causing Phyllis to accelerate and shift to a northwesterly track. Reconnaissance aircraft reported a central pressure of 944 mb and 110-kt surface winds on the afternoon of the 11th as Phyllis reached her maximum intensity.

Located in the convergent flow between a strengthening ridge to the northeast and the circulation of Typhoon Rita to the west, Phyllis accelerated to 20 kt. She passed 40 nm southeast of Chichi Jima on the morning of the 14th with a recorded

minimum sea level pressure of 994.7 mb (14/2100 GMT).

As Phyllis approached Japan, a mid-tropospheric low developed in a stationary trough over the Sea of Japan. Phyllis assumed a more northerly track when she was approximately 300 nm south of Tokyo late on the 14th. She struck the coastline just east of Ise Bay. A minimum pressure of 985.5 mb was recorded at Irako (15/1010 GMT). Maximum sustained winds reported during landfall were 57 kt with gusts to 71 kt at Irozaki. Phyllis then weakened and accelerated toward central Honshu where she merged with a low-pressure system, becoming extratropical late on the 15th.

Inland, Phyllis caused heavy rains in the Kanto, Chubu, and Kinki regions resulting in flooded streams and over 300 landslides. Rainfall of 14.9 in. was recorded at Oshima in the mountainous terrain of the Chubu region. Three deaths were attributed to Phyllis and over 6,600 homes and 1,600 hectares of land were flooded.

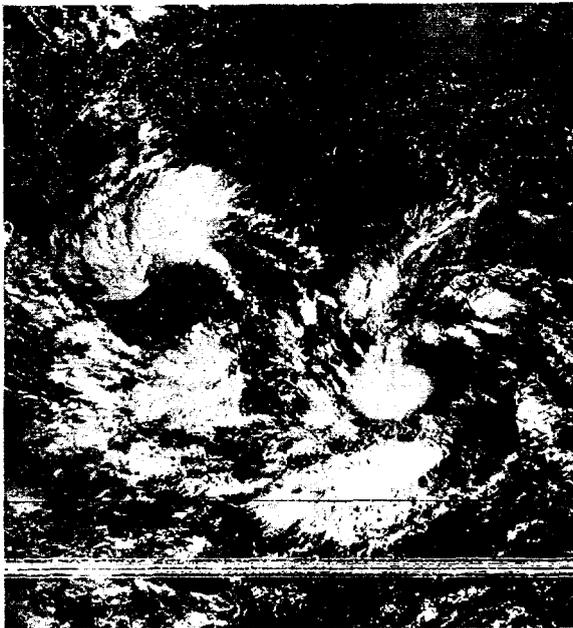


FIGURE 4-8. Formative stages of Rita (left) south of the Marianas and Phyllis (right) in the eastern Carolines, 5 July 1972, 2149 GMT (DAPP data).

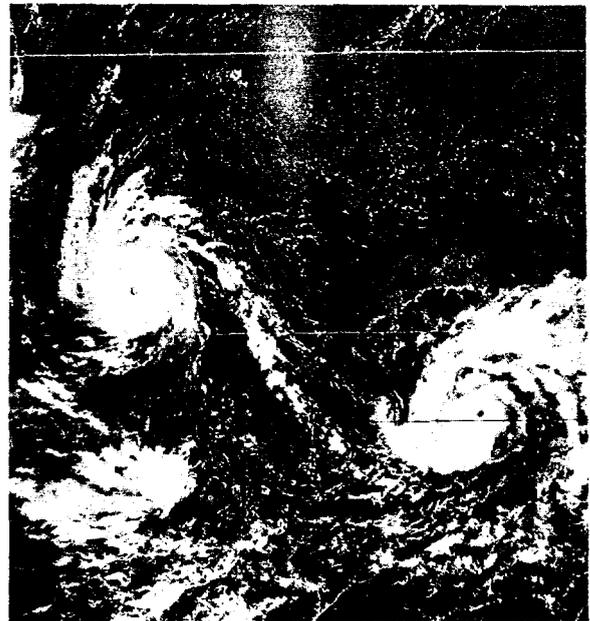
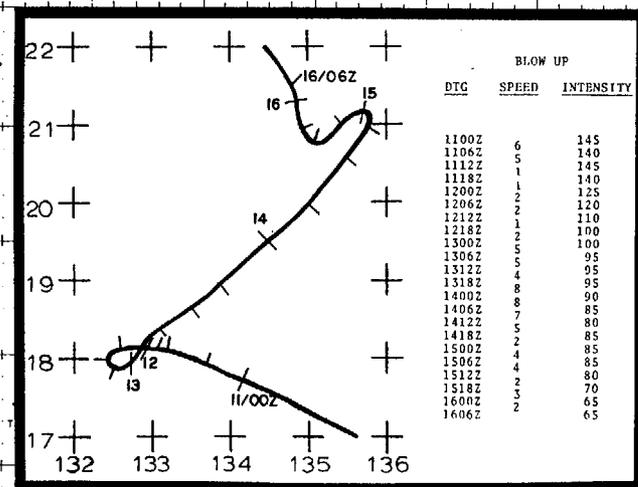
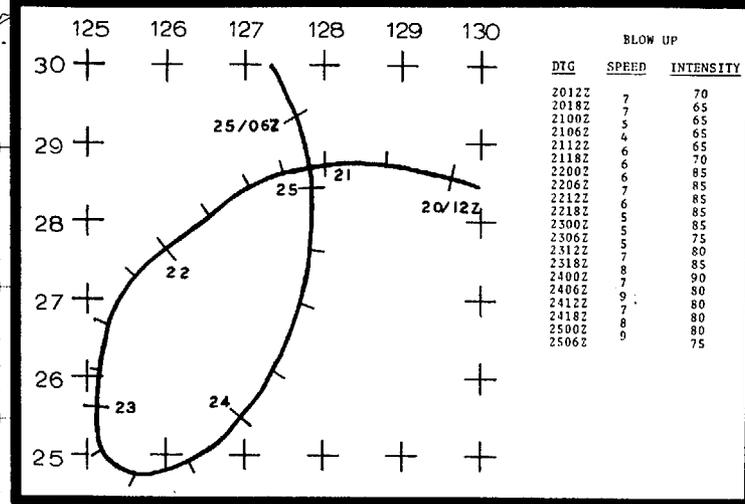
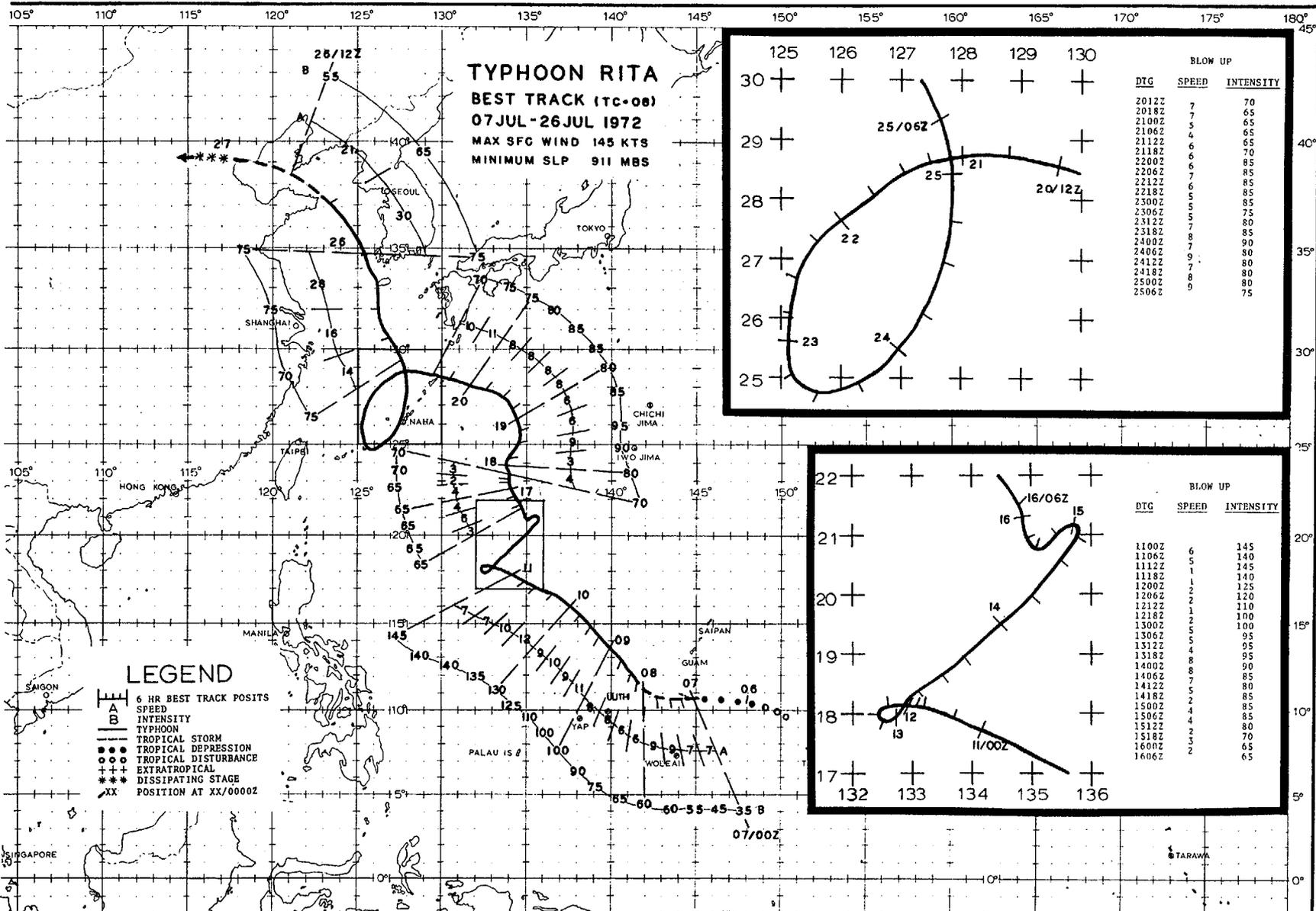


FIGURE 4-9. Typhoon Phyllis (right) quasi-stationary east of the Marianas and Super Typhoon Rita (left) in the Philippine Sea, 10 July 1972, 0229 GMT (DAPP data).



RITA

Rita had her genesis southeast of Guam in an equatorial trough that spawned a simultaneous set of four tropical cyclones. Before Rita dissipated, she brought her influence to bear on almost every country of the Far East, with the exception of Indo-China. She persisted for 22 days, marking a record for tropical cyclone longevity in the western North Pacific. Typhoon Rita surpassed the previous record holder, Typhoon Opal (1967), for total warnings issued. In all, 79 warnings were issued on Rita.

Tracking south of Guam on 6-7 July, Rita attained typhoon strength about 120 nm northeast of Ulithi Atoll on the afternoon of the 8th. Earlier that day, an Air Force B-52 crashed into the ocean southwest of

Guam, less than 150 nm in advance of Rita. Of the six-man crew, five were rescued from the typhoon's heavy seas.

During the 24-hour period (08/1000 GMT-09/1000 GMT), Rita's winds steadily strengthened and her central pressure plummeted 35 mb. Advancing northwestward on the morning of the 10th, Rita reached super typhoon force (Figure 4-10). By the 11th her central pressure had deepened to 911 mb and the maximum winds concentrated around her circular, 20-nm-diameter eye reached 145 kt.

Rita slowed and weakened as Phyllis began to accelerate northwestward. From 12-16 July Rita described an erratic track, marked with two stalls, as Phyllis swung around her circulation and struck Japan.

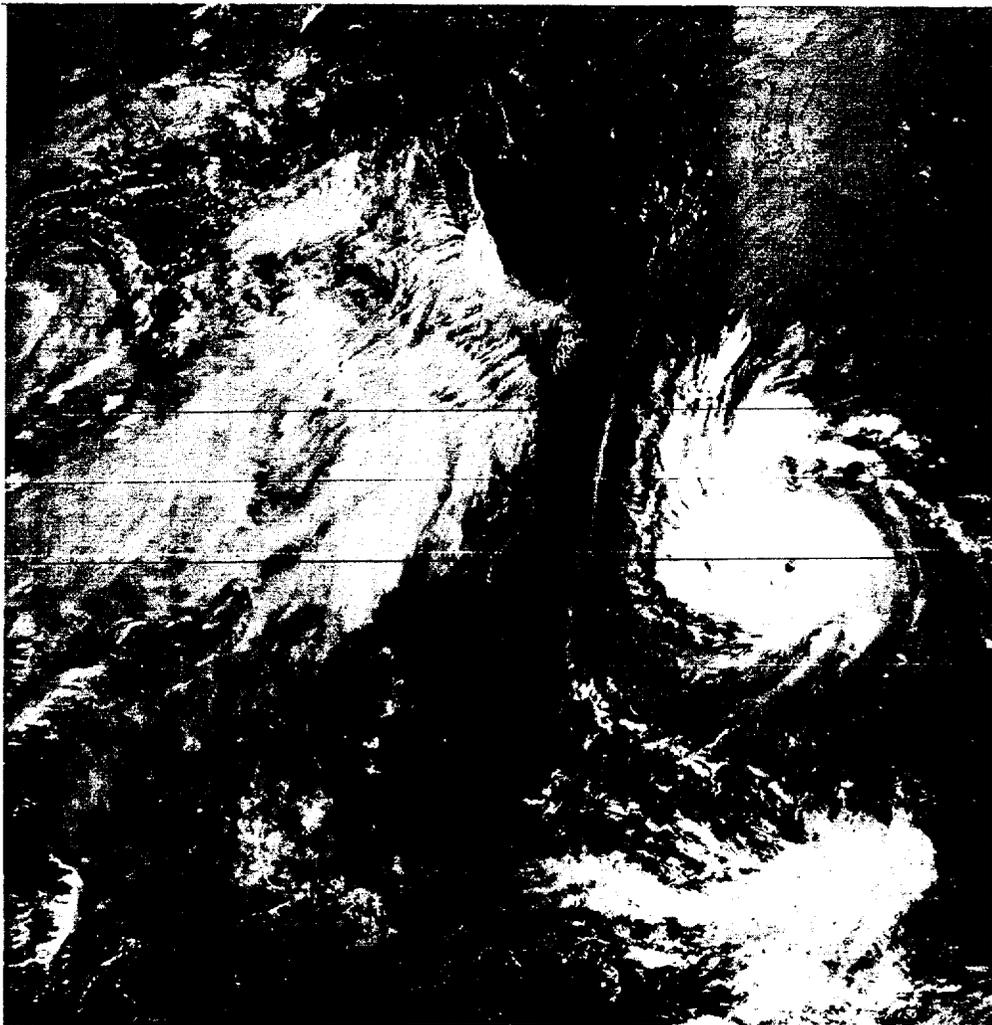


FIGURE 4-10. Super Typhoon Rita 450 nm west of the Marianas. Cloudiness from the southeastern periphery of Tropical Storm Susan covers the northern Philippines. The vortex center of Susan, located 150 nm southeast of Hong Kong, appears on the edge of photo, 9 July 1972, 2322 GMT. (DAPP data)

During this period Rita's circulation expanded to cover a large portion of the Philippine Sea (Figure 4-11). By the 18th gale-force winds stretched out approximately 350 nm, except in the western quadrant. The location of Rita and Tropical Storm Susan's presence in the northern South China Sea, combined to intensify the southwest monsoon flow over Luzon. This resulted in a prolonged period of torrential rains and the most disastrous flooding in the history of the area. In just one 24-hour period on 17 July, Baguio

City recorded 18.86 in. of rain. Damages ran over 150 million dollars (U.S.) and flooding left an estimated death toll of 214 persons in its aftermath.

Rita began to slowly track northward late on the 16th. In response to a building high cell over the Sea of Japan, Rita made a bend to the west, skirting just north of Amami-o-Shima in the Ryukyu's on the evening of the 20th. The lowest minimum pressure recorded there was 968.9 mb (20/1100 GMT). Gaja Shima, 80 nm north of



FIGURE 4-11. Typhoon Rita (left) centered 400 nm southwest of Iwo Jima dominates the Philippine Sea. Typhoon Tess (right) 400 nm south of Marcus Island is at peak intensity (125 kt). The remains of Phyllis are located over western Honshu, 15 July 1972, 2219 GMT. (DAPP data)

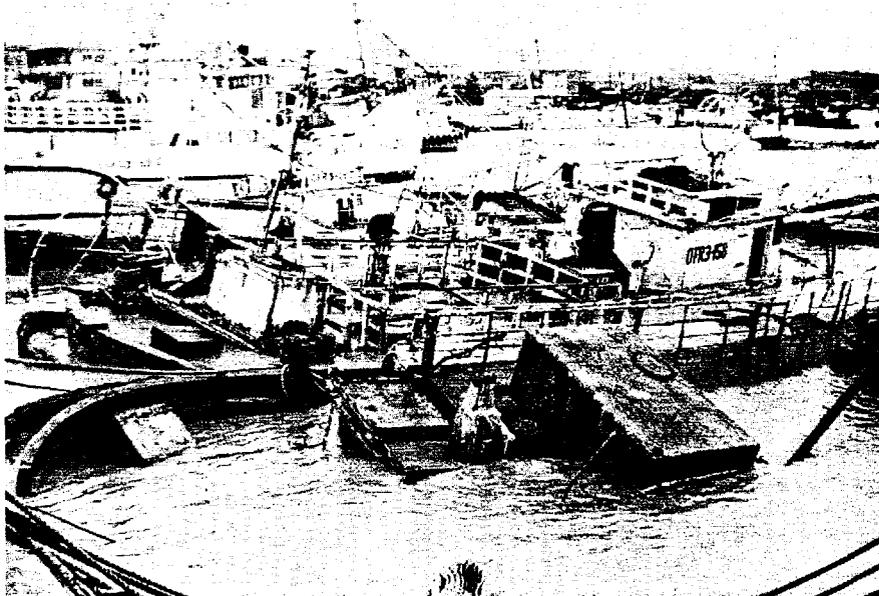


FIGURE 4-12. Tuna boats lie swamped in Naha Port, victims of Typhoon Rita's torrential rains.--Courtesy of the Okinawa Morning Star.

the center, reported sustained winds of 65 kt.

During her passage south of Kyushu, more than 23 in. of rain was recorded in two days on Mt. Yabitsu, Kyushu, and 9.68 in. in 24 hours on Kumamoto Prefecture.

As Rita entered the East China Sea, the prevailing mid-tropospheric flow weakened due to the presence of a low situated in central Manchuria. Rita was thus located in a col region and her forward progress slowed on the afternoon of the 21st. Typhoon Tess at that time had just passed north of the Bonin Islands and was located some 800 nm east of Rita. A Fujiwhara interaction took place, forcing Rita southward, describing a loop in the vicinity of the Ryukyu chain for the next three and a half days. During this loop, Rita's center passed just north of Miyako Jima and brushed the western coast of Okinawa.

The lowest pressure registered in the islands during Rita's loop was at the Futema MCAS on Okinawa with 955.6 mb (24/0730 GMT). A maximum sustained wind of 72 kt was recorded at Okinoerabu Shima and gusts to 96 kt at Kume Shima.

Heavy rains of up to 9.6 in. in some mountain stations fell on Taiwan. Several villages were flooded, rendering over 700 persons homeless, while a train between Kaohsiung and Fangliao was derailed due to floods. Reports indicated three persons dead or missing.

Heaviest rains in the Ryukyu's occurred at Okinoerabu Shima, which recorded 31.87 in. in the five-day period it was under

Rita's influence. Damage on Okinawa was primarily to farm crops. Sugar cane and pineapple crops averaged 30-35% destroyed, while the vegetable crops were also hard hit. In addition, many small boats were sunk (Figure 4-12) and several highways blocked by landslides. A total of three persons were reported killed in the Ryukyu's.

Completing the loop, Rita moved northward on the 25th. She began to accelerate as she entered a confluent zone, created by a trough over Manchuria and a building ridge over the Sea of Japan. Rita passed just west of Cheju Do on the morning of the 26th and then brushed southwestern Korea. Minimum pressure of 975.5 mb was recorded there (25/2100 GMT) with maximum sustained winds of 50 kt. Eight persons were reported killed in the southwestern tip of Korea and more than 200 buildings and 50 small boats were destroyed.

Rita accelerated to 30 kt in the Yellow Sea. She then took a more westward track, passing just south of Port Arthur on the evening of the 26th, weakening to a tropical storm. Entering the Gulf of Chihli, Rita moved ashore near Tientsin, China, and dissipated rapidly inland south of Peking on the 27th.

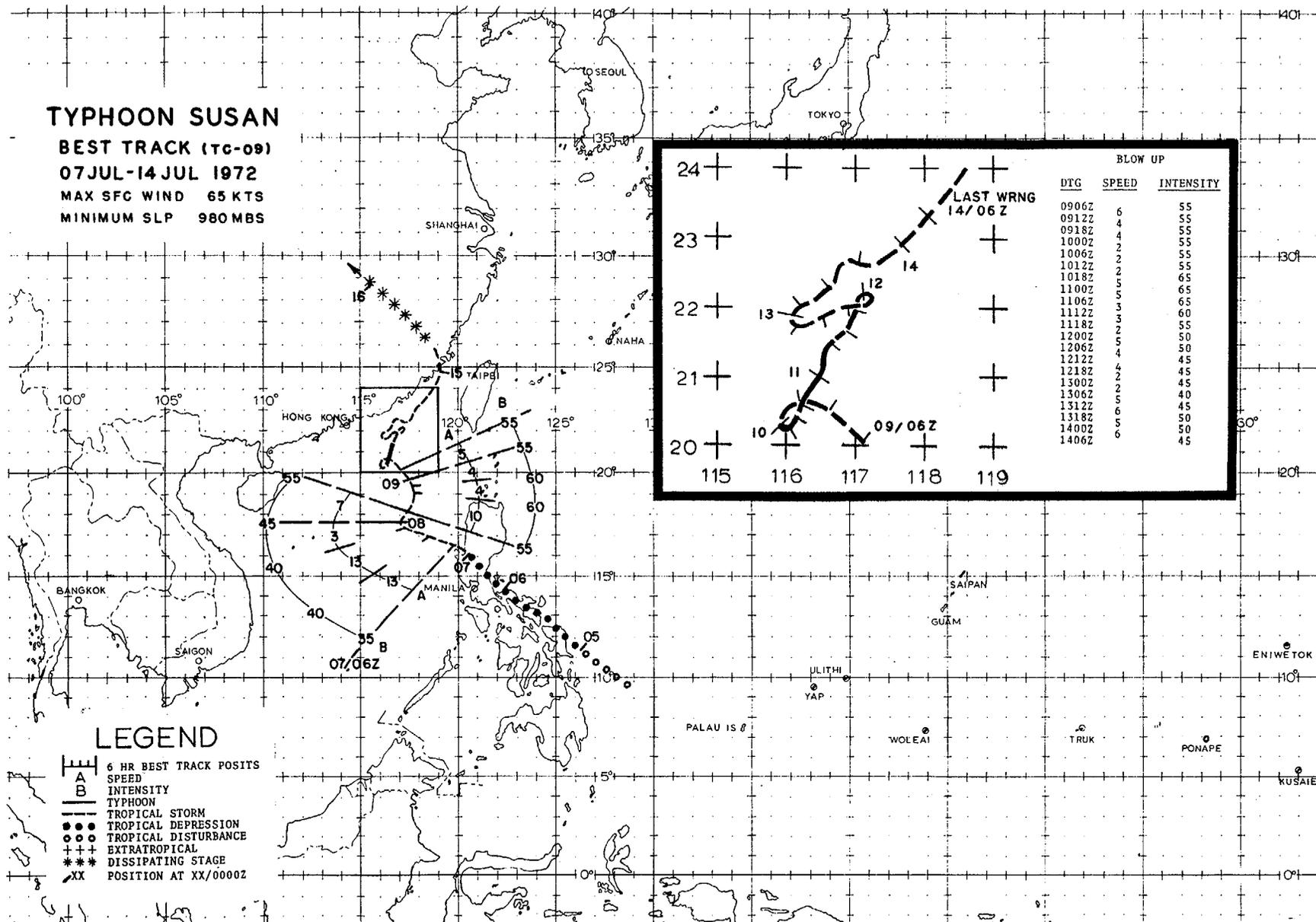
TYPHOON SUSAN

BEST TRACK (TC-09)

07 JUL - 14 JUL 1972

MAX SFC WIND 65 KTS

MINIMUM SLP 980 MBS



BLOW UP		
DTG	SPEED	INTENSITY
0906Z	6	55
0912Z	4	55
0918Z	4	55
1000Z	2	55
1006Z	2	55
1012Z	2	55
1018Z	2	65
1100Z	5	65
1106Z	5	60
1112Z	3	55
1118Z	3	55
1200Z	5	50
1206Z	5	50
1212Z	4	45
1218Z	4	45
1300Z	2	45
1306Z	2	40
1312Z	2	45
1318Z	5	50
1400Z	5	50
1406Z	6	45

LEGEND

- 6 HR BEST TRACK POSITS
- SPEED
- INTENSITY
- TYPHOON
- TROPICAL STORM
- TROPICAL DEPRESSION
- TROPICAL DISTURBANCE
- EXTRATROPICAL
- DISSIPATING STAGE
- POSITION AT XX/0000Z

Susan led the procession of developing tropical cyclones in the equatorial trough during early July. She was detected in the synoptic data on 4 July east of southern Leyte. As a weak depression, she crossed the Philippine archipelago on a northwest track. Susan emerged west of Luzon on the afternoon of the 7th in the region of the Lingayen Gulf.

Susan intensified into a tropical storm as she moved over the South China Sea. She slowed on the 8th and began to move northward as a weak trough extended southwestward from the Sea of Japan, influencing her motion.

By the 9th, the trough filled partially and a col region formed in the general flow off the southeastern coast of China. Due to the weak steering currents, Susan moved erratically for the next four days. During this time the British ship MEMNON passed some 60 nm south of the center (10/0000 GMT) reporting 55-kt winds and 16-foot seas.

With Susan stalled in the South China Sea and Rita meandering in the central Philippine Sea, the circulations of these tropical cyclones intensified the southwest monsoon over the northern Philippines. High seas were built up over the South China Sea by the persistent, strong southwesterly flow. Inundation from high tides and large waves occurred along the western coast of Luzon. In Manila some sections of the sea wall were ripped away by wave action.

Heavy rains brought disastrous floods in many provinces of central Luzon during the several weeks that this strong flow persisted. As Rita was largely responsible for these prolonged conditions, the damage and death toll of the floods are listed in the discussion of that typhoon.

Reconnaissance aircraft revealed that Susan attained typhoon intensity for an 18-hour period on the 11th. Minimum central pressure during this time was 983 (Figure 4-13). Like Ora, Susan generated typhoon winds during a period in which she lacked a wall cloud. Satellite data at this time depicted the surface center delineated by low clouds as the cirrus overcast was sheared off to the southwest.

During the 14th, Susan began to move northward through the Taiwan Straits. She crossed the east coast of China near Hui An on the morning of the 15th and rapidly degenerated into an area of low pressure near Fooshow by evening.

The maximum rainfall recorded on Taiwan during Susan's meandering path in the South China Sea was 10.4 in. Four people were reported killed on the island due to direct or indirect causes of torrential rains. Also during this period, maximum winds of 39 kt occurred at the Hong Kong airport and 37 kt at the Royal Observatory. Since records began at the Royal Observatory, no other tropical cyclone remained within 200 miles of Hong Kong for such a long duration as Susan.

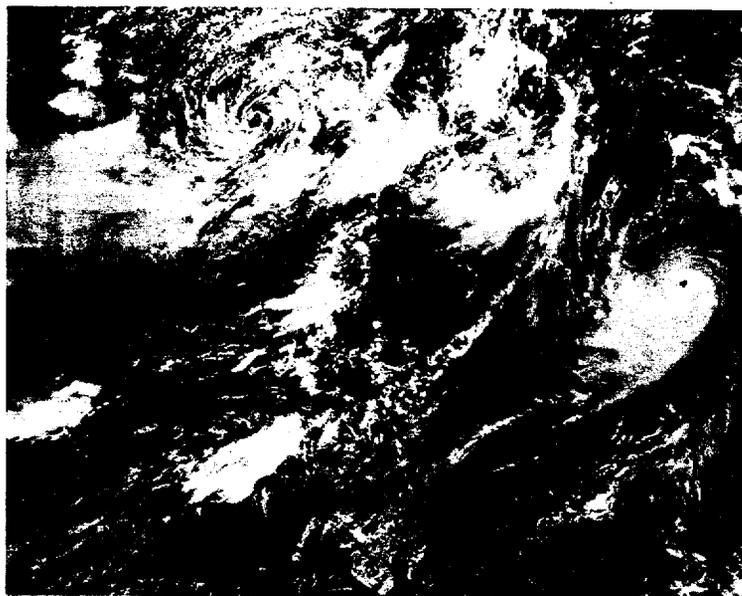
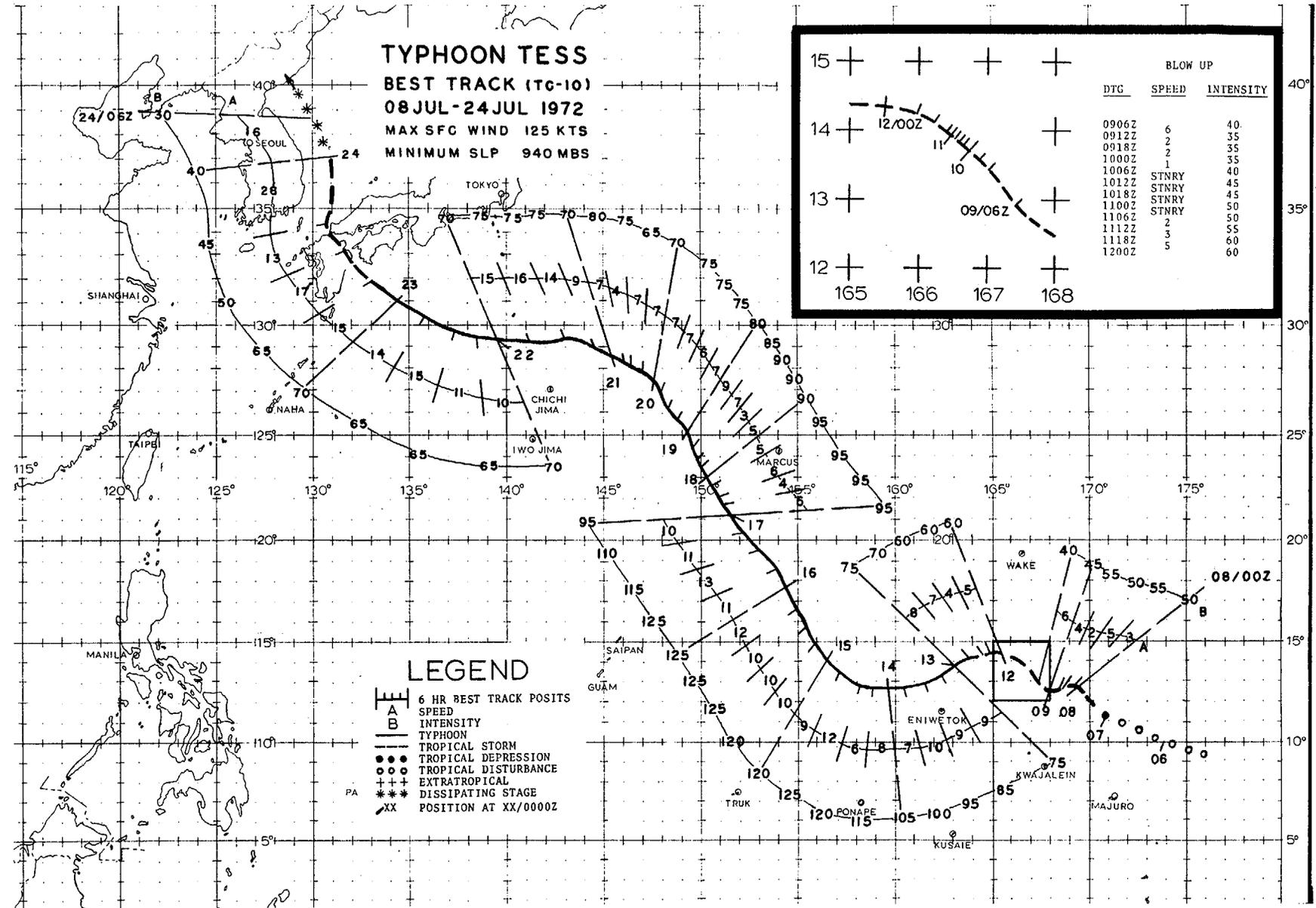


FIGURE 4-13. Low level cloudiness spirals around the center of Susan (of minimal typhoon strength) located 150 nm southeast of Hong Kong. Typhoon Rita, in the central Philippine Sea, appears on the right edge of the photo, 11 July 1972, 0357 GMT. (DAPP data)



TYPHOON TESS
BEST TRACK (TC-10)
08 JUL - 24 JUL 1972
MAX SFC WIND 125 KTS
MINIMUM SLP 940 MBS

BLOW UP		
DTG	SPEED	INTENSITY
0906Z	6	40
0912Z	6	35
0918Z	2	35
1000Z	2	35
1006Z	1	40
1012Z	STNRY	45
1018Z	STNRY	45
1100Z	STNRY	50
1106Z	STNRY	50
1112Z	2	55
1118Z	3	60
1200Z	5	60

LEGEND

- 6 HR BEST TRACK POSITS
- A** SPEED
- B** INTENSITY
- TYPHOON
- TROPICAL STORM
- TROPICAL DEPRESSION
- TROPICAL DISTURBANCE
- +++ EXTRATROPICAL
- *** DISSIPATING STAGE
- XX POSITION AT XX/0000Z

Tess was first observed in satellite pictures on 6 July, west of the international dateline near 9°N. She was positioned at the end of a chain of developing tropical cyclones stretching to the Philippines. She was tracked by satellite for the next six days while passing north of the Marshall Islands. Intensity estimates based on satellite imagery indicated Tess probably reached tropical storm force on the 7th. Late on the 12th, reconnaissance aircraft indicated Tess had reached typhoon intensity.

Due to a building high cell north of Wake Island, Tess began to move southwest on the 13th. Steadily gaining strength (Figure 4-14), Tess described a gradual bend back to the northwest late on the 14th as she rounded the southern extension of the ridge. Her central pressure reached a minimum on the afternoon of the 15th as dropsonde measurements recorded 940 mb. Tess achieved her maximum intensity at this time with winds of 125 kt occurring near her center.

Continuing on a northwesterly course for the next five days, Tess gradually lessened in intensity as she paralleled the southwest side of a high cell 500 nm north-east of Minami Tori Shima (Marcus Island).

By the 20th, the influence of a high cell over northern Honshu caused Tess to shift to a westerly course. Now a minimal typhoon, Tess began to increase in forward speed on the 21st as she approached the Nampo Shoto, south of Japan. With the slowdown of Rita in the East China Sea, the circulation of Tess began to interact with

that of Rita, about 800 nm distant (Figure 4-15).

As a Fujiwhara effect began to take place, the path of Tess was dictated by both Rita's circulation and a high cell over Honshu. These two factors caused a 14-15 kt movement and landfall on north-eastern Kyushu the evening of the 23rd. Emerging into the Sea of Japan as a tropical storm, Tess moved rapidly northward and weakened to a tropical depression. She finally merged with a front south of Vladivostok late on the 24th.

Torrential rains from Tess occurred over much of Shikoku (18.94 in. at Tsurugisan Weather Station) and the Kanto, Chubu and Kinki regions of Honshu. Resultant flooding caused inundation of over 3,500 homes and over 1,600 hectares of land. Newspaper reports indicated 29 persons killed and 20 missing in the aftermath of Tess. The majority of these were swimmers lost in the 6- to 12-foot surf which battered the central Japanese coastline prior to Tess's arrival.

The center passed over Oita, Kyushu, which registered the minimum pressure in the region of 979.4 mb. Maximum sustained winds of 72 kt and peak gust of 96 kt were recorded on Shikoku at Murotomisaki and Sukumo, respectively.

Although not a record breaker, Tess paralleled Rita in terms of longevity as she narrowly missed matching Typhoon Opal's (1967) performance. A total of 66 warnings was issued on Tess, three less than during Opal's lifetime.



FIGURE 4-14. Typhoon Tess 90 nm north of Eniwetok, 13 July 1972, 2133 GMT. (DAPP data)

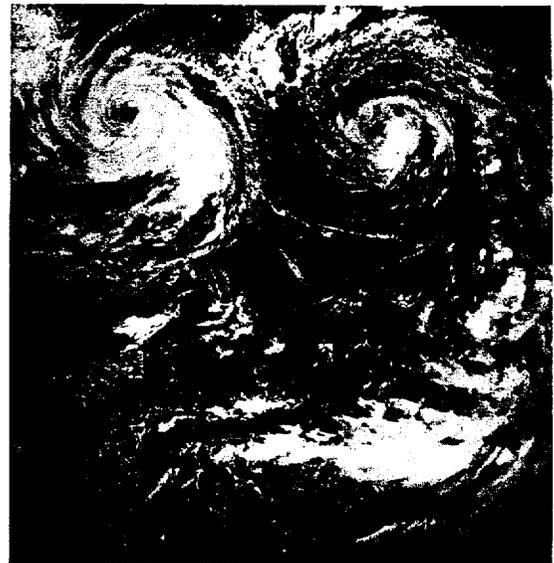
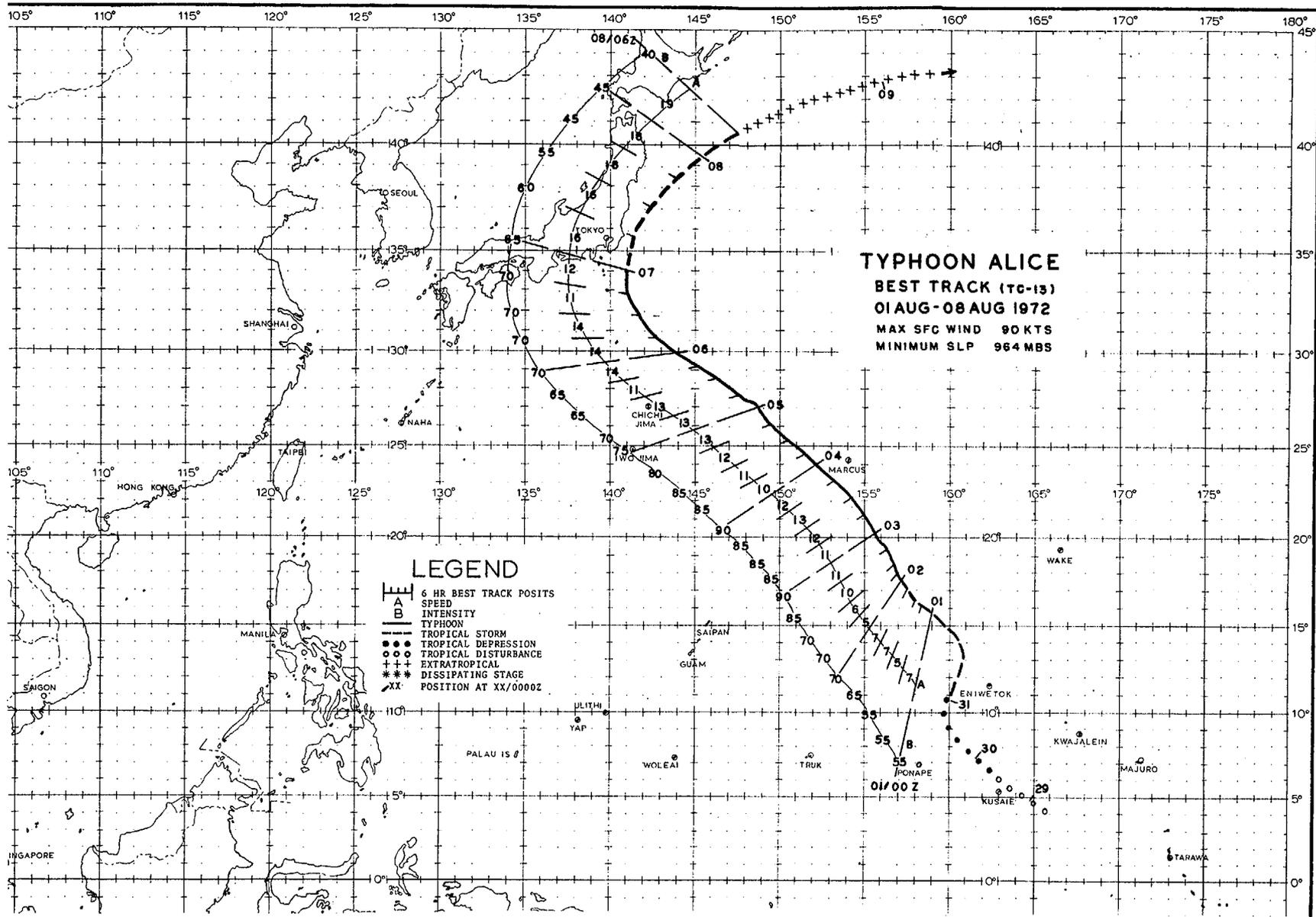


FIGURE 4-15. Typhoon Tess (right) 400 nm south of Tokyo is centered some 700 nm east of Typhoon Rita (left) in the East China Sea, 22 July 1972, 0259 GMT. (DAPP data)



ALICE

Except for a brush with Honshu of the Japanese Islands, Alice spent her 12-day existence at sea. Forming in the equatorial trough, Alice was initially detected by satellite on 29 July.

Moving northward as a depression, Alice reached tropical storm force 125 nm west of Eniwetok. The synoptic situation depicted a general weakness in the mid-tropospheric subtropical ridge at the longitude of the storm. This was due to a trough extending southward from the Kamchatka peninsula. Alice continued her northerly movement but shifted to a more westward track by the 1st. The western edge of a high cell, northeast of Minami Tori Shima (Marcus Island), began to build north of Alice during the next five days, guiding her on a track towards Japan.

On the 4th, Alice passed 80 nm southwest of Minami Tori Shima. The Japanese meteorological station on the island registered maximum winds of 53 kt (03/2140 GMT) and peak gusts of 74 kt (03/1930 and 03/2135 GMT). Minimum pressure

recorded was 990.0 mb (04/0000 GMT). A Japanese ship, NIPPON MARU, passed close to Alice's center on the 5th, observing 70-kt winds and a minimum pressure of 984.7 mb (05/0000 GMT).

With the long wave in the westerlies positioned over Manchuria, Alice began to decelerate as she approached the Boso peninsula of Honshu, Japan, (Figure 4-16) recurving once she crossed the 35th parallel. Accelerating to speeds of 19 kt, Alice passed south of Hokkaido on the 8th and acquired extratropical characteristics later that day.

The center of Alice passed 40 nm east of the Boso peninsula during the afternoon of the 7th. No winds in excess of 25 kt were reported along the coast during the passage of the weaker semicircle of Alice. A minimum pressure of 988.7 mb was measured at Choshi while rainfall amounts of 4.02 in. were totaled at Katsuura. In Iwaki, Fukushima Prefecture, some 300 houses were flooded when typhoon-generated waves caused the river in the city's Kunohama section to overflow.

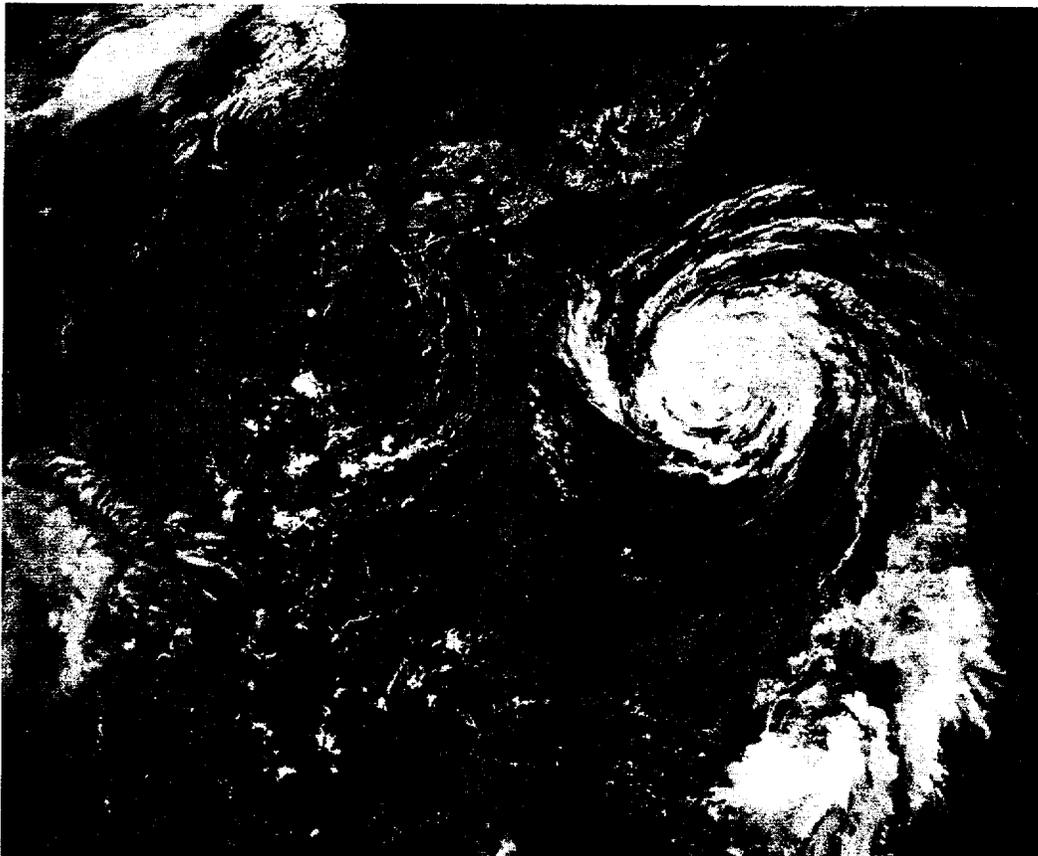


FIGURE 4-16. Typhoon Alice 360 nm south-southeast of Tokyo, 6 August 1972, 0246 GMT. (DAPP data)

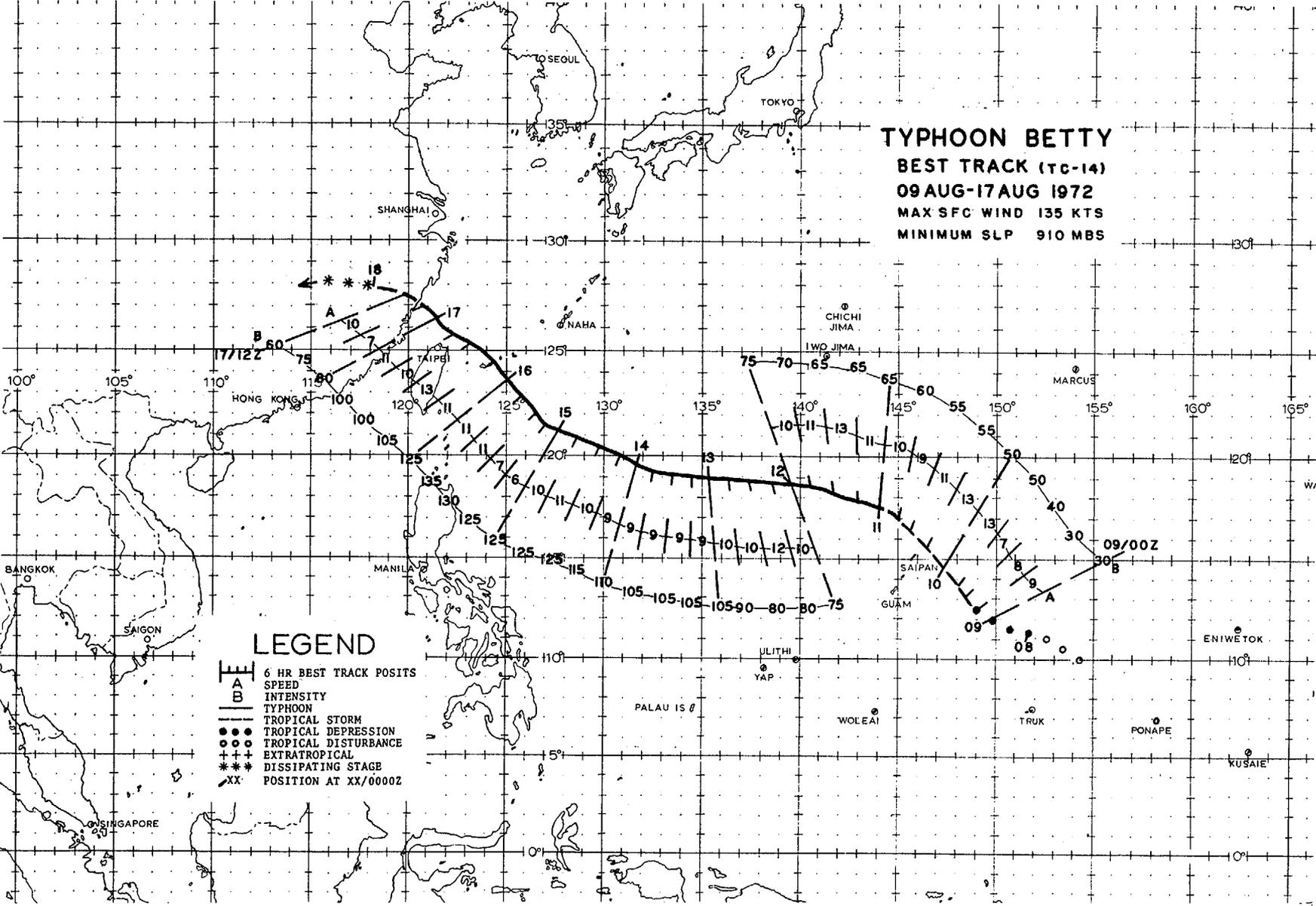
TYPHOON BETTY

BEST TRACK (TC-14)

09AUG-17AUG 1972

MAX SFC WIND 135 KTS

MINIMUM SLP 910 MBS



Betty, destined to become the second super typhoon of the season, was first detected by satellite on 7 August north of the eastern Carolines. After reaching tropical storm intensity 200 nm southeast of Guam, Betty passed 50 nm north of Saipan. Westerly winds of 30 kt with gusts to 50 kt and some local flooding were experienced there during the afternoon and evening of the 10th.

Betty attained typhoon strength after passing through the Marianas, and shifted to a more westerly course as the subtropical ridge began to build northeast of Iwo Jima. The central sea level pressure dropped steadily during her five-day journey toward the southern Ryukyu's. A minimum pressure of 910 mb and maximum sustained winds of 135 kt were observed by reconnaissance aircraft on the 15th (Figure 4-17).

At that time, gale-force winds reached 450 nm from the center in the eastern semicircle, and 300 nm elsewhere. The extent of typhoon-force winds was also exceptional: A Japanese ship, TAKAMATSU MARU, reported 65-kt winds 200 nm southeast of the eye (16/0600 GMT).

Betty's track during 15-16 August appeared to be influenced by a col over the northern East China Sea. This weakness in the ridge to the north resulted in a more northerly track. The center thus passed through the southern Ryukyu's during

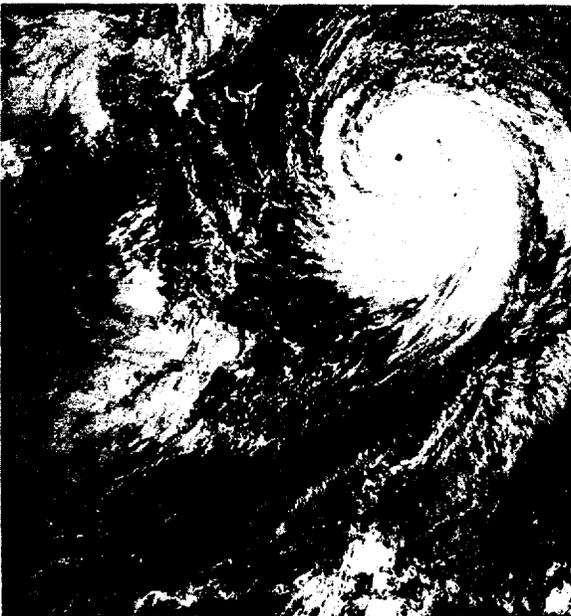


FIGURE 4-17. Super Typhoon Betty 420 nm east-southeast of Taipei, Taiwan, 14 August 1972, 2347 GMT. (DAPP data)

the morning and afternoon of the 16th. The eye crossed the northern tip of Ishigaki Shima (16/0612 GMT) when the barograph recorded 942.5 mb. Maximum sustained winds on Miyako Shima, 60 nm from the center, were 61 kt from the south-southeast (16/1555 GMT). A maximum gust of 96 kt was recorded at Kume Jima, located 165 nm northeast of the center.

During her advance toward the southern Ryukyu's, Betty's circulation intensified the southwest monsoonal flow over Luzon bringing torrential rains. The resulting floods caused seven deaths in the northern province of Ilocos Sur. A light aircraft with four persons aboard was also reported missing.

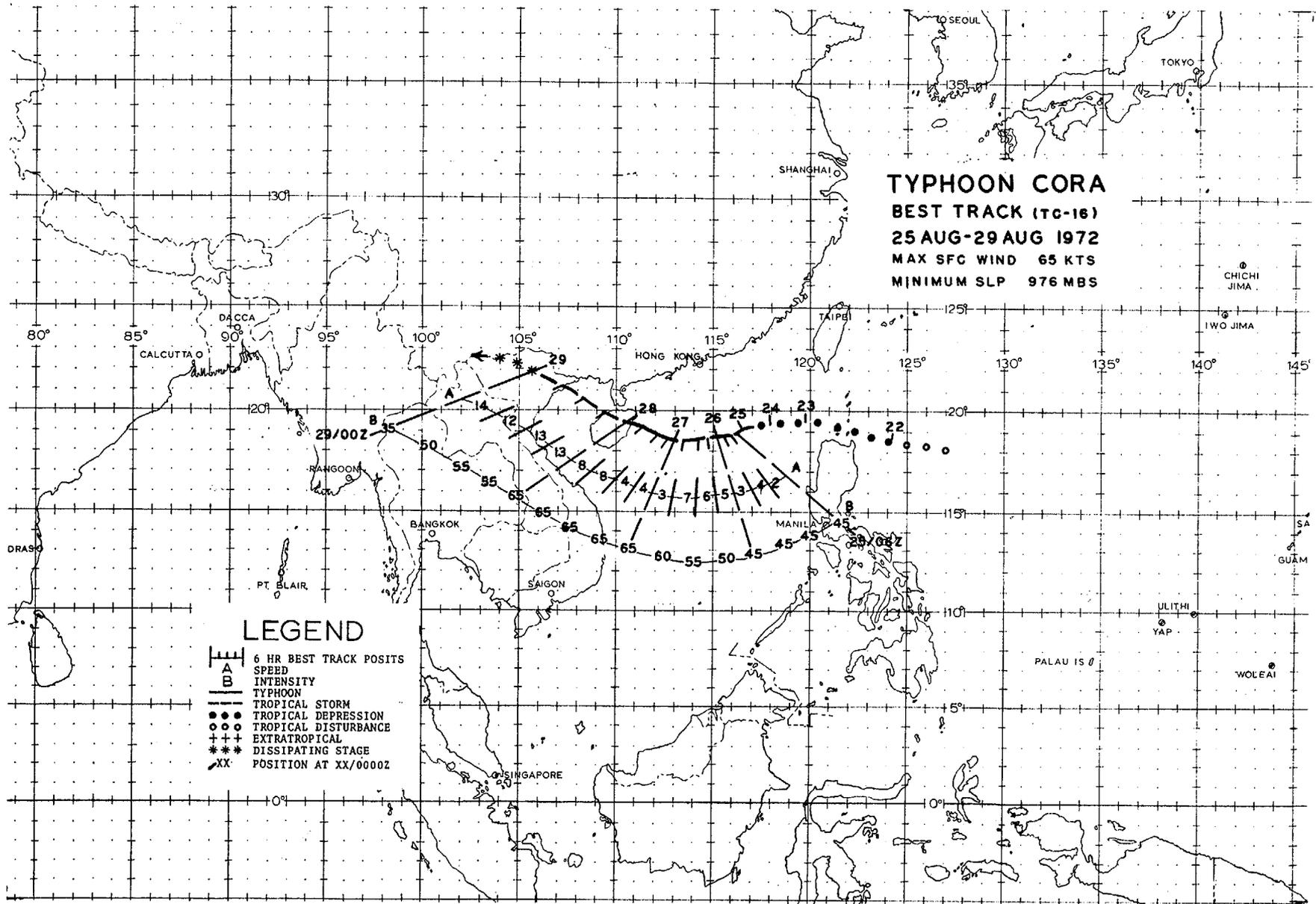
Betty passed 40 nm north of Taiwan during 16-17 August. A minimum sea level pressure of 940.9 mb was registered at Pengchia Hsu Island (16/1745 GMT) as the eye passed overhead. Maximum sustained winds of 101 kt (16/2045 GMT) and a gust of 108 kt (16/2010 GMT) were also reported at that station.

Heavy rains (32.42 in.) were recorded at Alishan, resulting in considerable flooding in Taiwan. An estimated 300,000 people were stranded by floodwaters in Sanchung City (Figure 4-18) and the two adjacent townships of Luichow and Wuku, west of Taipei. Many highways were made impassable and rail service was interrupted by landslides in northern and central Taiwan. Eighteen storm-related deaths were reported in Taiwan while over 220 homes were totally destroyed and over 130 badly damaged.

Betty made landfall the evening of the 17th on the China coast near 27°N and lost strength rapidly as she moved inland.



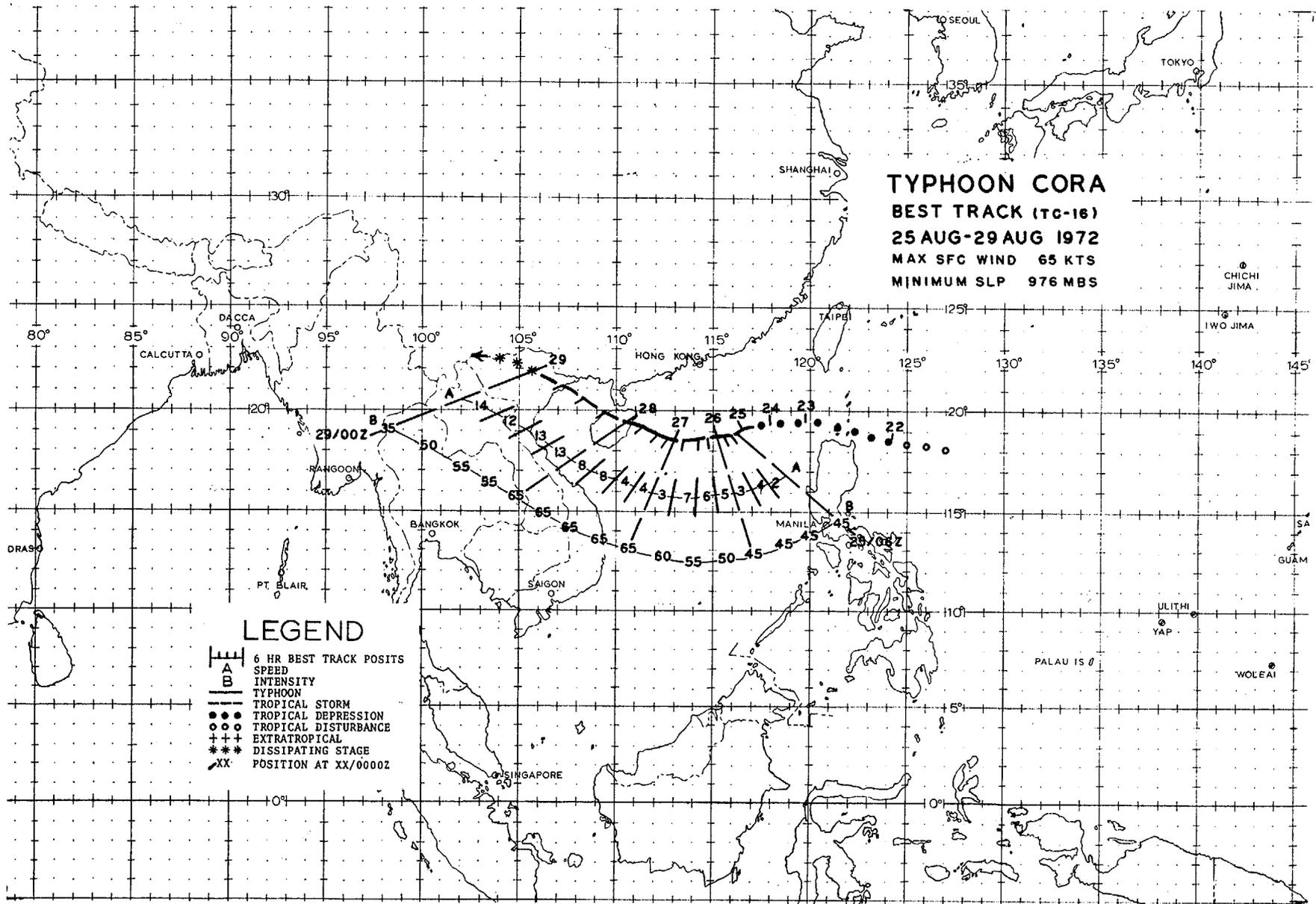
FIGURE 4-18. The flooded Sanchung district of Taipei, Taiwan, due to torrential rains brought by Typhoon Betty.--Courtesy of China Post



TYPHOON CORA
BEST TRACK (TC-16)
25 AUG-29 AUG 1972
MAX SFC WIND 65 KTS
MINIMUM SLP 976 MBS

LEGEND

- 6 HR BEST TRACK POSITS
- A** SPEED
- B** INTENSITY
- TYPHOON
- - - TROPICAL STORM
- TROPICAL DEPRESSION
- ○ ○ TROPICAL DISTURBANCE
- +++ EXTRATROPICAL
- *** DISSIPATING STAGE
- XX POSITION AT XX/0000Z



CORA

First signs of a disturbance east of Luzon were indicated by satellite and ship data on 21 August. The developing depression moved across the southern Luzon Straits early on the 23rd and entered the South China Sea as Tropical Storm Cora. Cora was guided on a slow westerly course by the flow from a high cell over eastern China (Figure 4-19). She developed to a minimal typhoon on the 27th, less than 24 hours from landfall.

Cora crossed Hainan Island on the 28th and transited the northern Tonkin Gulf that evening. Making landfall as a tropical storm near Haiphong, she quickly dissipated.

Cora was only the fourth tropical storm to reach typhoon intensity in August in the South China Sea since 1945. The most recent was Shirley in 1968.

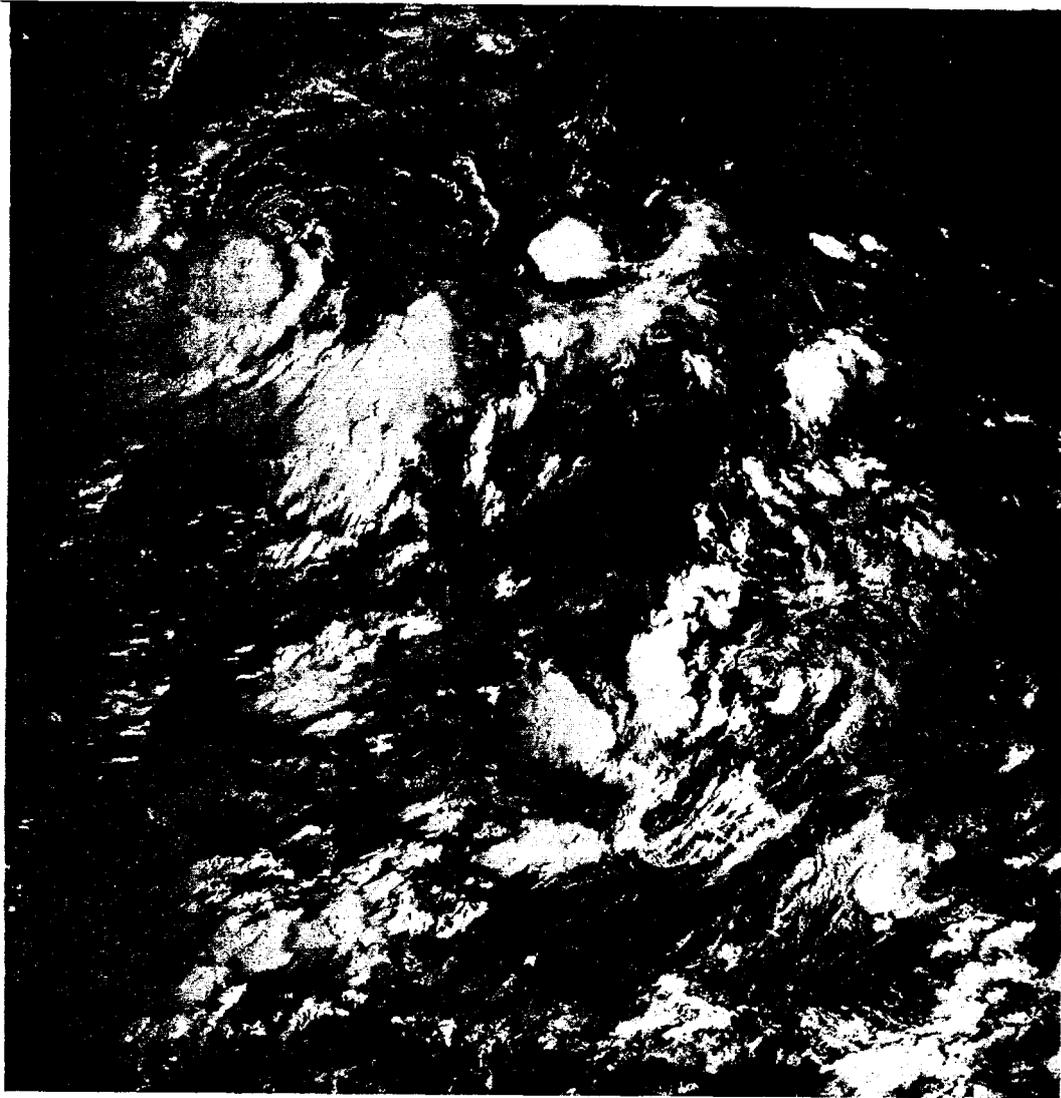
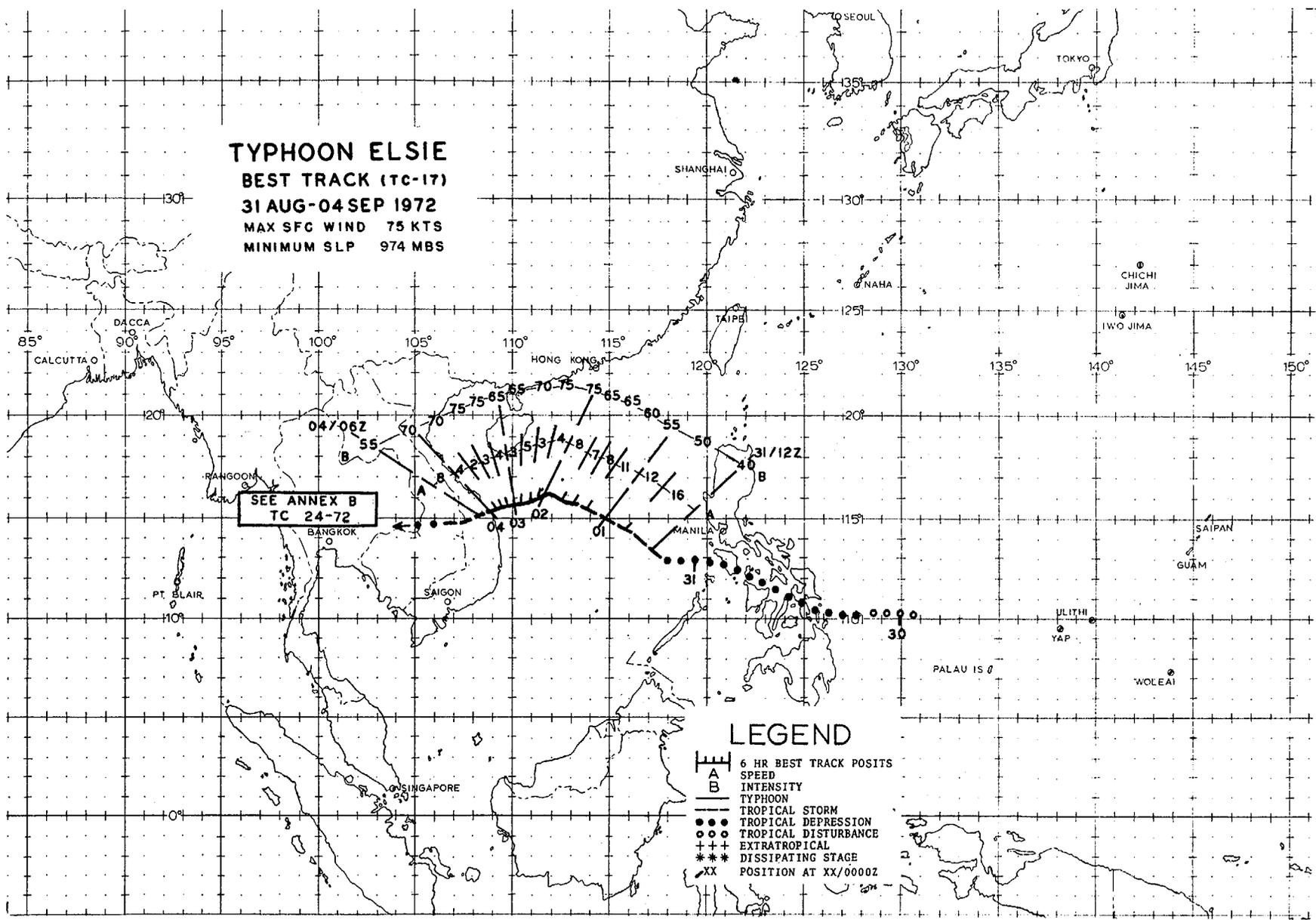


FIGURE 4-19. Tropical Storm Cora in the northern South China Sea 270 nm east of Hainan Island, 25 August 1972, 2349 GMT. (DAPP data)

TYPHOON ELSIE
BEST TRACK (TC-17)
31 AUG-04 SEP 1972
MAX SFC WIND 75 KTS
MINIMUM SLP 974 MBS



LEGEND

- 6 HR BEST TRACK POSITS
- A SPEED
- B INTENSITY
- TYPHOON
- TROPICAL STORM
- TROPICAL DEPRESSION
- TROPICAL DISTURBANCE
- +++ EXTRATROPICAL
- *** DISSIPATING STAGE
- XX POSITION AT XX/0000Z

ELSIE

The fourth typhoon of the month, Elsie, was first spotted by satellite as a disturbance east of Leyte Gulf on 29 August. After crossing the central Philippines as a depression, Elsie entered the South China Sea west of Mindoro on the 31st. Tropical-storm force was achieved later that day. By 1 September Elsie began to slow, apparently due to a slow-moving trough over China.

Elsie reached typhoon force near the Paracel Islands, then shifted to a southwest track as heights began to build in southern China. Moving slowly across the South China Sea toward the Vietnam coast, Elsie required two days to travel 160 nm

(Figure 4-20). As her center passed Quang Ngai, a minimum sea level pressure of 991 mb was registered and peak gusts of 60 kt were reported.

Elsie weakened rapidly as she moved into Thailand but maintained her identity across the Indo-China peninsula, redeveloping to typhoon strength in the Bay of Bengal (see Annex B). Elsie was only the second tropical cyclone in September to reach severe storm intensity (>47 kt) in the Bay of Bengal since 1943. During her passage over Thailand, Elsie caused three days of heavy rains, flooding many parts of the country.

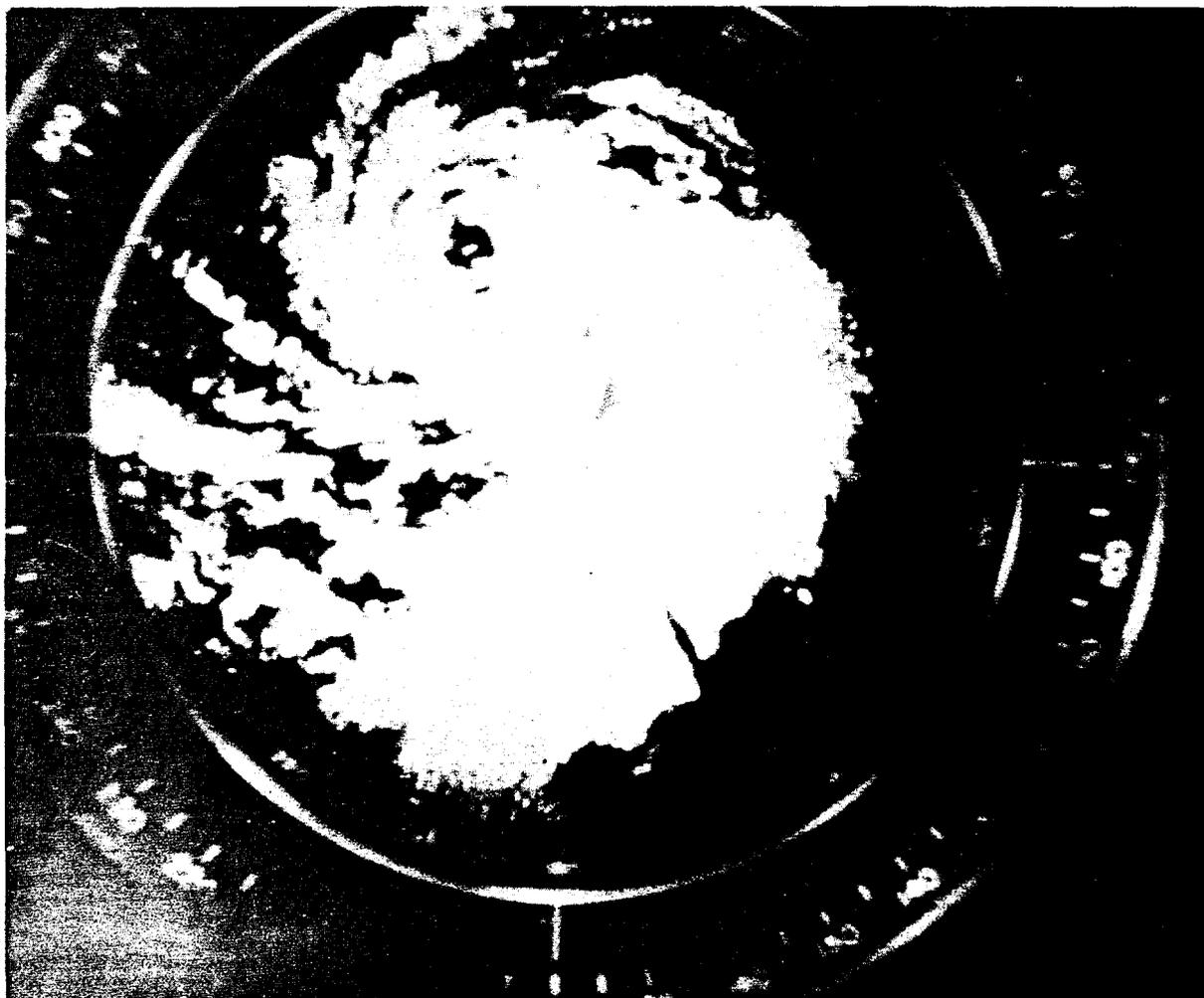


FIGURE 4-20. *Radarscope presentation (AN/SPS-30, range 150 nm) of Elsie taken aboard USS KITTY HAWK while the typhoon was centered 130 nm south of Hainan Island, 2 September 1972, 1720 GMT. Blip in eye is return from weather reconnaissance aircraft.*

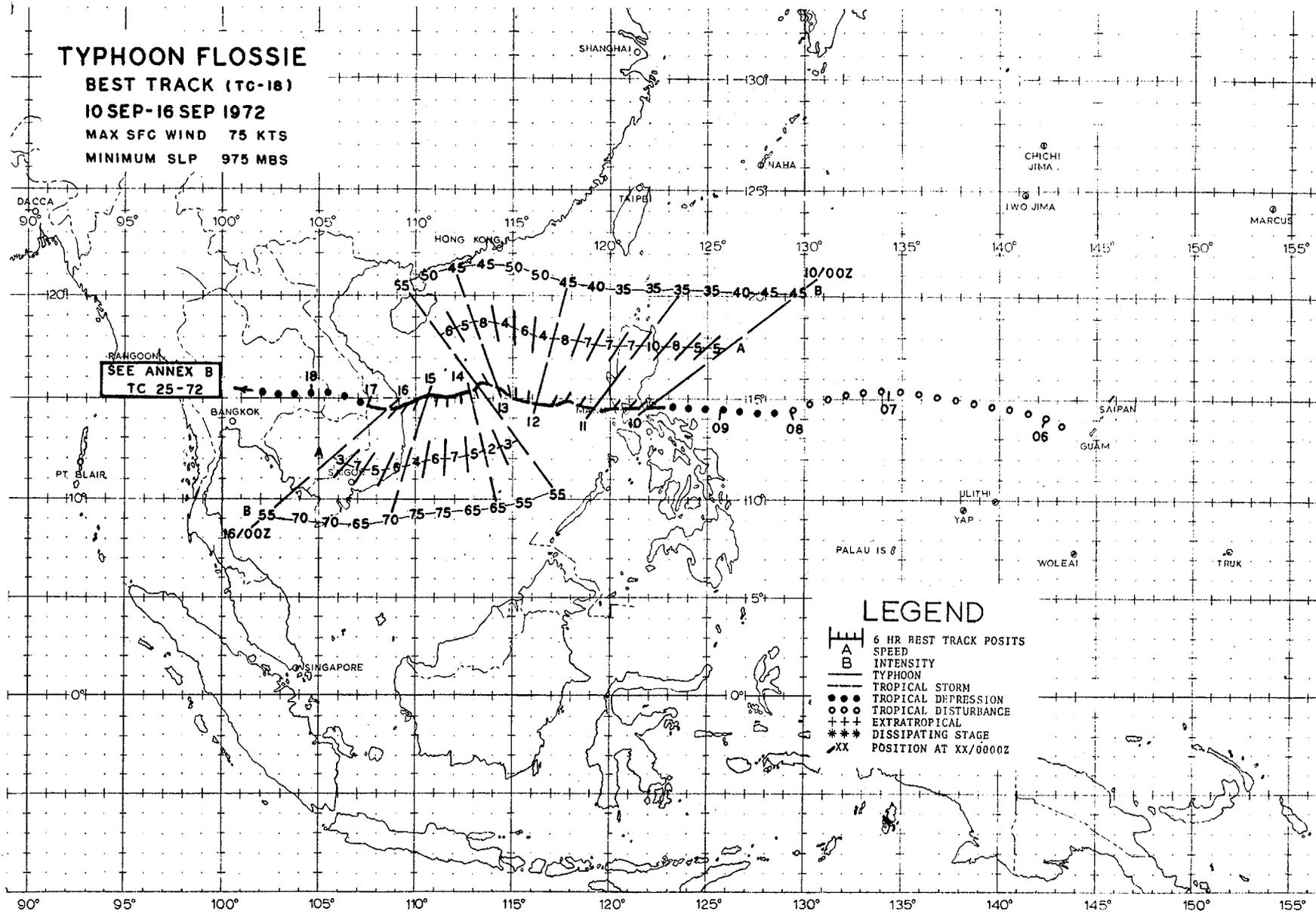
TYPHOON FLOSSIE

BEST TRACK (TC-18)

10 SEP-16 SEP 1972

MAX SFC WIND 75 KTS

MINIMUM SLP 975 MBS



SEE ANNEX B
TC 25-72

LEGEND

- | | |
|---|------------------------|
| | 6 HR BEST TRACK POSITS |
| A | SPEED |
| B | INTENSITY |
- TYPHOON
- TROPICAL STORM
- TROPICAL DEPRESSION
- TROPICAL DISTURBANCE
- +++ EXTRATROPICAL
- *** DISSIPATING STAGE
- XX POSITION AT XX/0000Z

FLOSSIE

On 6 September, as Elsie was crossing Thailand, a weak circulation was noted on satellite pictures in the southern Marianas. The ill-defined system crossed the Philippine Sea and developed into Tropical Storm Flossie prior to landfall in the Lamon Bay region of Luzon.

A trough extending south-southwestward from the Kuril Islands weakened the subtropical ridge over southern China. The resulting weak steering flow caused Flossie to move slowly westward across the South China Sea during 11-14 September (Figure 4-21). Reaching minimal typhoon strength south of the Paracel Islands, Flossie shifted to a more southerly track. She moved ashore between Qui Nhon and Quang Ngai, South Vietnam, in the early morning of 16 September.

After weakening to a tropical depression, Flossie closely paralleled Elsie's track across Thailand, causing heavy rains on 18-19 September. Three provinces north of Bangkok were under floodwaters of up to 2-1/2 feet. Flossie, like Elsie, retained her identity across the Indo-China peninsula and regenerated to typhoon force in the Bay of Bengal (see Annex A). As Tropical Cyclone 25-72, she became the second tropical cyclone to achieve typhoon intensity in the Bay of Bengal during September. Since 1884⁴, there had never been more than one tropical cyclone reaching severe storm force (>47 kt) in the Bay of Bengal during September.

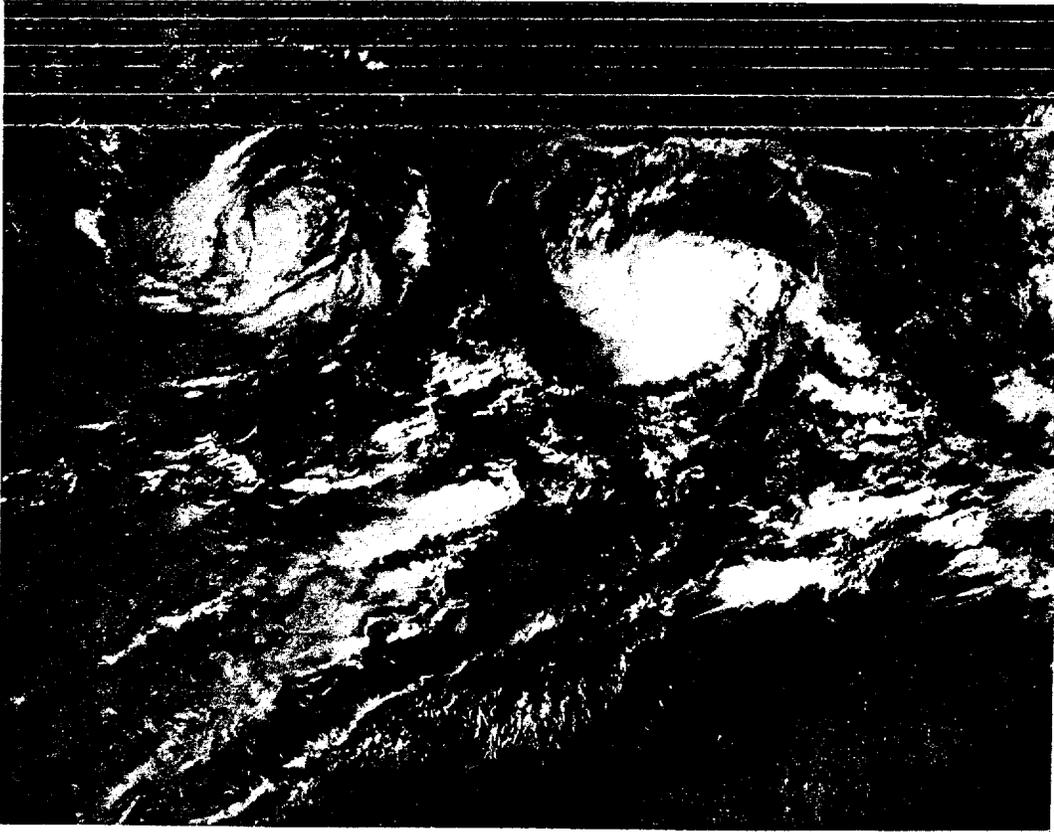
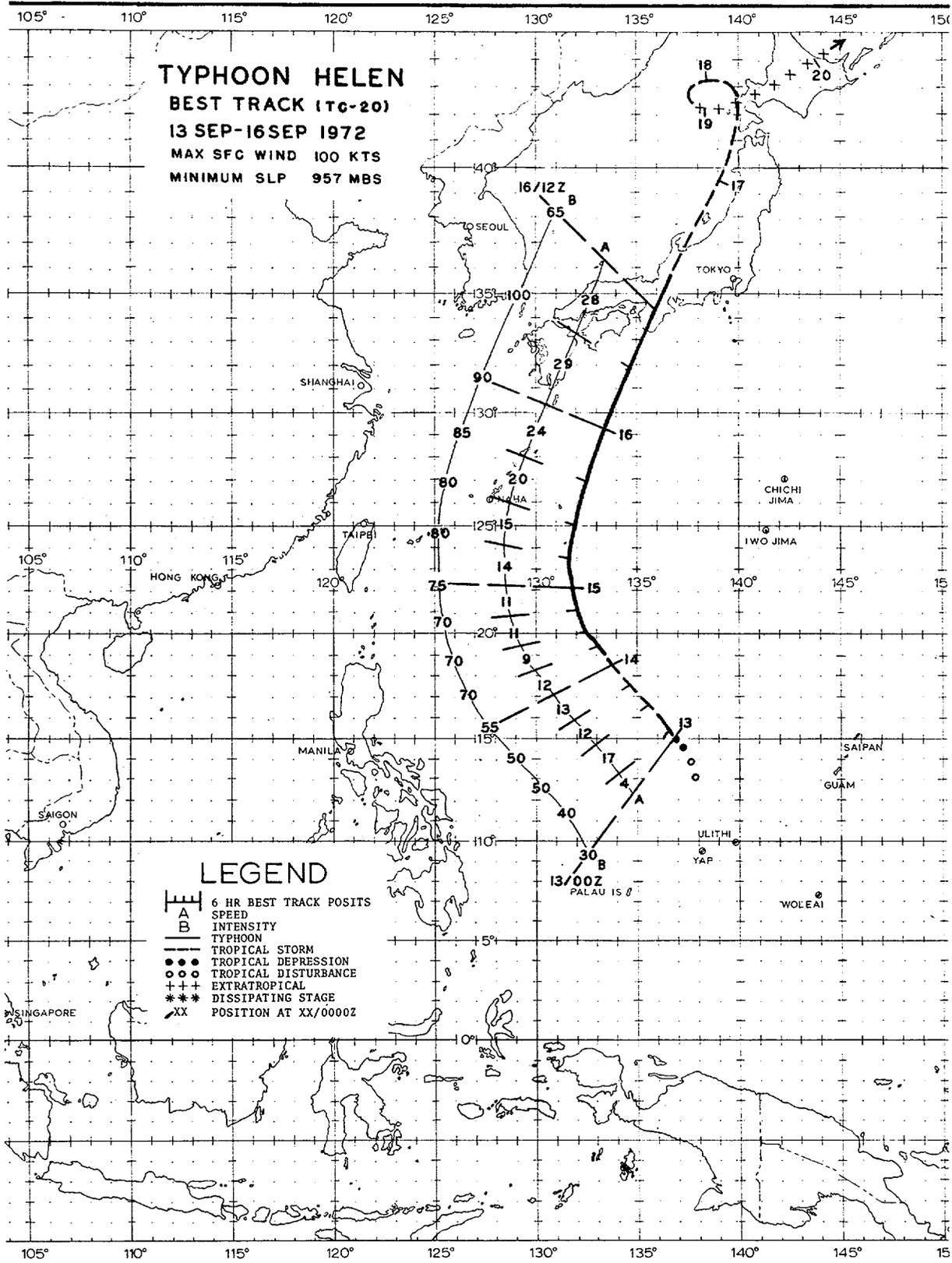


FIGURE 4-21. Tropical Storm Flossie (left) in the South China Sea 300 nm east of Danang, Vietnam. A second tropical storm, Grace, is centered just east of Luzon, 13 September 1972, 0002 GMT. (DAPP data)

⁴Tracks of storms and depressions in the Bay of Bengal and the Arabian Sea 1877-1960, India Meteorological Department, 1964.



HELEN

While Flossie moved slowly across the South China Sea and Tropical Storm Grace stalled east of Luzon, a third circulation appeared in the equatorial trough west of Guam. This tropical cyclone would be the most destructive to strike Japan in 1972.

Reconnaissance aircraft, the afternoon of 13 September, indicated the presence of a tropical storm near 16°N and 136°E. Moderate feeder band activity was detected and flight level winds (700 mb) of 58 kt were measured in the eastern quadrant. Minimum central pressure, as determined by extrapolation from 700 mb, was 987 mb.

Taking a northwesterly course around a high cell centered between Minami Tori Shima (Marcus Island) and Chichi Jima,

Helen attained typhoon intensity on the afternoon of the 14th. She then veered to a more northerly course due to a deepening trough in the East China Sea. This trough and an intense high pressure cell east of Chichi Jima combined to produce strong south-southwesterly flow south of Japan. Helen reacted by accelerating to 20 kt late on the 15th (Figure 4-22) and to 29 kt the following afternoon. Reconnaissance aircraft observed flight level winds of 100 kt in the right semicircle during this period.

Helen moved ashore near Cape Kushimoto during the evening of the 16th, crossing Honshu just west of Ise Bay. She passed between Osaka and Nagoya and moved into the Sea of Japan near Toyama 12 hours later.

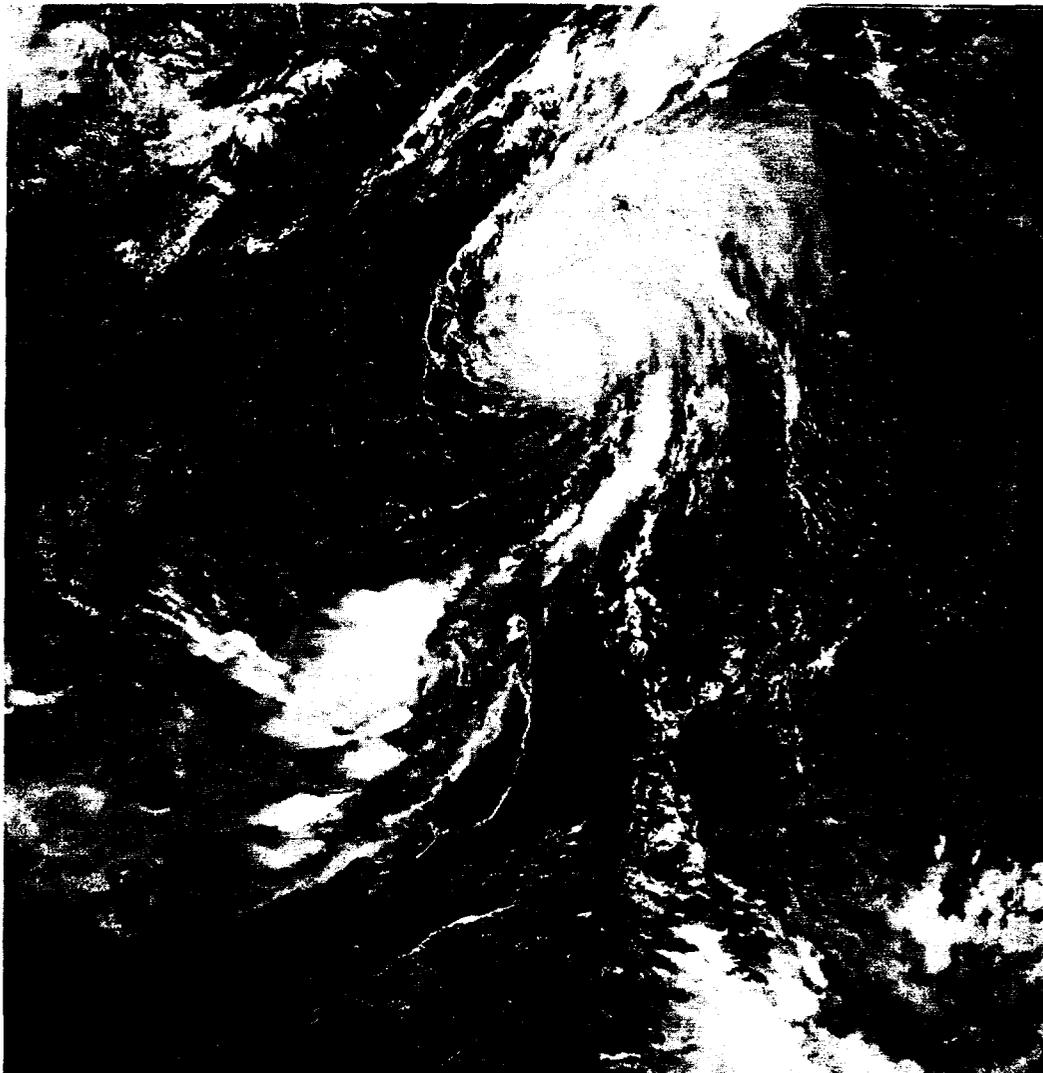


FIGURE 4-22. Typhoon Helen 300 nm southeast of Okinawa, 15 September 1972, 0318 GMT. [DAPP data]

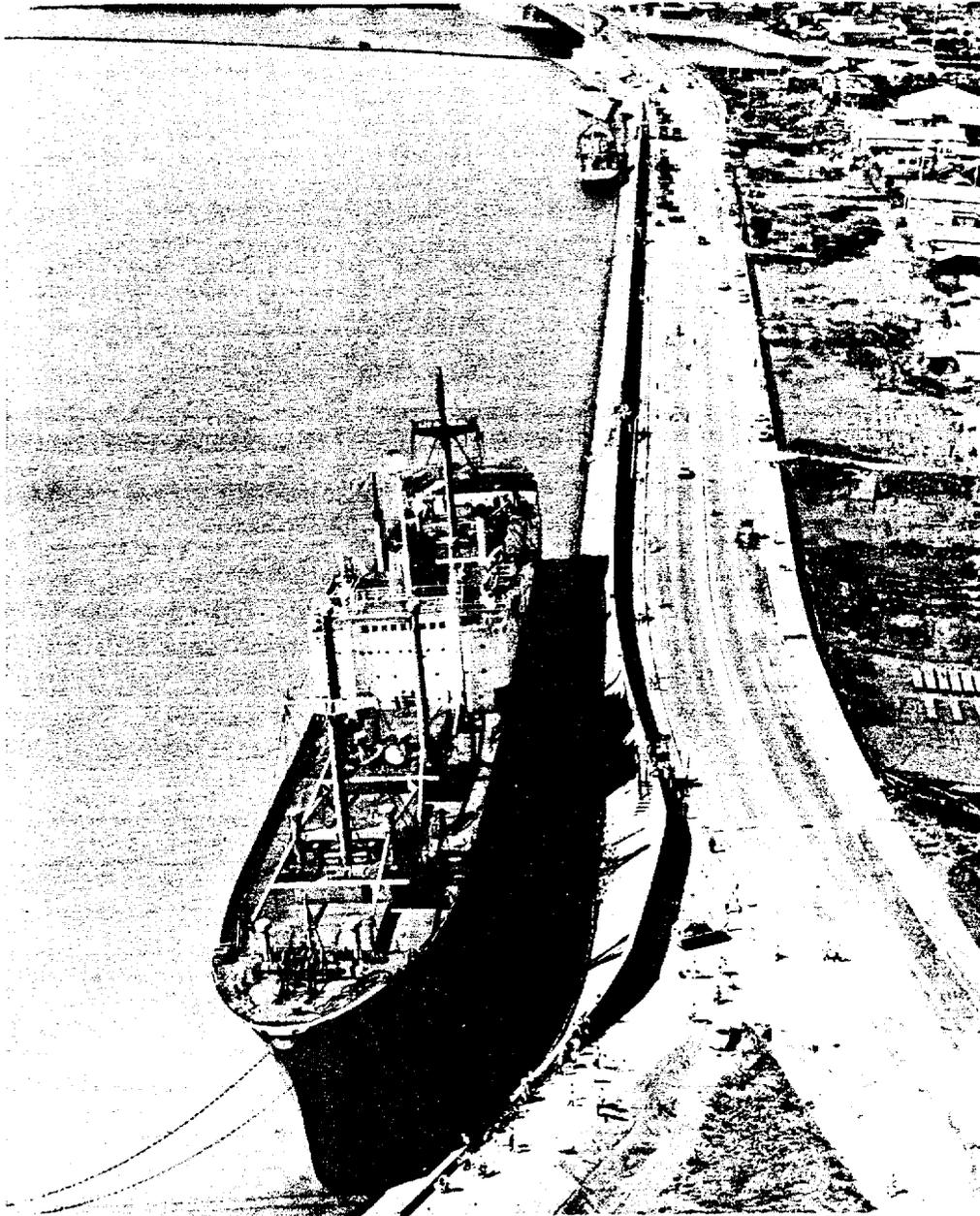


FIGURE 4-23. *The aftermath of Typhoon Helen - Kawagoe Town, Mie Prefecture, Japan. Philippine cargo ship MARIA ROSELLO (9,000 tons) blown against causeway (Meiyon National Highway). Two other ships behind cargo ship are also blown against causeway while another is overturned in the background.--Courtesy of Kyodo Tsushin*

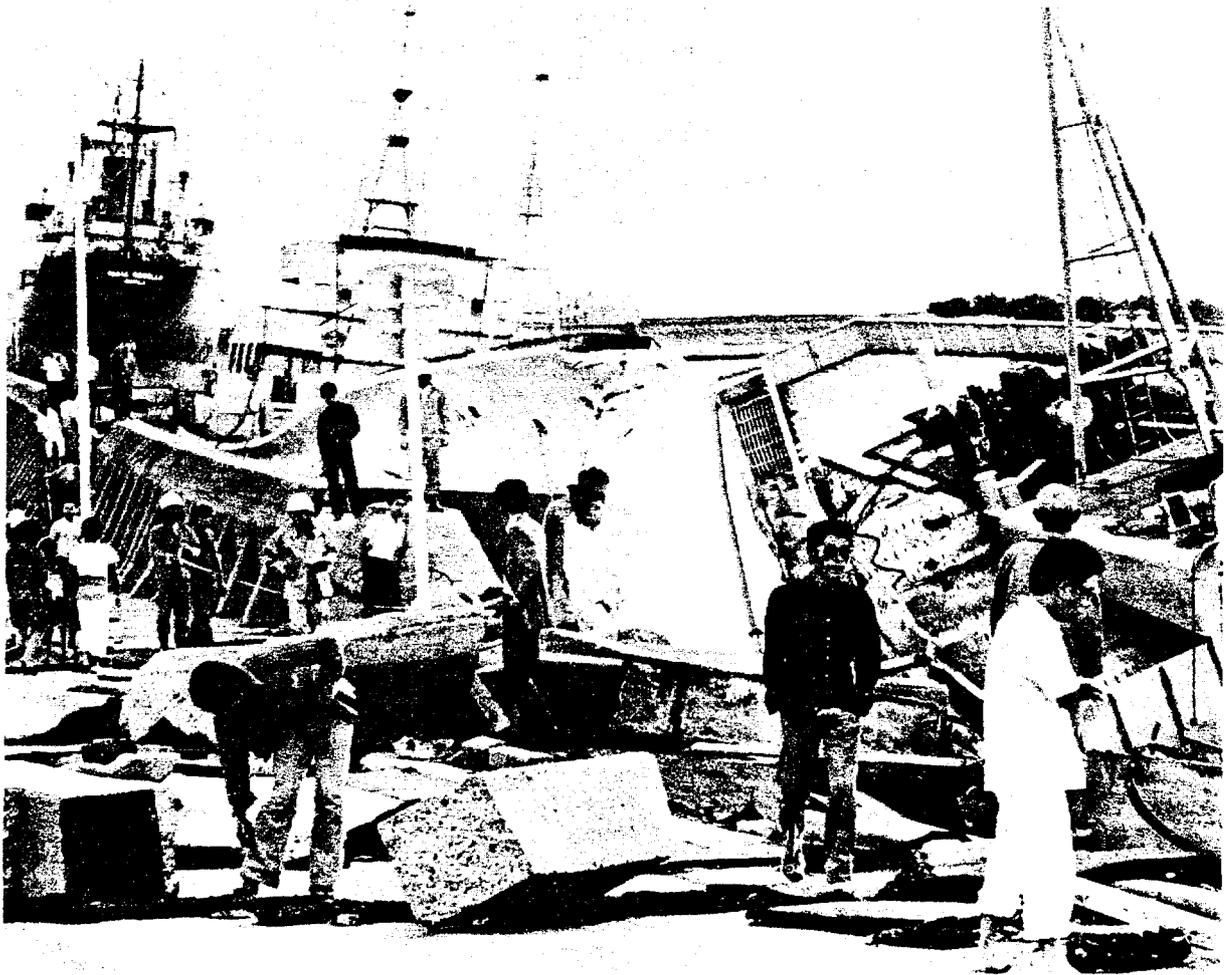


FIGURE 4-24. Fishing vessel and cargo ship MARIA ROSELLO smashed against causeway due to Helen. Debris from wrecked causeway lies on the National Highway, Kawagoe Town, Mie Prefecture, Japan.--Courtesy of Kyodo Tsushin

The lowest recorded pressure of 956.9 mb (16/0940 GMT) and maximum sustained winds of 70 kt (16/0900 GMT) from the north were observed at Shionomisaki, west of Helen's track. A peak gust of 98 kt (16/0850 GMT) was registered at Sumoto located near Osaka Bay, 60 nm west of the track.

Heavy rains disrupted land, sea, and air transportation in central and eastern Japan. There were 38 deaths and 158 injuries reported, most of which were attributed to landslides and flooding. Over 360 houses were destroyed or badly damaged by landslides and over 77,000 homes were inundated by floodwaters. Losses from damage to roads and river embankments were estimated near 102 million dollars (U.S.). Helen also generated a tornado near Higashi Matsuyama north of Tokyo, destroying eight homes.

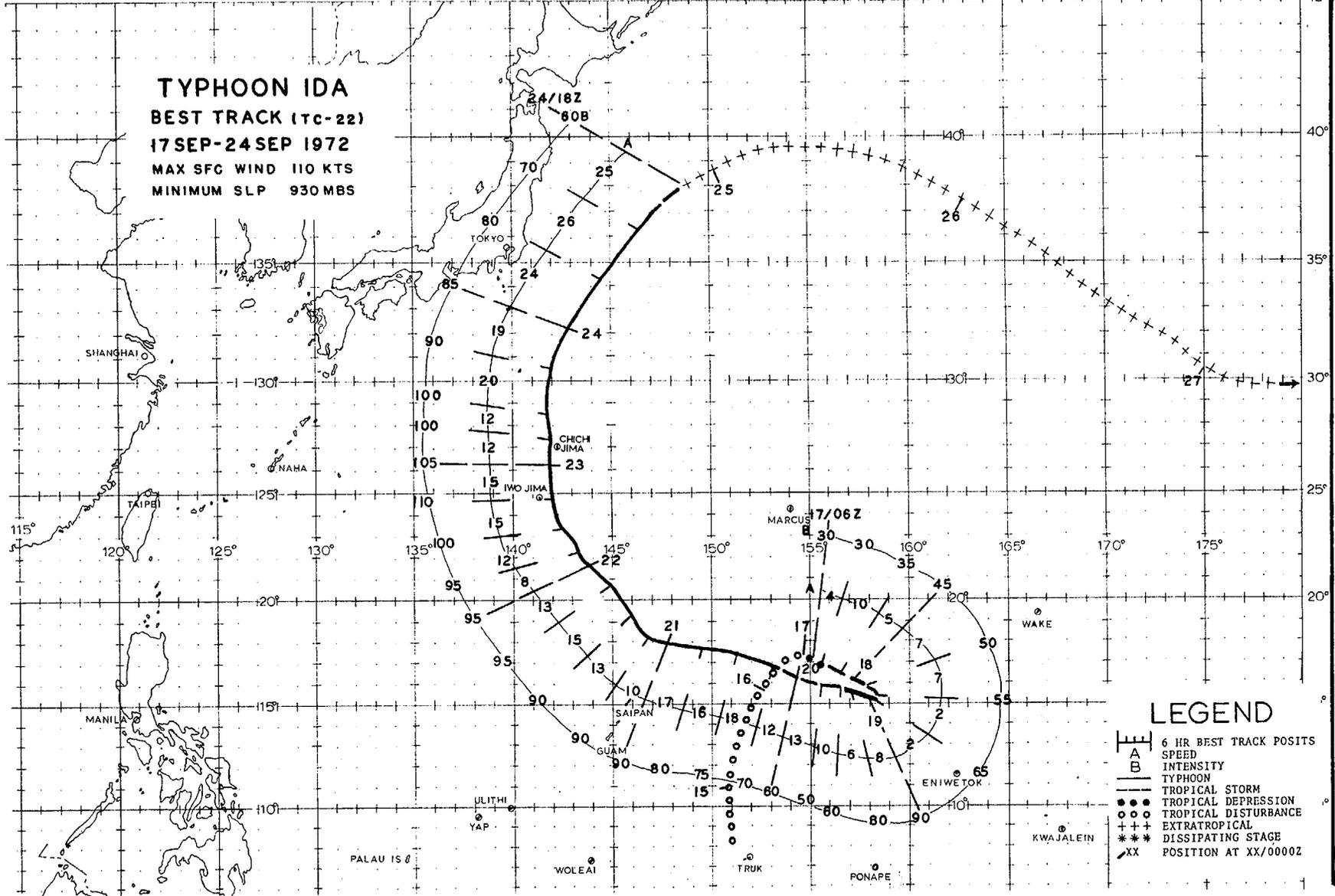
Nine cargo ships ran aground in Ise Bay, including the 6,244-ton Indian ship, STATE OF TRAJAN COCHIN, and the 9,031-ton

Philippine freighter, MARIA ROSELLO (Figures 4-23, 4-24). Two fishing boats were sunk near Hachijo Jima. Of a combined crew of 30, only six fishermen were rescued.

After weakening to tropical storm force in the Sea of Japan, Helen slowed near Hokkaido late on the 17th and merged with an upper level low the following day. Rains up to 31 in. fell on Hokkaido with flash floods and landslides accounting for eight dead and two missing. High tides generated by Helen, while west of Hokkaido, accounted for at least two deaths along the east coast of Korea.

115° 120° 125° 130° 135° 140° 145° 150° 155° 160° 165° 170° 175° 180° 45°

TYPHOON IDA
BEST TRACK (TC-22)
17 SEP-24 SEP 1972
MAX SFC WIND 110 KTS
MINIMUM SLP 930 MBS



LEGEND

- 6 HR BEST TRACK POSITS
- A SPEED
- B INTENSITY
- TYPHOON
- TROPICAL STORM
- TROPICAL DEPRESSION
- TROPICAL DISTURBANCE
- +++ EXTRATROPICAL
- *** DISSIPATING STAGE
- XX POSITION AT XX/0000Z

On 14-15 September, surface and upper air reports in the eastern Carolines depicted a weak circulation in the equatorial trough north of Truk. Satellite pictures for the next few days showed this disturbance drifting northward and gaining a more organized appearance.

On the 18th, reconnaissance aircraft indicated the disturbance had become a tropical storm (Figure 4-25), midway between the Marianas and Wake.

Ida tracked to the southeast, apparently under the influence of a mid-tropospheric trough extending from the Kamchatka peninsula to the vicinity of Wake Island. As heights began to build west of the trough, Ida reversed course, moved westward and intensified. She reached typhoon intensity the afternoon of 20 September.

Approaching the northern Marianas at 16-18 kt, Ida took a more northerly track on 21 September due to the deepening of a short wave trough over Japan. Pagan Island reported northwesterly winds of 30 kt with gusts to 50 kt and a minimum sea level pressure of 988.6 mb as the center passed 60 nm to the northeast.

Ida's central pressure dropped to 932 mb prior to passing 35 nm east of Iwo Jima early on the 23rd. Iwo Jima experienced maximum sustained winds of 56 kt with gusts to 83 kt (23/1140 GMT) before equipment failure. Later that afternoon, Ida passed 25 nm west of Chichi Jima where a minimum sea level pressure of 972 mb was recorded (Figure 4-26).

By the 23rd, a strong southwesterly flow was established over Japan due to the increased pressure gradient between a low over Manchuria and a ridge north of Marcus Island. In response, Ida began to recurve and accelerated to 20 kt north of the Bonin Islands.

Moving at 24 kt east of Honshu on the 24th, Ida brought typhoon-force winds to several ships including the Norwegian ship NEGO ANNE, which experienced 80-kt winds 50 nm east of the center.

The next day Ida became an extratropical system as she merged with a frontal zone east of Hokkaido.

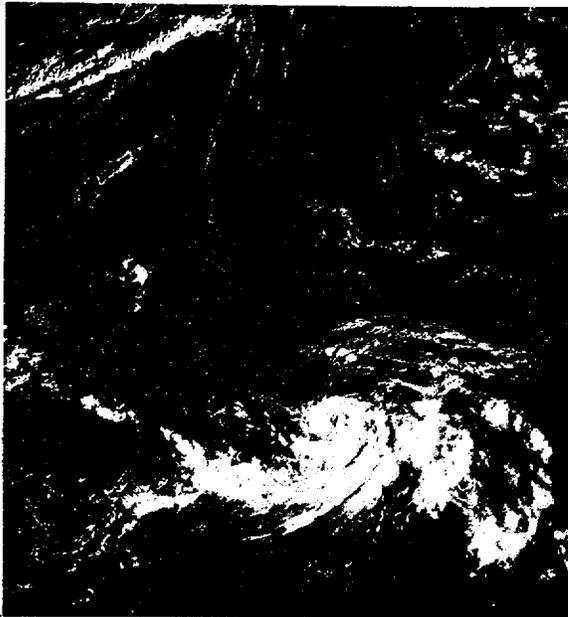


FIGURE 4-25. Tropical Storm Ida 400 nm northwest of Eniwetok, 17 September 1972, 2145 GMT. (DAPP data)

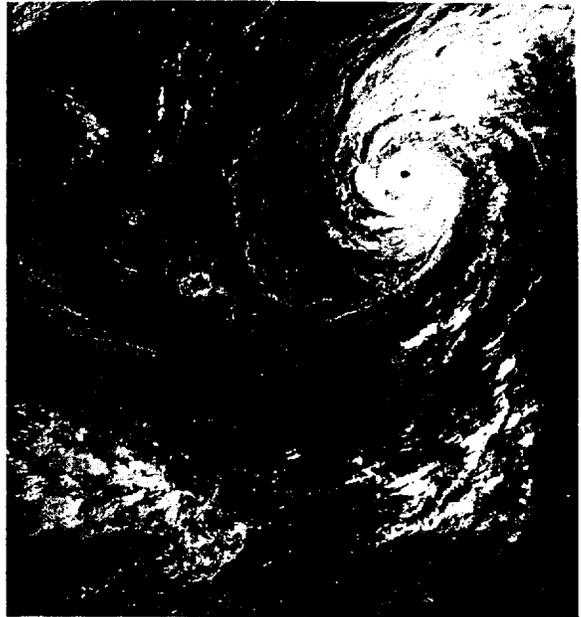
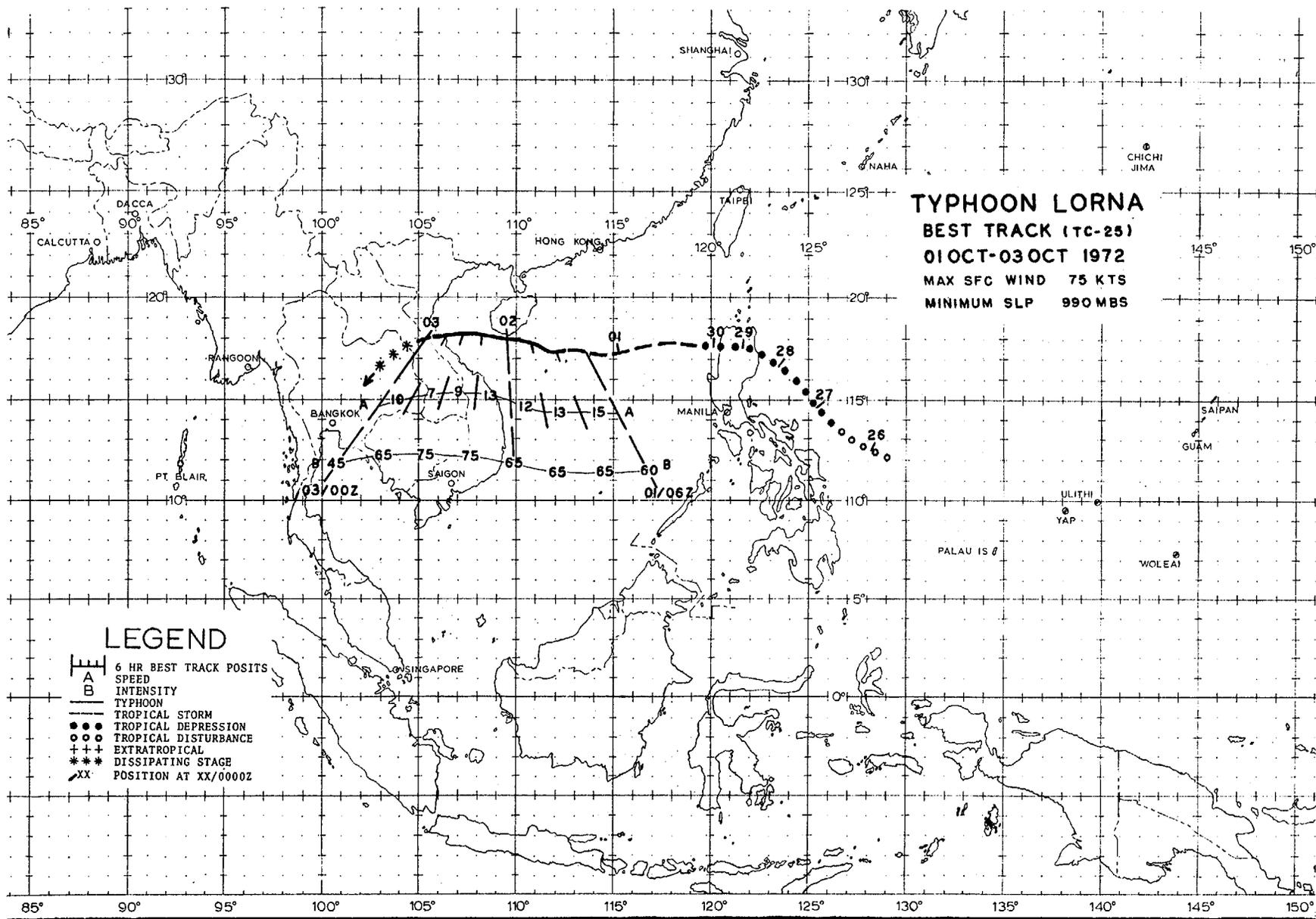


FIGURE 4-26. Typhoon Ida 125 nm northeast of Iwo Jima, 22 September 1972, 2250 GMT. (DAPP data)



LORNA

Lorna, like Cora and Elsie, developed from a depression in the Philippine Sea and crossed the Philippine archipelago (Figure 4-27).

After transiting Luzon, Lorna moved across the South China Sea at 12-15 kt as ridging dominated southern China.

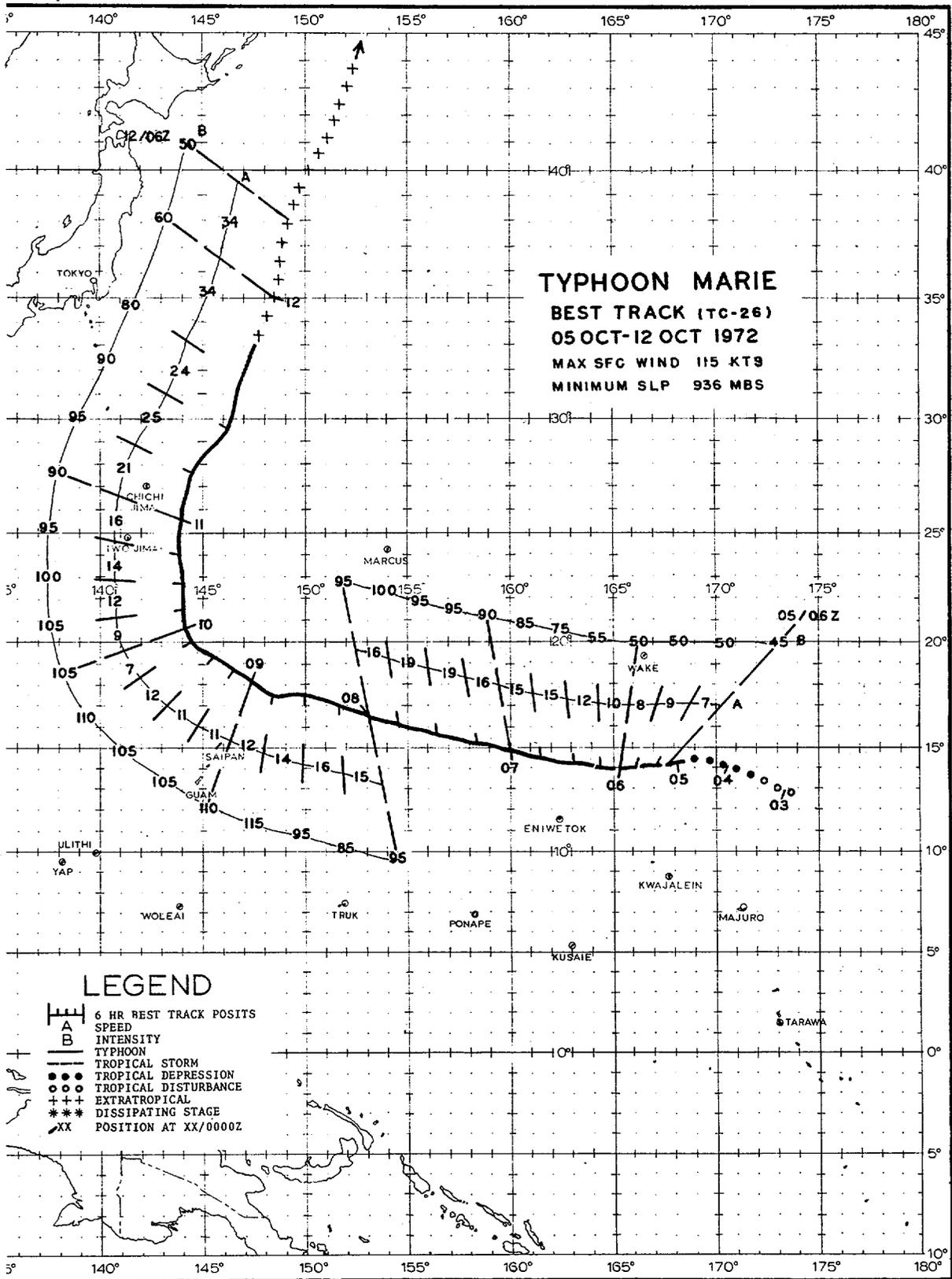
Satellite pictures on the 30th indicated the disturbance was rather small but of tropical storm intensity. The United Kingdom ship MARON, 70 nm north of the center, reported 45-kt winds from the southeast (01/0000 GMT). Reconnaissance aircraft found winds of 60 kt just northeast of the center a few hours later.

Lorna transited south of Hainan Island on the 2nd as her 15-nm-diameter eye was tracked closely by aircraft and ship radar. Although the radar presentations depicted Lorna as a well-developed cyclone, her circulation was quite small. Gale-force winds were limited to a radius of 75 nm from the center in the northern semicircle.

Early on the 3rd, Lorna moved ashore on the North Vietnam coast north of Dong Hoi and degenerated into a low pressure system after crossing central Laos. She dissipated in Thailand late that night.



FIGURE 4-27. *Lorna as a tropical depression east of Luzon, 27 September 1972, 0348 GMT. (DAPP data)*



MARIE

Marie began as a broad circulation in the equatorial trough north of the Marshall Islands on 3 October (Figure 4-28) while Tropical Storm Kathy was passing north of the Marianas. On the 5th, she achieved tropical storm intensity, becoming a typhoon two days later as she passed 200 nm north of Eniwetok.

Marie's circulation was quite extensive, covering an area over 700 nm in diameter. Strong westerlies up to 20 kt were experienced in the eastern Caroline and Marshall Islands. Eniwetok, about 180 nm south of the center, recorded 40 kt sustained winds from the west with gusts to 52 kt the evening of 6 October. Squalls with gusts of up to 50 kt occurred in the Ponape district felling coconut trees, one of which killed one person on Kusaie.

Marie moved along the southern extent of the subtropical ridge centered north of Minami Tori Shima (Marcus Island) at 15-19 kt during 6-8 October. As she approached the northern Marianas, Marie began to slow. Her maximum winds reached 115 kt and central pressure dropped to 936 mb. Marie began a northwesterly track on the 9th, passing through the northern Marianas late in the day.

On Pagan, Agrihan and Alamagan islands, food crops were nearly 100% destroyed. Buildings were 80-95% destroyed; however, property damage was less severe on Agrihan due to sturdier construction.

Although 200 nm south of Marie's center, Saipan experienced gusts of 45-55 kt. High seas in the southern Marianas were responsible for capsizing at least five motorboats and caused two drownings. By the 10th reconnaissance aircraft reported 100-kt winds extended 75-100 nm east of the center (Figure 4-29).

Passing east of the Volcano Islands on the 11th, Marie accelerated to 21 kt. The Japanese ship, YAEKAWA MARU, about 170 nm east-southeast of the center, reported 60 kt (11/0000 GMT).

Marie weakened as she transited the North Pacific east of Honshu at up to 34 kt, merging with a frontal system east of Hokkaido on the 12th. Winds of up to 40 kt and gusts to 59 kt were experienced at Urakawa along the southeastern coast of Hokkaido. Sixteen of eighteen crewmembers were lost when a 77-ton Japanese fishing boat capsized off Miyagi Prefecture.

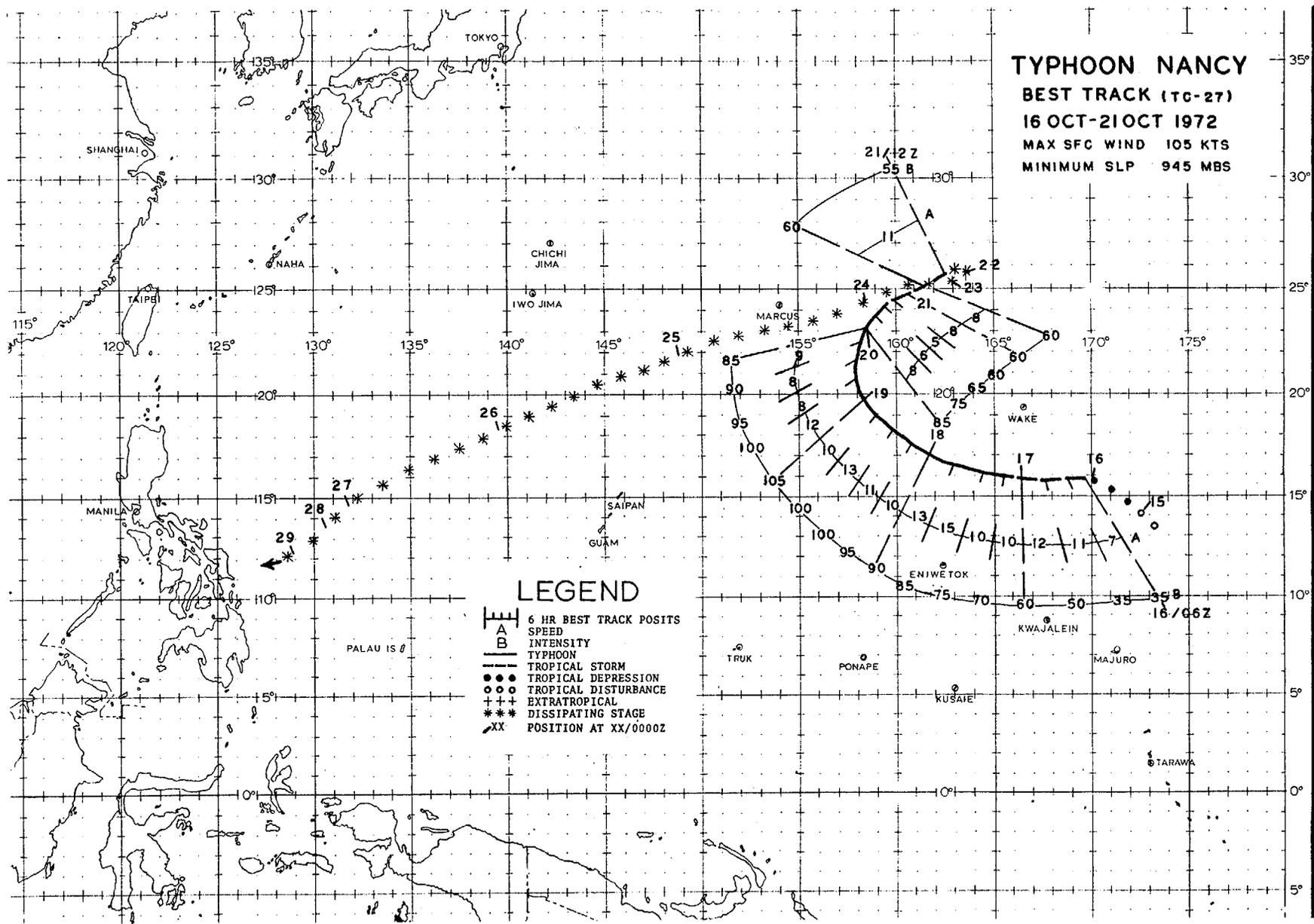


FIGURE 4-28. Formative stages of Marie centered some 350 nm north-east of Kwajalein, 3 October, 1972, 2112 GMT. [DAPP data]



FIGURE 4-29. Typhoon Marie 350 nm north-northwest of Saipan, 10 October 1972, 0221 GMT. [DAPP data]

TYPHOON NANCY
BEST TRACK (TC-27)
16 OCT-21 OCT 1972
MAX SFC WIND 105 KTS
MINIMUM SLP 945 MBS



LEGEND

- 6 HR BEST TRACK POSITS
- SPEED
- INTENSITY
- TYPHOON
- TROPICAL STORM
- TROPICAL DEPRESSION
- TROPICAL DISTURBANCE
- EXTRATROPICAL
- DISSIPATING STAGE
- POSITION AT XX/0000Z

NANCY

Nancy was the third tropical cyclone to develop north of the Marshalls in less than a month. Initially detected by satellite on 15 October, Nancy reached typhoon intensity 48 hours later, 200 nm south of Wake Island.

Tracking south of the subtropical ridge, Nancy took a more northerly course late on the 17th as the trough in the westerlies eroded the ridge near 155°E. On the 18th, reconnaissance aircraft reported a central pressure of 945 mb as Nancy's maximum winds of 105 kt were recorded.

Nancy began to recurve late on the 19th as she moved under upper tropospheric

westerlies of 45-50 kt. Early on the 21st, strong vertical shear weakened Nancy to a tropical storm and satellite data showed much of her cirrus canopy removed. Within 48 hours she degenerated into a tropical depression.

On the 22nd, Nancy stalled as she failed to recurve toward a trough in the westerlies. An intensifying ridge behind the trough caused Nancy, now a tropical depression, to track west-southwest for the next several days. Low-level cloud features were readily identifiable on satellite pictures as she moved into the Philippine Sea where the circulation finally lost its identity.

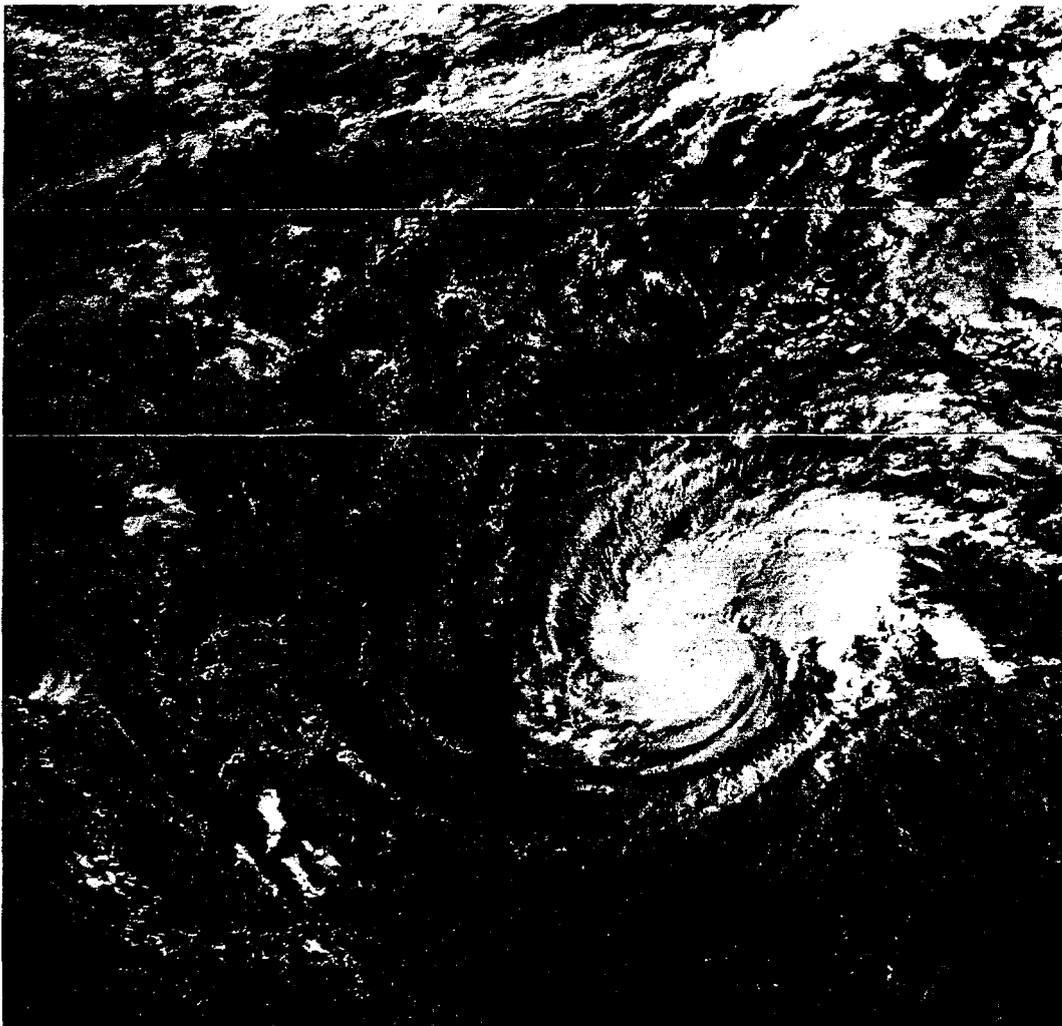
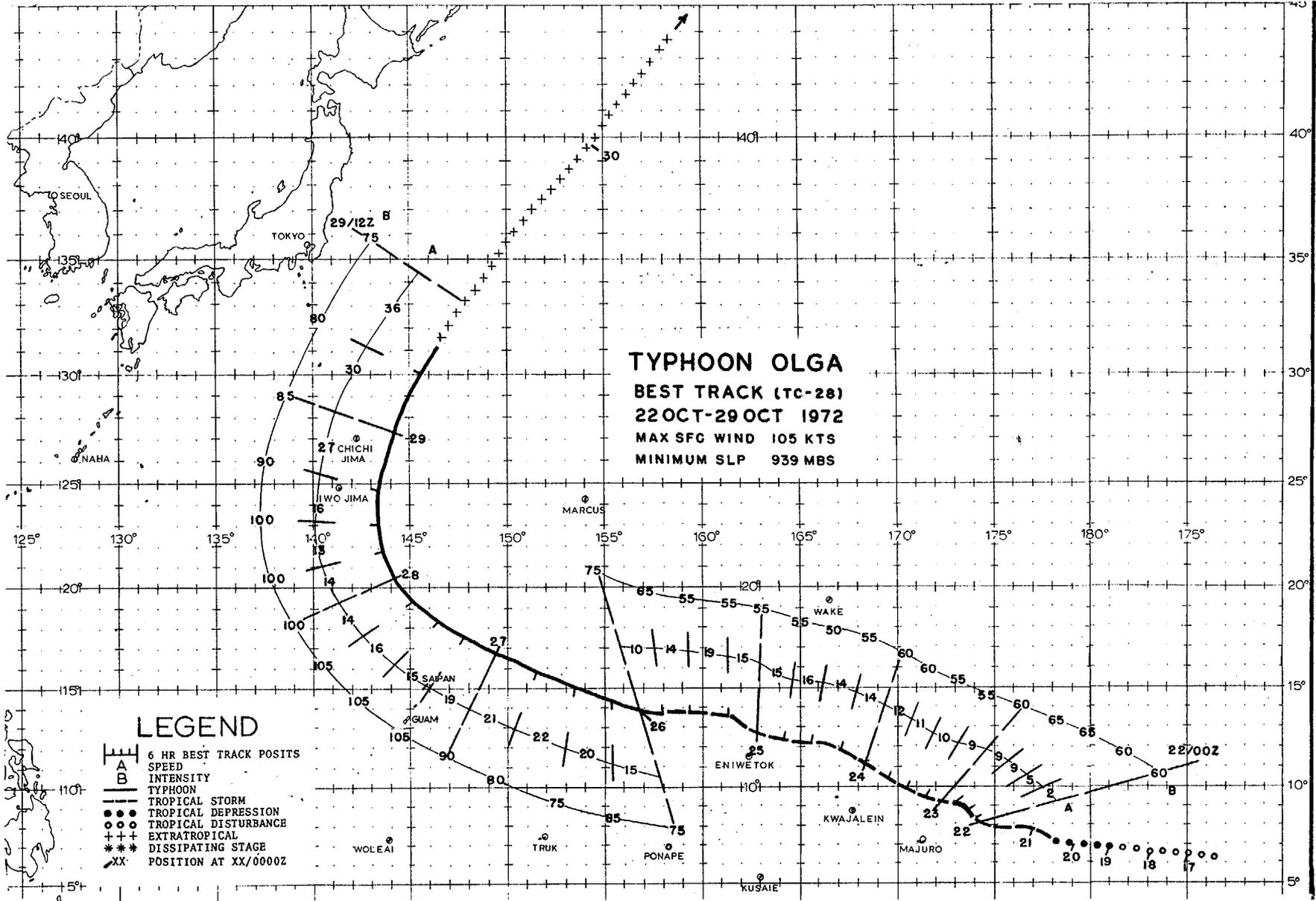


FIGURE 4-30. Typhoon Nancy 270 nm southwest of Wake Island, 17 October 1972, 2132 GMT. (DAPP data)



A twin cyclone system, one developing in the northern hemisphere and another in the southern hemisphere, became apparent in satellite photographs on 17 October near 175°W. The northern system, destined to be Olga, crossed the dateline on a westerly track and attained tropical storm intensity on the 21st. Bebe, in the southern hemisphere, developed to hurricane force and passed over Funafuti Atoll of the Ellice Islands during the night of the 21st.

Reconnaissance aircraft on the morning of the 22nd indicated that Olga was a strong tropical storm, 170 nm northeast of Majuro Atoll (Figure 4-31). During 23-24 October, Olga showed little change in intensity as she tracked through the northern Marshall Islands. Since the strongest winds were in the northern semicircle, the maximum sustained winds reported in the islands were only 25 kt.

Olga intensified to typhoon force early on the 26th. Continuing to gain strength, Olga accelerated to 20-22 kt late on the 26th and headed for the northern Marianas.

During the night of 27-28 October, Olga became the second typhoon in three weeks to sweep through that area. The following morning her central pressure dropped to 939 mb, generating maximum winds of 105 kt (Figure 4-32).

Since Typhoon Marie had destroyed most of the agricultural crops and coconut trees in the islands a few weeks earlier, Olga's effect was less noticeable than it might normally have been.

As a trough deepened over the East China Sea on the 28th, Olga headed northward, rounding the subtropical ridge east of the Volcano Islands late that day. Gale-force winds extended a considerable distance as the United Kingdom ship CAPE YORK, 200 nm east of the center, observed winds of 50-55 kt that night and the following morning.

Accelerating to 30 kt in the strong southwesterly flow southeast of Japan, Olga tracked northeastward and merged with a front east of Honshu late on the 29th.



FIGURE 4-31. Tropical Storm Olga 170 nm northeast of Majuro Atoll. The circulation depicted in the cloud pattern 1200 nm northwest of Olga is the remains of Nancy, 22 October 1972, 0108 GMT. (DAPP data)

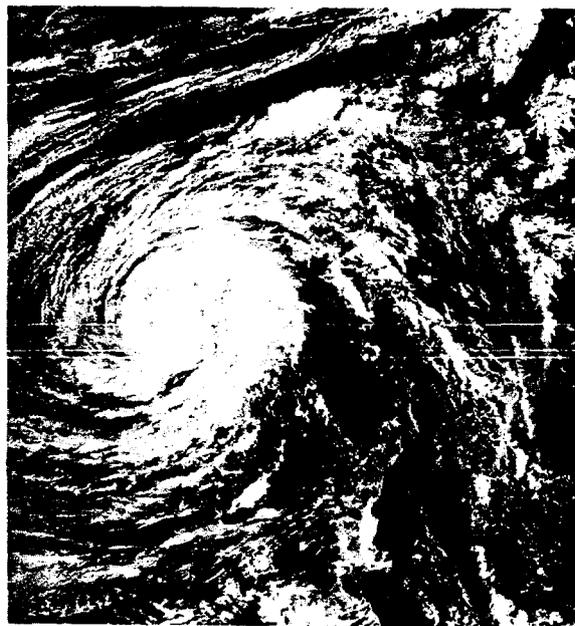


FIGURE 4-32. Typhoon Olga 300 nm south-southeast of Iwo Jima, 27 October 1972, 2201 GMT. (DAPP data)

TYPHOON PAMELA

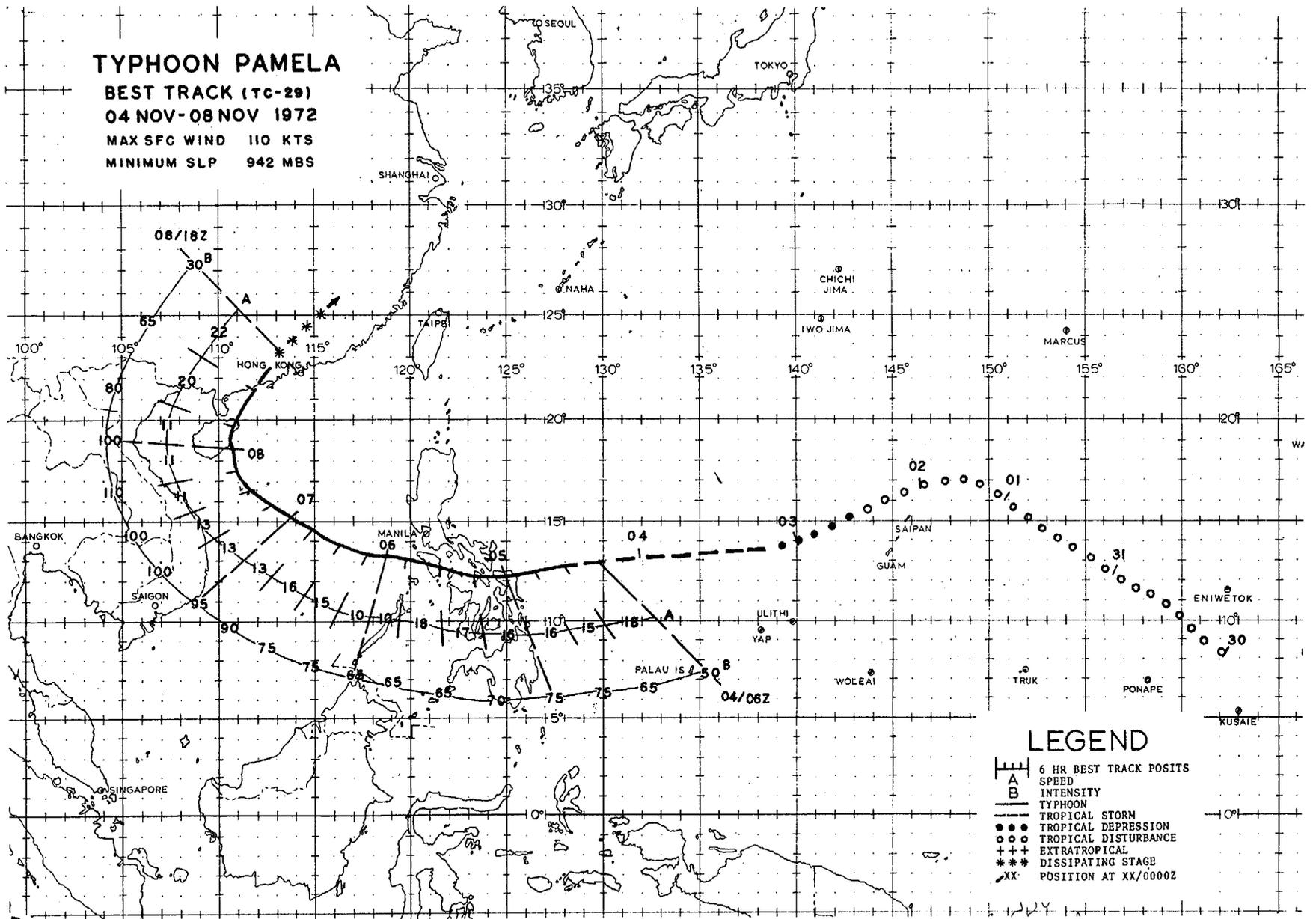
BEST TRACK (TC-29)

04 NOV-08 NOV 1972

MAX SFC WIND 110 KTS

MINIMUM SLP 942 MBS

60



LEGEND

- 6 HR BEST TRACK POSITS
- A SPEED
- B INTENSITY
- TYPHOON
- TROPICAL STORM
- TROPICAL DEPRESSION
- TROPICAL DISTURBANCE
- +++ EXTRATROPICAL
- *** DISSIPATING STAGE
- XX POSITION AT XX/0000Z

PAMELA

It was nearly a week after detection by satellite that Pamela reached typhoon intensity, just east of Samar Island, Republic of the Philippines.

The formative stage of Pamela appeared in the eastern Carolines, on 30 October, as an area of enhanced convection. The system was poorly organized for the next several days until it entered the Philippine Sea. Satellite data indicated that tropical-storm intensity was acquired on the afternoon of 3 November as Pamela passed 250 nm north of Yap.

Reconnaissance aircraft, in the afternoon of the following day, located Pamela near 15°N and 130.5°E. The storm was poorly organized with a calm area 40 nm in diameter, a central pressure of 1004 mb, and 700-mb-level winds of 48 kt in the eastern semicircle.

Pamela traversed the Philippine Sea at 15-18 kt as she moved under the influence of a strong subtropical ridge. Satellite pictures and military aircraft radar reports indicate Pamela developed to typhoon intensity prior to her landfall on Samar.

Making landfall on northern Samar the morning of the 5th, Pamela crossed the center of the Republic of the Philippines and emerged 24 hours later west of Mindoro Island. Four fatalities and estimated damage to property and crops of over 700,000 dollars (U.S.) were reported.

Upon entering the South China Sea on the 6th, Pamela's forward speed decreased to 10 kt. Her circulation began to expand as a ship 90 nm east of the center reported winds of 60 kt from the south (06/0000 GMT). Pamela headed west-northwest for the first 18 hours, then northwest on the 7th as a trough in the mid-troposphere moved across the Indo-China peninsula.

Passing near the Paracel Islands on the evening of the 7th, reconnaissance aircraft reported a central pressure of 942 mb as Pamela reached her peak intensity of 110 kt (Figure 4-33). As she approached Hainan Island in advance of the trough, Pamela began to recurve and skirted the eastern end of the island on the 8th.

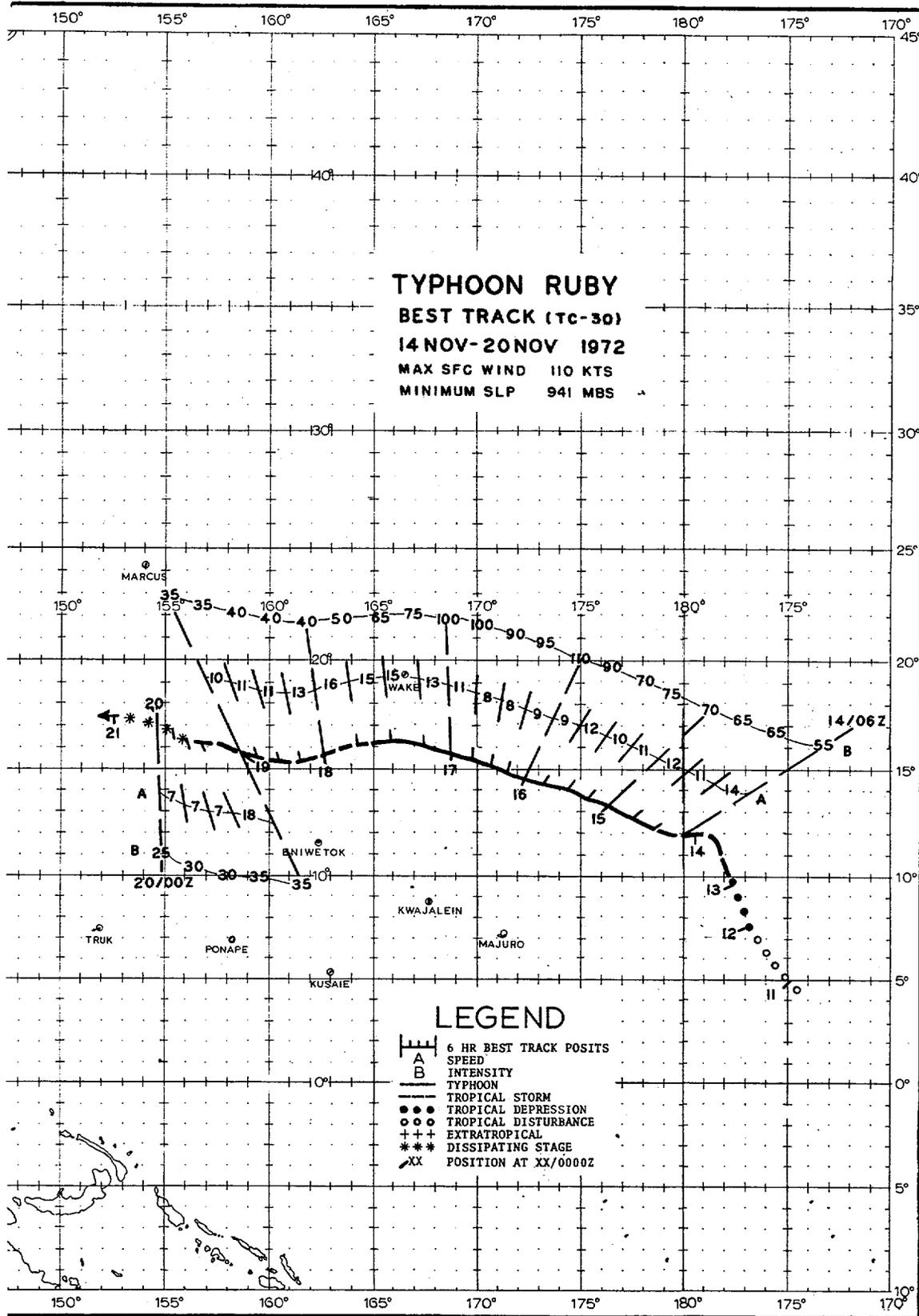
Pamela crossed the South China coast in Kwangtung Province about 180 nm west-southwest of Hong Kong. She moved inland during the evening and degenerated into an area of low pressure by the 9th.

Pamela brought strong winds to Hong Kong as gusts of 60 kt were recorded at the International Airport and 59 kt at the Royal Observatory.

As Pamela approached the southern China coast during high tide, flooding occurred in many low-lying areas of Hong Kong. One person was killed and eight were injured, but only minor property damage occurred in the colony. A freighter, SS VAN MINT, ran aground on the southern shore of Lei Yue Mun.



FIGURE 4-33. Typhoon Pamela in the South China Sea, 7 November 1972, 0300 GMT, ESSA-8 satellite.--Courtesy of Royal Observatory, Hong Kong



Ruby was the first tropical storm to form in the central Pacific and cross the international dateline since Typhoon Sarah in September 1967.

An area of enhanced convection was first evidenced in satellite pictures on 7 November south of the Hawaiian Islands near 4°N and 167°W. No organized circulation appeared until the 11th, at which time the system began to drift northward. Indication that winds had reached tropical storm strength was evidenced in satellite data by the 13th. Reconnaissance aircraft observed Ruby to have typhoon-strength winds just west of the international dateline on the 14th.

With a mid-tropospheric anticyclone located between Midway and Wake Island, Ruby moved on a west-northwesterly course at 9-12 kt for the next three days. She reached her peak intensity east of Taongi Atoll on the 16th as reconnaissance aircraft observed a central pressure of 944 mb and maximum winds of 110 kt.

Although the central pressure in Ruby had rapidly risen 20 mb to 983 mb during the morning of the 17th, reconnaissance aircraft observed 100-kt winds in a small band north of the center (Figure 4-34). This observed wind was relatively high for the standard pressure-wind relationship used at JTWC (Takahashi, 1939). By that afternoon the maximum winds had weakened considerably.

Passing south of Wake Island late on the 17th, Ruby was of minimal typhoon force as she shifted to a west-southwest heading. Like Nancy, Ruby moved beneath upper tropospheric westerlies while in the tropics and began to weaken significantly. On the 18th satellite pictures showed the cirrus canopy removed from over the center, revealing the low-level cloud structure of the storm (Figure 4-35). By late on the 19th, Ruby had been reduced to a tropical depression and finally dissipated east of the northern Marianas on the 21st.



FIGURE 4-34. Typhoon Ruby near her maximum intensity 270 nm south-southeast of Wake, 16 November 1972, 2118 GMT. [DAPP data]

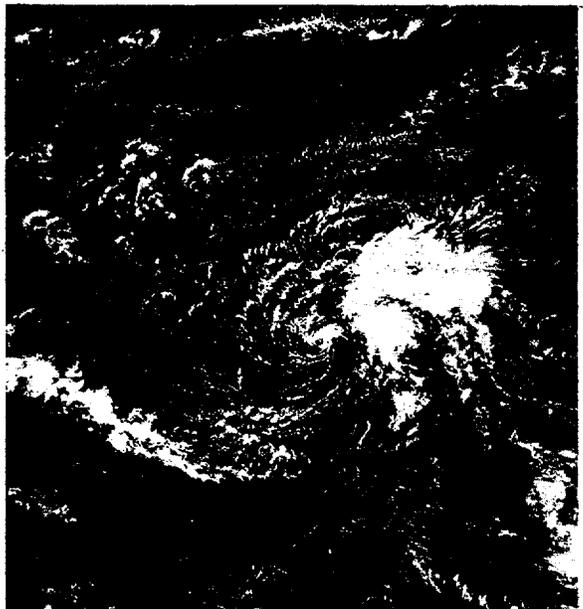


FIGURE 4-35. Low-level clouds outline the remains of Tropical Storm Ruby 300 nm southwest of Wake, 18 November 1972, 0123 GMT. [DAPP Data]

TYPHOON SALLY

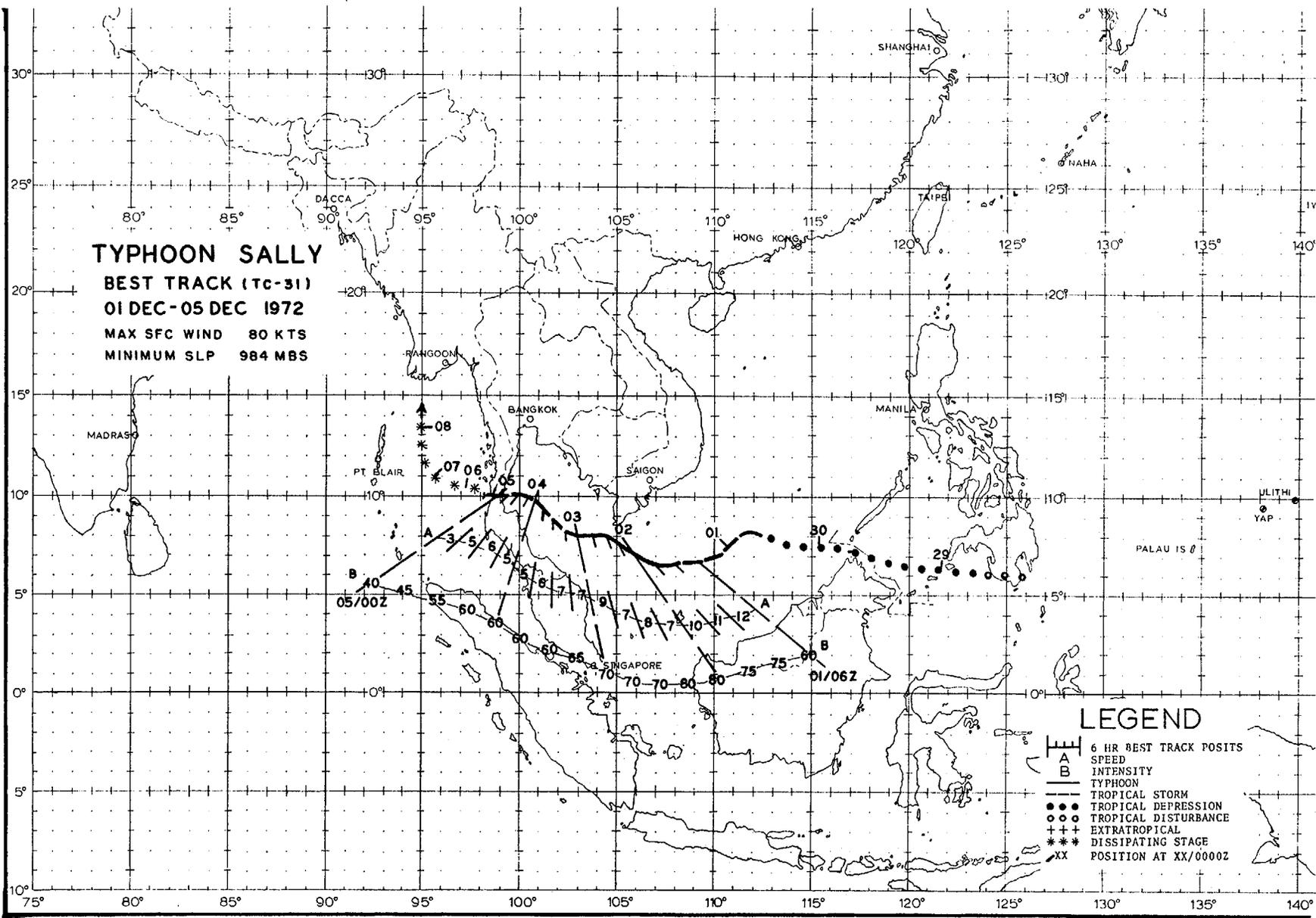
BEST TRACK (Tc-31)

01 DEC-05 DEC 1972

MAX SFC WIND 80 KTS

MINIMUM SLP 984 MBS

64



Sally was the first tropical cyclone to develop to typhoon intensity in the month of December since Pamela in 1966. She was also the first tropical cyclone of typhoon intensity, since before 1945, to transit the Gulf of Thailand.

Sally crossed the Sulu Sea on 29 November as a depression in the equatorial trough. Satellite pictures indicated increased organization as she entered the southern portion of the South China Sea. Continuing her low-latitude track, Sally came under the influence of an anticyclone centered south of Hainan Island and was forced equatorward late on the 30th.

Reconnaissance aircraft arrived in the area on the morning of 1 December. A small circular eye of 5 nm in diameter with a partially-formed wall cloud was located. The central pressure was 989 mb and flight level (700 mb) winds were 55 kt in the northeast quadrant. The Japanese ship, TAGAMARU, passed 50 nm northeast of the center (01/1200 GMT). She observed 60-kt winds from the south and a minimum pressure of 992.5 mb.

Attaining typhoon strength, Sally tracked westward, passing the southern tip

of Vietnam on the evening of the 2nd (Figure 3-36) and reaching her peak intensity of 80 kt. Sally's track across the Gulf of Thailand on 3-4 December followed the periphery of an irregularly-shaped mid-tropospheric ridge which dominated the synoptic pattern over the Indo-China peninsula.

Late on the 3rd, Sally fell below typhoon strength, continuing to weaken slowly before striking the coast of Thailand on the morning of the 5th. She moved ashore south of Chumphon and crossed the Malaya peninsula at 10°N. Moving over the Andaman Sea that evening, Sally never regained her former intensity and slowly dissipated during the next two days.

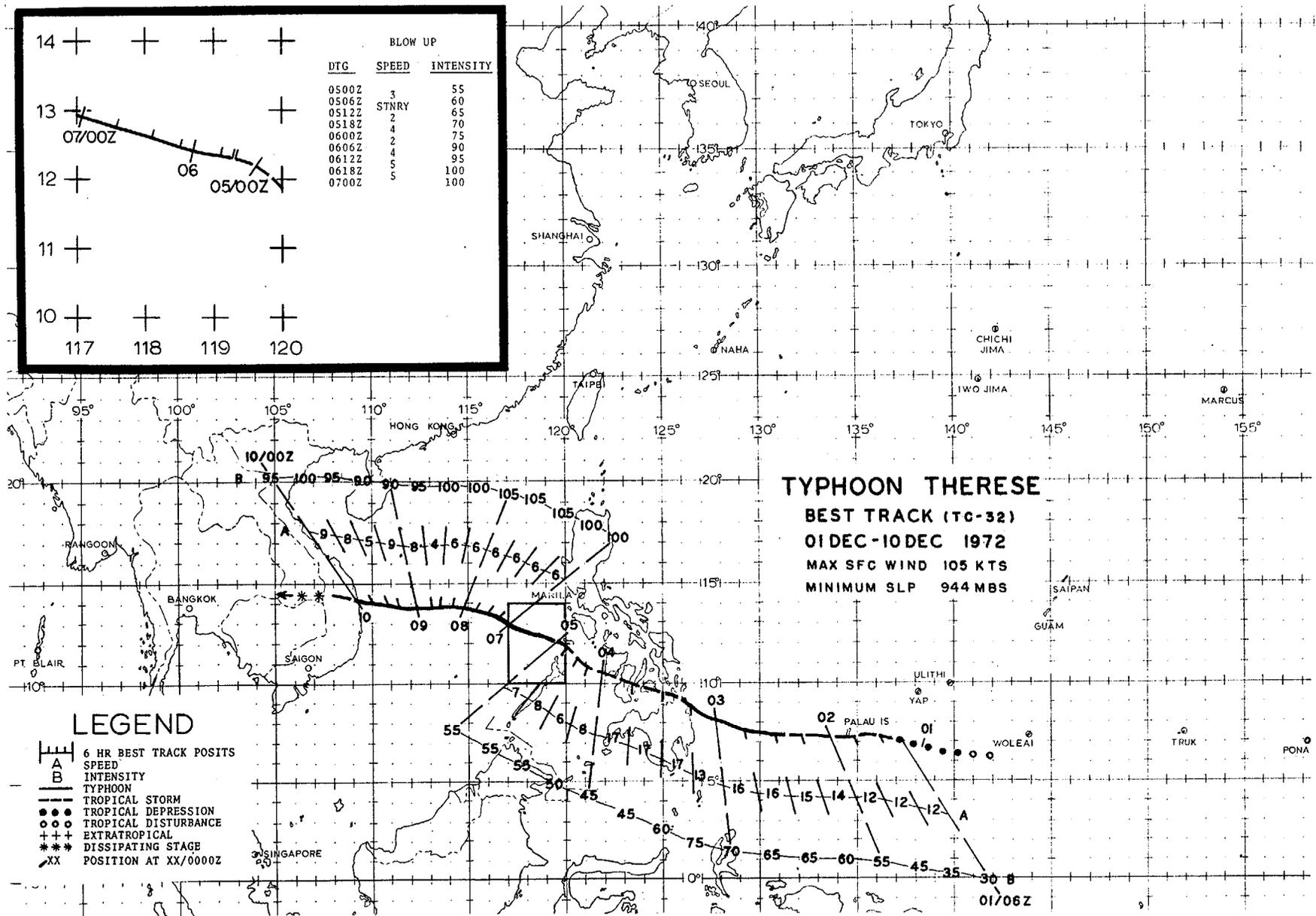
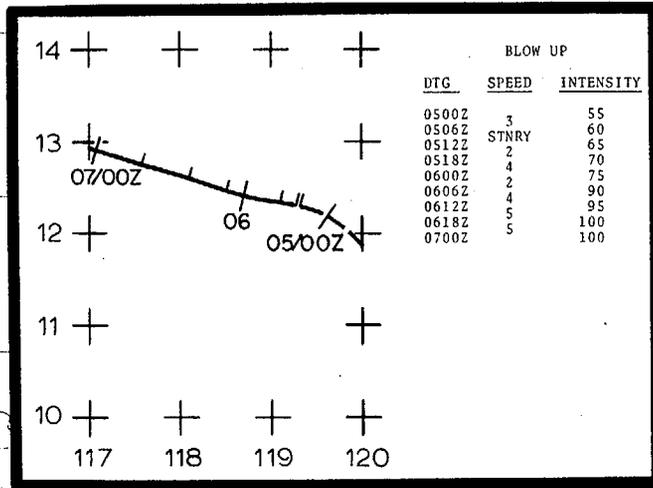
Sally brought heavy rains to Thailand, flooding Chumphon and several surrounding provinces (Figure 4-36). Agricultural crops were damaged, hundreds of houses were destroyed, and thousands of coconut trees were uprooted. Twenty trawlers on Samuni and Phangan islands off the coast from Surat Thani were sunk. In the aftermath of Sally, 11 persons were reported killed and five missing.



FIGURE 4-36. Typhoon Sally off the southern coast of Vietnam, 2 December 1972, 0316 GMT, ESSA-8 satellite.--Courtesy of Royal Observatory, Hong Kong



FIGURE 4-37. Floodwaters in the coastal town Chumphon, Thailand, resulting from the torrential rains of Sally.--Courtesy of Bangkok Post



99

THERESE

The season's last typhoon developed in the central Carolines from a circulation in the equatorial trough, first noted in satellite and synoptic data on 30 November. While Sally was navigating the South China Sea south of Vietnam, Therese intensified to tropical storm strength. Taking a westerly course, Therese approached the Palau Islands late on 1 December, passing near Koror the morning of the 2nd. Maximum winds observed at Koror were from the north at 43 kt (01/2013 GMT), gusting to 54 kt (01/2009 GMT). Minimum pressure was 995.8 mb (01/2030 GMT).

With the subtropical ridge located over the central Philippine Sea, Therese remained on a westerly course for the next 30 hours at 15-17 kt before making landfall on Mindanao. A few hours prior to the center moving ashore, the United Kingdom ship, DERWENTFIELD, observed 70-kt winds from the south and a minimum pressure of 999.0 mb.

Therese, weakened to tropical-storm intensity by terrain effects, crossed the southern Visayan Island Group the night of 2-3 December. She slowed to 7-8 kt over the northern Sulu Sea before passing over Vusuanga Island the morning of the 5th. The Cuyo Weather Station reported gusts of 55 kt (04/1132 GMT) as the center passed north of the island.

Considerable damage was reported in the Surigao del Sur, Misamis Oriental, and Surigao del Norte provinces of northern Mindanao. Over 4,700 homes were destroyed and 90% of the agricultural crops in these regions were damaged. Total damage estimates were placed at over a million dollars (U.S.). A death toll of 90 persons was

reported in the aftermath of the storm. Hardest hit was Cagayan de Oro where 87 persons were drowned in flash flooding in the mountainous terrain.

It took Therese five days to transit the South China Sea after leaving the Republic of the Philippines. This was, in part, due to a stationary trough off the eastern China coast which had weakened the subtropical ridge north of the storm, producing only a weak westerly steering current. Therese intensified significantly during the 24-hour period she was stalled just west of Busuanga Island, transforming from a strong tropical storm to a 95-kt typhoon (Figure 4-38). Her central pressure gradually dropped for the next several days until reconnaissance aircraft reported a minimum of 954 mb on the afternoon of the 8th.

The occurrence of such a well-developed typhoon and the fact that 90-100 kt maximum sustained winds persisted near her center for such a long time (four days) is rare for the South China Sea in December.

Therese arrived ashore on the South Vietnam coast near 14°N on the morning of the 10th. Qui Nhon, 20 nm south of the center, reported gusts of 78 kt and a minimum pressure of 999.8 mb during the typhoon's passage. More than 1,000 homes were heavily damaged and the village of Cat Trang virtually destroyed. Extensive crop damage in the region was also reported.

Moving inland over the highlands region on the evening of the 10th, Therese weakened to a low pressure area and dissipated over eastern Thailand on the 11th.

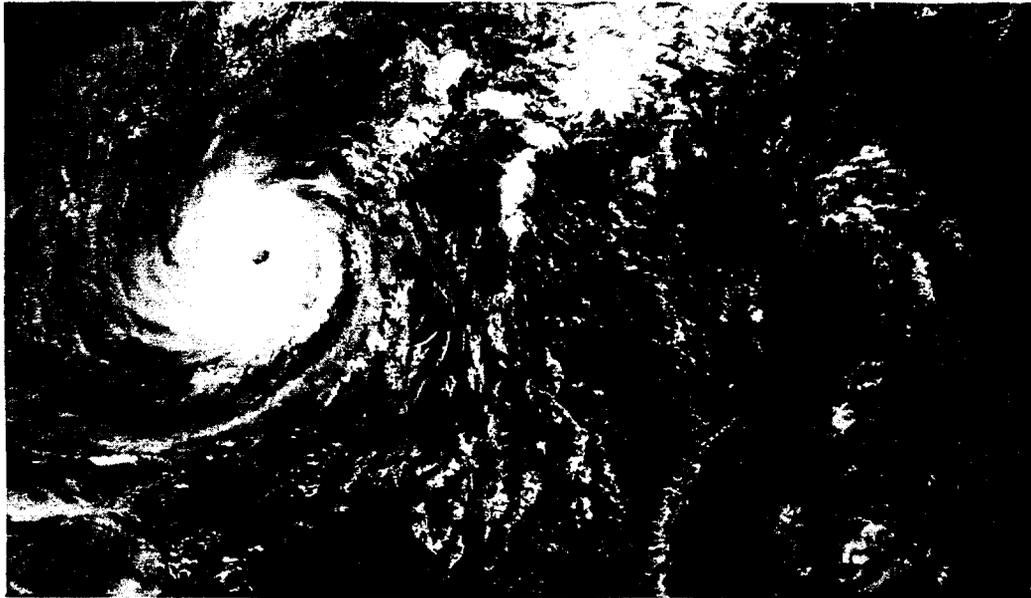


FIGURE 4-38. Typhoon Therese in the eastern South China Sea 90 nm west of Busuanga Island, Philippines, 6 December 1972, 0350 GMT. (DAPP data)

3. TYPHOON CENTER FIX DATA

a. DISCUSSION OF DATA:

(1) SATELLITE - These data, listed in the column labeled SAT, were derived from bulletins received from FLEWEAFAC and NESS Suitland. They were based on stored readout of ESSA-9 or NOAA-2 products. Bulletins from APT sites (identified by ICAO letters) were based on ESSA-8 imagery. The source and satellite designator appear in the remarks column. Unless otherwise noted, ESSA-9/NOAA-2 data were supplied by FLEWEAFAC Suitland. Intensity estimates, including two individual systems of classification, follow the fix category column. Detailed information on the interpretation of these data can be found in AWS Technical Report 212 (Section E) and NOAA Technical Memorandum 36.

(2) RADAR - This information is listed in the FIX CAT column and identified by platform as follows:

LRDR - Land Radar
AC R - Aircraft Radar
S RDR - Ship Radar

The latitude and longitude of land-based radars is given in the remarks column. The position of weather reconnaissance aircraft is relative to the vortex center. Position data for aircraft pilot reports (PIREPS) is not normally available. A list of land-based radars providing data in the fix printout follows:

LOCATION	STATION NO.	ICAO SIGN
15.2N 120.5E	98327	RPMK
16.1N 108.2E	48855	VVSD
24.0N 121.6E	46763	RCYU
24.3N 124.2E	47918	
24.8N 125.3E	47927	ROMY
25.0N 121.5E	46692	
25.1N 121.5E	46696	RCTP
26.2N 127.7E	47936	
26.3N 127.8E	47931	RODN
28.4N 129.5E	47909	
30.6N 131.0E	47869	
33.2N 134.2E	47899	
33.6N 130.5E	47808	RJFF
34.4N 132.4E	47765	
35.3N 136.9E	47635	RJNN
35.3N 138.7E	47639	
35.3N 139.7E	47696	RJTX
35.7N 139.8E	47662	RJTD
35.8N 139.4E	47643	RJTJ
36.4N 140.5E	47629	
37.1N 127.0E	47122	RKSO
38.1N 140.9E	47569	RJSS
38.3N 140.9E	47590	

(3) WEATHER RECONNAISSANCE AIRCRAFT - Data from reconnaissance aircraft are denoted in the FIX CAT column by the letter P (penetration). These data were normally obtained at scheduled fix times. Additional reconnaissance aircraft fixes are made during the peripheral data-gathering legs between scheduled fixes. These fixes normally provide date, time, and position data only.

The categories containing information from reconnaissance aircraft fixes are:

(a) ACCY (Accuracy)

The estimated navigation (first number) and meteorological (second number) accuracies are expressed in nautical miles.

(b) FLT LVL (Flight Level)

A constant-pressure-surface flight level (listed in millibars) is normally maintained during a tropical cyclone fix mission. Low-level missions (1500 feet) are conducted at a constant, true altitude.

(c) FLT LVL WND

Wind speed (kt) at flight level is measured by the AN/APN-82 doppler radar system aboard the WC-130 aircraft. The values entered in this category represent the maximum wind measured prior to obtaining a scheduled fix. This measurement may not represent the maximum wind because the aircraft samples only those portions of the central core region along the flight path. For this reason, the maximum wind observed may be significantly lower than the true maximum wind in the circulation (i.e., penetration through weak semicircle on first fix).

A limitation of the doppler radar system occasionally prevents the measurement of the maximum wind in intense typhoons. In areas of heavy rainfall, the radar may track energy reflected from precipitation rather than the sea surface, preventing accurate wind measurement. Also, the doppler radar mount on the WC-130 restricts wind measurements to drift angles $\leq 27^\circ$ if wind is normal to heading of aircraft.

(d) OBS SFC WND

The maximum surface wind (kt) observed from flight level is entered in this column. The observation is an estimate based on the state of the sea (refer to 9WRWGM 105-1, Vol II, pp 2-27, -28). The sampling limitation noted in paragraph (c) also exists for this category. In addition, availability of these data is dependent on undercast conditions. The position relative to the vortex center of items (c) and (d) need not coincide.

(e) OBS MIN SLP

The minimum, observed sea level pressure is normally obtained from a dropsonde released in the vortex center. If the ocean surface is visible, the dropsonde will be released over the center of the area of calm seas; otherwise it is released at the flight level wind center. If the fix is made at 1500 feet, the sea level pressure is extrapolated from that level.

(f) MIN 700 MB HT

The minimum height of the 700 mb surface in the vortex center is recorded in decameters.

(g) FLT LVL T_i/T_o

This denotes maximum temperature measured in the center (T_i) and ambient temperature outside the center (T_o). Ambient temperature is measured just prior to entering the wall cloud. Both temperature observations are in degrees celsius and are made at a flight level of constant pressure surface (700, 500 mb).

Reconnaissance aircraft seldom penetrate on the same azimuth from one fix to another. Thus, the position of T_o normally varies from the center, both in bearing and range. The distance is directly dependent on radar definition of the storm.

(h) EYE FORM/ORIENTATION/DIA

The shape and diameter (nautical miles) of the eye are determined by radar. This is reported only if the center is 50% or more surrounded by wall cloud (see definition in Appendix). The orientation of the major axis is for elliptical cases. Abbreviations for the eye

form are:

CIRC - Circular
ELIP - Elliptical
CONC - Concentric

(i) POSIT OF RADAR/REMARKS

This includes the items discussed in (1) and (2) and the remarks contained in the Detailed Vortex/Center Data Message that pertain to conditions near the center of the tropical cyclone. These remarks include character of the wall cloud and feederbands as depicted on the aircraft's radar (APN-59/X-band). Visual flight conditions such as cloudiness in the eye or center are mentioned. If an eye is not depicted on radar, the diameter of the surface or flight level wind center may be included. The storm mission number is entered to the far right of the column to indicate when fix data is received from different aircraft. Three entries of 04 would indicate three fixes obtained by an aircraft on the fourth mission conducted into a tropical cyclone. Abbreviations used in the remarks category follow:

ABBREVIATIONS

ABT	About	EVID	Evidence	PRESS	Pressure
ACFT	Aircraft	EXC	Excellent	PRELIM	Preliminary
ACTV	Activity	EXTDS	Extends	PRTL	Partial
ANAL	Analysis	FBS	Feeder Bands	PSBL	Possible
APPROX	Approximately	FIL	Filled	PSG	Passage
APPRS	Appears	FL	Flight Level	QUAD	Quadrant
APRNT	Apparent	FNTL	Frontal	RDR	Radar
BCMG	Becoming	FRMG	Forming	RETRN	Return
BGNG	Beginning	GRAD	Gradient	RMR	Remark
BLO	Below	GT	Greater Than	RPDLY	Rapidly
BLTN	Bulletin	HR	Hour	SAT	Satellite
BRKN	Broken	HVY	Heavy	SC	Stratocumulus
BRKS	Breaks	IMPVG	Improving	SEMIC	Semicircle
BRLY	Barely	IRREG	Irregular	SEV	Severe
BRT	Bright	K	Thousand	SFC	Surface
BSD	Based	KT	Knots	SHWG	Showing
CHG	Change	LCTD	Located	SML	Small
CI	Cirrus	LGT	Light	SPRL	Spiral
CIRC	Circulation	LND	Land	STG	Stage
CLD	Cloud	LRG	Large	STN	Station
CLSD	Closed	LTL	Little	STRM	Storm
CONSBL	Considerable	LTNG	Lightning	TEMPS	Temperatures
CONT	Continuous	L/V	Light and Variable	TF	Trough
CONV	Convective	MDT	Moderate	THKN	Thickness
CS	Cirrostratus	MSLP	Minimum Sea Level Pressure	TURB	Turbulence
CURV	Curvature	NEG	Negative	UKN	Unknown
DEF	Defined	NM	Nautical Miles	UNDET	Undetermined
DEVEL	Developed	NR	Near	V	Very
DEVELG	Developing	ORG	Organization	VSBL	Visible
DIA	Diameter	ORGANIZ	Organized	W/	With
DIF	Diffuse	OVC	Overcast	WC	Wall Cloud
DISORG	Disorganized	OVR	Over	WCS	Wall Clouds
DSPTG	Dissipating	PIREP	Pilot Report	WK	Weak
DTR	Determined	POSIT	Position	WKR	Weaker
ELSW	Elsewhere	PR	Poorly	WND	Wind
EST	Estimated	PRES	Presentation	YSTY	Yesterday

TYPHOON UMA
FIX POSITIONS FOR CYCLONE NO. 6
23 JUN - 26 JUN

FIA No.	TIME	POSIT	FIX CAT	ACCR MEI	FLT LVL	UWS SFC	UWS MIN	MIN 700MB	FLT LVL	EYE FORM	ORIENT- IATION	EYE DIA	THKN WALL	POSIT OF RADAR	REMARKS
1	230420Z	10.9N 130.0E	P	5 15	700MB	35	30	1006	310	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	230600Z	11.0N 130.0E	SAT	T2.5/2.5 PLUS/D1/24HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	230900Z	10.5N 127.9E	LKHM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9
4	232122Z	11.1N 127.7E	P	5 2	700MB	30	80	985	297	15	9	CIRC	-	25	10
5	240145Z	11.2N 127.2E	SAT	S10 X DIA J CAT 2.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CLSD WC
6	240350Z	11.4N 120.5E	P	15 5	850MB	50	65	981	-	16	11	CIRC	-	15	-
7	240607Z	11.8N 120.2E	P	-	700MB	50	65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 8 (RUUN) WC PR DEF OPEN NE-SW
8	240900Z	12.3N 125.7E	P	-	500MB	40	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	241742Z	13.5N 123.4E	LKHM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CLSD WC
10	242100Z	13.8N 122.8E	LKHM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15-2N 120-5E
11	242328Z	14.1N 122.0E	P	10 5	500MB	70	-	987	-	-	-	-	-	-	15-2N 120-5E
12	242330Z	14.1N 122.0E	LKHM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CLSD WC
13	250115Z	14.4N 121.7E	LKHM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15-2N 120-5E
14	250236Z	12.5N 119.6E	SAT	S10 X DIA NA CAT 2.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 8 (RUUN)
15	250325Z	14.8N 121.1E	LKHM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15-2N 120-5E
16	250335Z	17.5N 119.7E	SAT	S10 X DIA 6 CAT 2.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 8 (RUUN)
17	250340Z	14.8N 121.1E	LKHM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15-2N 120-5E
18	250410Z	14.8N 120.8E	LKHM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15-2N 120-5E
19	250610Z	15.3N 120.6E	LKHM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15-2N 120-5E
20	250629Z	14.8N 119.5E	SAT	T4.0/4.5/WO/24HRS (NESS)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9
21	250710Z	15.4N 120.4E	LKHM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9
22	250825Z	16.4N 117.3E	P	10 10	700MB	60	-	987	298	13	11	CIRC	-	10	-
23	251640Z	17.0N 117.5E	AC M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15-2N 120-5E WC PR DEF
24	252100Z	17.0N 110.0E	AC M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	252205Z	17.7N 115.5E	P	10 10	700MB	40	85	987	297	14	12	CIRC	-	20	-
26	260400Z	18.3N 114.9E	P	10 10	500MB	45	85	-	-	5	9	CIRC	-	-	CLSD WC NEG EYE
27	260728Z	19.0N 111.5E	SAT	T3.0/4.0 MINUS/WO.5/24HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9
28	260730Z	18.6N 111.0E	P	10 15	500MB	50	85	-	-	3	1	-	-	-	NEG EYE
29	261220Z	19.3N 112.5E	AC R	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TYPHOON PHYLLIS
FIX POSITIONS FOR CYCLONE NO. 7
6 JUL - 16 JUL

FIA No.	TIME	POSIT	FIX CAT	ACCR MEI	FLT LVL	UWS SFC	UWS MIN	MIN 700MB	FLT LVL	EYE FORM	ORIENT- IATION	EYE DIA	THKN WALL	POSIT OF RADAR	REMARKS
1	062220Z	8.9N 156.3E	P	5 10	700MB	30	50	1005	311	9	9	-	-	-	NEG EYE
2	070315Z	9.0N 156.2E	P	5 7	700MB	30	45	-	306	12	11	-	-	-	NEG EYE
3	070442Z	10.0N 157.0E	SAT	T3.0/3.0/D1.5/24HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9
4	071040Z	9.4N 155.6E	P	20 20	700MB	35	-	1006	310	10	10	-	-	-	NEG EYE
5	071618Z	9.7N 157.4E	P	25 20	700MB	35	-	999	307	15	12	-	-	-	NEG WC
6	080023Z	10.0N 157.0E	SAT	S10 C+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 8 (GUAM)
7	080345Z	10.5N 155.0E	SAT	T3.5/3.5/D0.5/24HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9
8	080415Z	10.8N 155.1E	P	3 3	700MB	35	50	995	305	16	9	ELIP	SW-NW	18X10	5
9	080630Z	10.8N 155.0E	P	-	700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	WC SW
10	080955Z	11.0N 155.6E	P	5 10	700MB	45	-	984	305	15	11	CIRC	-	30	20
11	081540Z	11.4N 155.2E	P	10 10	700MB	40	-	990	301	14	10	CIRC	-	15	-
12	081818Z	11.9N 155.0E	P	-	700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	WC BRK SW
13	082140Z	12.2N 154.8E	P	15 10	700MB	40	40	-	300	15	11	CIRC	-	10	-
14	080400Z	12.8N 154.5E	P	20 10	700MB	65	-	993	299	12	10	ELIP	E-W	20X 8	-
15	080444Z	13.0N 155.5E	SAT	4.5/4.5/D1.0/24HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	OVC AS IN EYE
16	080514Z	13.8N 154.5E	P	-	700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9
17	091000Z	13.2N 154.5E	P	5 2	700MB	55	40	987	298	14	11	CIRC	-	20	4
18	092315Z	13.2N 154.2E	P	10 5	700MB	75	90	971	285	16	11	ELIP	E-W	25X20	-
19	100056Z	13.1N 154.2E	P	-	700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	WC OPEN SE
20	100347Z	13.4N 154.5E	SAT	T5.5/5.5/D1.0/24HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9
21	100400Z	13.2N 154.1E	P	15 10	700MB	80	130	971	278	15	11	ELIP	E-W	10X20	8
22	101015Z	13.5N 154.0E	P	10 2	700MB	78	-	949	265	17	10	CIRC	-	12	4
23	101555Z	13.7N 153.9E	P	10 2	700MB	70	-	944	250	18	11	CIRC	-	15	4
24	102300Z	14.1N 154.1E	P	2 2	700MB	80	100	944	261	18	11	CIRC	-	15	5
25	110350Z	14.8N 154.0E	P	5 2	700MB	85	120	950	284	21	13	ELIP	SW-NW	15X12	5
26	110443Z	15.0N 154.0E	SAT	T6.0/6.0/D0.5/24HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9
27	111552Z	15.8N 153.4E	P	5 3	700MB	80	-	-	276	20	10	CIRC	-	25	10
28	111530Z	14.4N 153.6E	P	10 4	700MB	80	-	970	276	14	10	-	-	-	WC PR DEF
29	112230Z	17.7N 152.2E	P	10 10	700MB	78	100	959	279	21	10	CIRC	-	40	-
30	112335Z	14.6N 152.7E	SAT	S10 X DIA 4 CAT 4.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 8 (RUUN)
31	120300Z	14.3N 152.2E	P	-	700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	120325Z	18.8N 152.5E	P	10 10	700MB	65	100	962	280	16	13	CIRC	-	40	-
33	120351Z	14.0N 152.0E	SAT	S10 X DIA NA CAT 3.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	WC OPEN SE
34	121350Z	21.0N 148.9E	P	10 15	700MB	50	-	966	282	19	14	CIRC	-	50	-
35	121550Z	21.3N 148.4E	P	10 40	700MB	90	-	964	280	18	10	CIRC	-	50	5
36	122220Z	21.4N 148.6E	P	5 5	700MB	-	80	967	280	18	12	ELIP	E-W	35X30	5
37	130044Z	22.4N 145.7E	SAT	S10 X DIA 3 CAT 3.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CLSD WC
38	130330Z	24.3N 143.3E	P	5 5	700MB	-	80	952	268	19	12	ELIP	N-W	35X20	5
39	130945Z	24.5N 143.6E	P	1 3	700MB	70	80	945	264	23	14	CIRC	-	20	5
40	131140Z	24.8N 143.1E	P	-	700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	WC OPEN W
41	131545Z	25.4N 142.3E	P	5 5	700MB	80	-	954	270	20	12	CIRC	-	25	5
42	140134Z	27.4N 141.2E	SAT	S10 C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	WC OPEN W
43	140445Z	28.4N 139.9E	P	10 10	700MB	45	45	975	288	15	8	-	-	-	ESSA 8 (RUUN)
44	141030Z	29.4N 138.6E	P	10 10	700MB	65	-	980	292	15	11	-	-	-	NEG DEF
45	141207Z	29.6N 138.4E	P	-	700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	WC PR DEF OPEN S
46	141500Z	29.9N 138.3E	P	10 40	700MB	65	-	985	295	15	16	-	-	-	-
47	142202Z	30.9N 137.6E	P	10 10	700MB	55	-	983	295	18	14	-	-	-	NEG EYE
48	150125Z	32.8N 138.1E	LKHM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NEG EYE
49	150130Z	32.7N 138.2E	LKHM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35-3N 139-4E
50	150457Z	33.0N 138.0E	SAT	T4.0/5.0 MINUS/WO.5/24HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9
51	150800Z	34.6N 137.8E	LKHM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35-3N 138-7E
52	150900Z	34.9N 137.8E	LKHM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35-3N 138-7E
53	151000Z	35.1N 138.0E	LKHM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35-3N 138-7E
54	151100Z	35.0N 137.1E	LKHM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35-3N 136-9E
55	151200Z	35.0N 137.1E	LKHM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35-3N 136-9E
56	151200Z	35.0N 137.0E	LKHM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35-3N 138-7E
57	160556Z	36.5N 135.5E	SAT	T2.0/3.0 MINUS/W2.0/24HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9

TTPH00N N11A
 FIX POSITIONS FOR CYCLONE NO. 8
 0 JUL - 26 JUL

FIA NO.	TIME	POSII	FIA CAT	ACCKY ADV-MET	FLT LVL	FLI LVL	UBS SFC WND	UBS MIN SLP	MIN /UUMB MET	FLI LVL	EYE FCRN	UNIDEN- IATION	EYE DIA	TRKN WALL CLD	POSIT OF. MALAM	/REMARKS
100	221350Z	26.9N 125.2E	P	5 -6												
101	221350Z	26.9N 125.9E	LKUR													
102	221400Z	26.9N 125.1E	LKUR													
103	221400Z	26.9N 124.7E	LKUR													
104	221450Z	26.9N 124.9E	LKUR													
105	221500Z	26.9N 125.0E	LKUR													
106	221500Z	26.9N 124.7E	LKUR													
107	221600Z	26.2N 124.9E	LKUR													
108	221600Z	25.9N 124.9E	LKUR													
109	221635Z	26.0N 125.6E	LKUR													
110	221642Z	25.8N 125.6E	LKUR													
111	221900Z	26.1N 125.2E	LKUR													
112	221900Z	26.1N 125.1E	LKUR													
113	222000Z	26.0N 125.3E	LKUR													
114	222000Z	26.0N 125.1E	LKUR													
115	222030Z	25.9N 125.1E	P	3 10												
116	222115Z	26.3N 125.7E	LKUR													
117	222200Z	25.7N 125.2E	P	3 5												
118	222200Z	25.8N 125.0E	LKUR													
119	222200Z	25.7N 125.0E	LKUR													
120	230000Z	25.4N 125.0E	LKUR													
121	230000Z	25.0N 124.9E	LKUR													
122	230136Z	23.5N 125.3E	SAT	SIG	A	LIA	0	CaT	4.0							
123	230200Z	25.4N 125.0E	LKUR													
124	230200Z	25.5N 125.2E	LKUR													
125	230300Z	25.4N 125.2E	LKUR													
126	230300Z	25.4N 125.1E	LKUR													
127	230400Z	25.7N 125.3E	LKUR													
128	230400Z	25.9N 125.0E	LKUR													
129	230400Z	24.9N 125.1E	LKUR													
130	230430Z	25.5N 125.3E	LKUR													
131	230500Z	25.5N 124.9E	LKUR													
132	230530Z	25.2N 125.3E	LKUR													
133	230550Z	25.3N 125.4E	P	3 2												
134	230600Z	25.2N 125.1E	LKUR													
135	230610Z	25.2N 125.7E	LKUR													
136	230657Z	25.3N 125.0E	SAT	SIG	A	LIA	4	CaT	3.5							
137	230700Z	25.1N 125.3E	LKUR													
138	230700Z	25.1N 125.0E	LKUR													
139	230707Z	25.1N 125.3E	P	3 2												
140	230715Z	25.0N 125.8E	LKUR													
141	230745Z	24.8N 125.3E	LKUR													
142	230800Z	25.0N 124.6E	LKUR													
143	230800Z	25.0N 125.3E	LKUR													
144	230800Z	25.0N 124.9E	LKUR													
145	230815Z	25.2N 125.7E	LKUR													
146	230830Z	24.8N 125.3E	LKUR													
147	230900Z	25.0N 125.3E	LKUR													
148	230900Z	25.0N 124.6E	LKUR													
149	230900Z	24.8N 125.3E	LKUR													
150	231000Z	24.9N 125.3E	LKUR													
151	231000Z	24.8N 125.5E	LKUR													
152	231000Z	24.8N 125.5E	LKUR													
153	231000Z	24.8N 125.3E	LKUR													
154	231100Z	24.8N 125.5E	LKUR													
155	231100Z	24.8N 125.8E	LKUR													
156	231200Z	24.8N 125.3E	LKUR													
157	231330Z	24.9N 126.0E	LKUR													
158	231400Z	24.7N 125.9E	LKUR													
159	231400Z	25.0N 125.9E	LKUR													
160	231400Z	24.8N 125.7E	LKUR													
161	231530Z	24.8N 125.8E	LKUR													
162	231600Z	24.8N 125.8E	LKUR													
163	231600Z	24.2N 125.9E	LKUR													
164	231600Z	24.7N 126.0E	LKUR													
165	231700Z	24.8N 126.3E	LKUR													
166	231710Z	24.6N 126.2E	LKUR													
167	231725Z	24.5N 126.2E	LKUR													
168	231811Z	24.9N 126.4E	LKUR													
169	231900Z	25.0N 126.5E	LKUR													
170	231900Z	24.9N 126.4E	LKUR													
171	231900Z	25.0N 126.6E	LKUR													
172	231932Z	24.8N 126.3E	LKUR													
173	232000Z	25.0N 126.5E	LKUR													
174	232100Z	25.2N 126.8E	LKUR													
175	232100Z	25.3N 126.7E	LKUR													
176	232100Z	25.1N 126.7E	LKUR													
177	232200Z	25.3N 126.9E	LKUR													
178	232300Z	25.5N 126.8E	P	2 10												
179	232300Z	25.5N 126.8E	LKUR													
180	232300Z	25.4N 126.7E	LKUR													
181	240000Z	25.5N 126.8E	LKUR													
182	240000Z	25.6N 126.8E	LKUR													
183	240100Z	25.6N 126.9E	LKUR													
184	240100Z	25.6N 127.0E	LKUR													
185	240110Z	25.7N 126.8E	P	5 10												
186	240200Z	25.7N 127.0E	LKUR													
187	240200Z	25.7N 127.0E	LKUR													
188	240222Z	25.6N 126.9E	SAT	SIG	A	LIA	5	CaT	3.0							
189	240300Z	25.8N 127.0E	P													
190	240300Z	24.7N 127.1E	LKUR													
191	240300Z	25.7N 127.1E	LKUR													
192	240345Z	25.9N 127.1E	P	5 10												
193	240400Z	25.9N 127.3E	LKUR													
194	240400Z	25.8N 127.1E	LKUR													
195	240500Z	25.8N 127.4E	LKUR													
196	240500Z	25.8N 127.3E	LKUR													
197	240600Z	26.2N 127.0E	SAT	T6.0/6.0PLUS/50/24HRS												
198	240600Z	26.1N 127.4E	LKUR													

TYphoon KITA
FIX POSITIONS FOR CYCLONE NO: 8
6 JUL - 26 JUL

FIA No.	TIME	POSIT	FIA CAT	ALCYM NAV-MET	FLT LVL	UWS SFC WNU	UWS MIN SLP	MIN 700MB HGT	FLT LVL TLTU	EYE FCNRM	UNICM- IAIUN DIA	EYE DIA	WALL CLD	FMKN	POSIT OF HADR	REMARKS
199	240000Z	26.1N 127.3E	LRUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.2N 127.7E	
200	240127Z	26.1N 127.3E	LRUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.2N 127.7E	34
201	240140Z	26.2N 127.3E	P	-	700MB	65	-	272	13 11	CIRC	-	30	20	-	26.2N 127.7E	
202	240300Z	26.4N 127.5E	LMUN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.2N 127.7E	
203	241000Z	26.5N 127.6E	LMUN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.2N 127.7E	35
204	241027Z	26.5N 127.7E	P	3 3	700MB	81	45	268	15 13	CIRC	-	30	15	-	26.2N 127.7E	
205	241200Z	26.7N 127.7E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.2N 127.7E	
206	241215Z	26.7N 127.6E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.3N 127.8E	
207	241234Z	26.8N 127.5E	P	10 5	700MB	72	-	270	15 14	CIRC	-	30	15	-	26.2N 127.7E	35
208	241245Z	27.0N 127.6E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.3N 127.8E	
209	241400Z	27.1N 127.9E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
210	241400Z	27.1N 127.7E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.2N 127.7E	
211	241500Z	27.3N 127.6E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.2N 127.7E	
212	241600Z	27.5N 127.5E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
213	241600Z	27.4N 127.6E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.2N 127.7E	
214	241700Z	27.0N 127.6E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
215	241700Z	27.0N 127.5E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.2N 127.7E	
216	241700Z	27.7N 127.7E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.3N 127.8E	
217	241800Z	27.1N 127.8E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
218	241800Z	27.7N 127.8E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.2N 127.7E	
219	241800Z	27.7N 127.8E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.3N 127.8E	
220	241900Z	27.7N 127.9E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
221	241900Z	27.0N 127.6E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.2N 127.7E	
222	242000Z	26.5N 127.7E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
223	250115Z	26.3N 129.0E	P	4 10	700MB	05	-	957	272	15 13	CIRC	-	45	-	26.4N 129.5E	36
224	250124Z	26.7N 127.9E	SAT	S10 A	DIA 5	CAT 3.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
225	250200Z	26.7N 127.9E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
226	250335Z	26.9N 127.8E	P	5 10	700MB	70	-	956	271	15 12	CIRC	-	40	-	26.4N 129.5E	36
227	250400Z	26.1N 127.8E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
228	250500Z	26.3N 127.7E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
229	250507Z	26.5N 127.5E	SAT	T5.0/6.0/W1.0/24HRS	-	-	-	955	271	15 13	CIRC	-	40	-	26.4N 129.5E	36
230	250525Z	26.4N 127.6E	P	5 10	700MB	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
231	250700Z	26.5N 127.6E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
232	250800Z	26.0N 127.7E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
233	250900Z	26.0N 127.6E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
234	251000Z	26.0N 127.6E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
235	251000Z	26.2N 127.5E	P	-	700MB	80	45	958	273	14 12	CIRC	-	45	-	26.4N 129.5E	37
236	251100Z	26.5N 127.5E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
237	251210Z	26.0N 127.2E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
238	251230Z	26.0N 126.2E	P	-	700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
239	251300Z	26.0N 127.2E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
240	251310Z	26.7N 127.1E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
241	251400Z	26.8N 127.3E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
242	251500Z	26.2N 126.3E	P	5 7	700MB	45	-	965	277	14 13	CIRC	-	40	-	26.4N 129.5E	37
243	251500Z	26.5N 126.2E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
244	251707Z	26.0N 126.2E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
245	251800Z	26.8N 126.3E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
246	251810Z	26.5N 126.3E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
247	251900Z	26.1N 126.4E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
248	251945Z	26.0N 126.3E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
249	252000Z	26.0N 126.2E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
250	252000Z	26.2N 126.4E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
251	252045Z	26.0N 126.3E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
252	252100Z	26.1N 126.3E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
253	252100Z	26.1N 126.3E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
254	252200Z	26.7N 126.1E	LMUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
255	260210Z	26.8N 124.2E	SAT	S10 A	DIA 3	CAT 3.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
256	260215Z	26.5N 124.3E	SAT	S10 A	DIA NA	CAT 2.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
257	260600Z	26.0N 122.5E	SAT	T4.5/5.0/MINUS/W0.5/24HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	

TYphoon SUSAN

FIX POSITIONS FOR CYCLONE NO: 9
5 JUL - 13 JUL

FIA No.	TIME	POSIT	FIA CAT	ALCYM NAV-MET	FLT LVL	UWS SFC WNU	UWS MIN SLP	MIN 700MB HGT	FLT LVL TLTU	EYE FCNRM	UNICM- IAIUN DIA	EYE DIA	WALL CLD	FMKN	POSIT OF HADR	REMARKS
1	051700Z	16.0N 124.0E	SAT	S10 B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
2	060734Z	15.0N 121.5E	SAT	T1.5/1.5/DO.5/24HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
3	070500Z	16.5N 120.3E	LMUN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
4	070637Z	16.0N 120.5E	SAT	T2.0/2.0/ - -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
5	080212Z	16.5N 117.0E	SAT	S10 C+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
6	080215Z	17.0N 117.5E	SAT	STC UNK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
7	080736Z	16.0N 117.5E	SAT	T3.0/3.0/D1.0/24HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
8	080927Z	16.8N 118.1E	P	10 5	700MB	40	25	985	258	14 12	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	03
9	081045Z	16.9N 118.1E	P	-	700MB	-	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
10	090305Z	21.0N 118.3E	SAT	S10 C+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
11	090630Z	21.1N 117.1E	P	2 1	700MB	35	50	-	274	18 16	ELIP	20-NE	10X 5	-	26.4N 129.5E	04
12	090644Z	21.2N 117.2E	SAT	T3.0/3.0/S0/24HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
13	091000Z	21.5N 116.6E	P	2 2	700MB	52	70	-	276	18 16	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	04
14	100738Z	21.5N 115.4E	SAT	T3.0/3.0/S0/24HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
15	101410Z	21.1E 116.2E	P	1 8	700MB	45	90	-	-	19	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	05
16	101600Z	21.4N 116.0E	P	-	700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
17	101623Z	21.3N 116.1E	P	-	700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
18	101610Z	21.3N 116.2E	P	-	700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
19	101612Z	21.3N 116.2E	P	1 5	700MB	30	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	05
20	110200Z	21.8N 117.2E	SAT	S10 C+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
21	110400Z	22.0N 117.1E	SAT	T3.0/3.0/S0/24 HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
22	120150Z	22.5N 117.0E	SAT	S10 C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
23	120739Z	22.4N 117.1E	SAT	T2.5/3.0/W0.5/24HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	
24	130239Z	22.4N 116.2E	SAT	S10 B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	

TYPHOON TESS
FIX POSITIONS FOR CYCLONE NO: 10
7 JUL - 24 JUL

FIX NO.	TIME	POSIT	FIX CAT	ACCHY NAV-ME1	FLT LVL	FLT WND	SFC WND	Obs SLP	MIN 700MB hPa	FLT LVL TI/TO	EYE FORM	UNIDEN- TATION	EYE DIA	IMKN WALL CLD	POSIT OF RADAR	/REMARKS	
1	070246Z	12.5N 173.0E	SAT	STG											ESSA 9		
2	080345Z	13.5N 169.0E	SAT	TI.5/2.0MINUS/WO.5/24HRS											ESSA 9		
3	082224Z	8.0N 170.0E	SAT	SIG											ESSA 8 (GUAM)		
4	090248Z	13.0N 168.5E	SAT	TI.5/1.5/SO/24HRS											ESSA 9		
5	100347Z	14.0N 167.0E	SAT	T2.0/2.0PLUS/D1.0/24HRS											ESSA 9		
6	110254Z	13.5N 167.0E	SAT	T3.0/3.0/D1.0/24HRS											ESSA 9		
7	120347Z	13.0N 169.5E	SAT	T4.0/4.0/D1.0/24HRS											ESSA 9		
8	121145Z	14.3N 164.0E	P	10 15 700MB 40				986	297	16 12					WC FRMG SE	01	
9	121510Z	14.3N 164.2E	P	10 15 700MB 52				980	290	16 13	CIRC		25		WC OPEN S AND W	01	
10	122200Z	13.8N 163.4E	P	5 5 700MB 50				981	294	15 10					WC PRIL FUHMEU	02	
11	122307Z	13.8N 163.2E	P	5 5 700MB 60				980	293	15 13						02	
12	130241Z	13.4N 162.8E	P	5 10 700MB				977	290	15 12						03	
13	130451Z	13.2N 162.8E	SAT	T5.5/5.5PLUS/D1.0/24HRS											ESSA 9		
14	131122Z	13.1N 161.2E	P	10 10 700MB 85					288	19 15	CIRC		40		WC OPEN N	02	
15	131800Z	12.8N 161.1E	P	15 10 700MB 85					292	19 11	CIRC		45		WC OPEN N	03	
16	140351Z	12.5N 159.0E	SAT	T6.0/6.0PLUS/D1.0/24HRS											ESSA 9		
17	141807Z	13.0N 157.2E	P	15 10 700MB 115					261	21 10	CIRC		35		WC OPEN N	04	
18	142137Z	13.4N 156.5E	P	15 10 700MB 115		130			264	19 12	CIRC		35		WC OPEN N	04	
19	150322Z	13.8N 156.9E	SAT	STG X DIA 4 CAT 4.0											ESSA 8 (RUDN)		
20	150430Z	14.7N 156.9E	P	5 5 700MB 90				945	262	18 10	CIRC		30	15	WC OPEN N	05	
21	150448Z	14.5N 156.0E	SAT	T5.0/6.0MINUS/W1.0/24HRS											ESSA 9		
22	150448Z	14.5N 156.0E	SAT	STG X DIA 2 CAT 3.5											ESSA 9		
23	150910Z	15.1N 155.7E	P	10 5 700MB 100					940	257	19 11	CIRC			WC OPEN N	05	
24	151225Z	15.8N 155.2E	AC M														
25	151330Z	16.0N 155.9E	AC M														
26	160400Z	18.1N 153.8E	P	4 2 700MB 110		115		940	257	20 11	CIRC		25	5	WC OPEN S	06	
27	160403Z	18.0N 154.0E	SAT	T7.0/7.0MINUS/D2.0/24HRS											ESSA 9		
28	161012Z	19.3N 153.3E	P	5 3 700MB 100					945	262	17 14	CIRC		30	5	WC OPEN S	06
29	161853Z	20.8N 152.8E	P	3 2 700MB 75					949	264	16 12	CIRC		25	5	WC OPEN S SEMIC	07
30	170452Z	20.5N 151.8E	SAT	T5.0/6.0/W2.0/24HRS											ESSA 9		
31	170452Z	21.5N 151.5E	UVOKAK I NC.15														
32	171106Z	21.9N 151.1E	P	15 5 700MB 70					940	262	20 12	CIRC		25	10	WC OPEN S	08
33	171501Z	22.1N 150.8E	P	10 5 700MB 75					949	264	18 13	CIRC		25	10	WC OPEN S	08
34	180352Z	23.5N 150.5E	SAT	T5.0/6.0PLUS/SO/24HRS											ESSA 9		
35	181012Z	23.0N 149.2E	P	10 10 700MB 75						215	20 16				WC OPEN SE-NW	09	
36	181202Z	23.8N 149.1E	P	10 10 700MB 100						277	19 16					09	
37	181222Z	24.2N 149.1E	P	10 10 700MB 100						277	19 16				NO DEF	09	
38	190152Z	24.9N 148.4E	P	10 10 700MB 87		90			967	281	17					10	
39	190152Z	24.9N 148.4E	P	10 10 700MB 87		90											
40	190252Z	25.8N 149.2E	P	10 10 700MB 75		85			962	278	16				LYND CLDS IN CNTR	10	
41	190452Z	26.0N 149.0E	SAT	T5.0/5.0/SO/24HRS											ESSA 9		
42	191012Z	26.0N 149.0E	P	2 5 700MB 50					964	279	15 15				SC UNDERCAST IN CNTR	11	
43	191442Z	26.2N 148.1E	P	2 5 700MB													
44	191430Z	26.3N 147.8E	P	3 3 700MB 54											SC UNDERCAST IN CNTR	11	
45	200052Z	27.2N 149.4E	SAT	STG X DIA 4 CAT 2.0						276	16 12				ESSA 8 (RUDN)	11	
46	200405Z	27.0N 147.5E	SAT	T4.0/5.0/W1.0/24HRS											ESSA 9		
47	200434Z	27.8N 147.1E	P	5 5 700MB 50		50			960	279	15 13				DRKN-UVC CI ABV IN CNTR	12	
48	200632Z	27.9N 146.9E	P	5 5 700MB													
49	200908Z	27.8N 146.7E	P	5 3 700MB 70		40			967	280	15 13				DRKN-UVC CI ABV IN CNTR	12	
50	201614Z	28.2N 145.1E	P	5 3 700MB 70						281	16 14				LRG AREA UP L/V	13	
51	201815Z	28.1N 146.1E	P	5 3 700MB													
52	202448Z	28.2N 146.2E	P	5 3 700MB													
53	202402Z	28.2N 146.2E	P	10 5 700MB 65		65			960	281	17 13				DRKN AS LYND IN CNTR	13	
54	210452Z	29.0N 144.5E	SAT	STG											ESSA 9		
55	211000Z	29.0N 143.4E	P	2 10 700MB 80					965	276	16 10				UVC CS ABV IN CNTR	14	
56	212228Z	29.1N 139.2E	P	25 5 700MB 70		70			971	284	14 12	CIRC		40		WC OPEN SW	15
57	220330Z	29.4N 139.0E	P	3 5 700MB 70						282	14 13					16	
58	221800Z	30.3N 132.5E	P	15 3 700MB 87		85			970	284	13 12				CNTR DRKN ADV UVC BLU	17	
59	221800Z	31.1N 132.5E	P	15 3 700MB 87		85											
60	230130Z	31.0N 134.0E	SAT	STG X DIA 4 CAT 3.0											ESSA 8 (RUDN)		
61	230330Z	31.6N 133.4E	P	3 5 700MB 70		50			972	284	15 13				CNTR WIDE A-D UP	18	
62	230500Z	31.9N 133.1E	LRDN														
63	230505Z	31.8N 133.0E	SAT	STG X DIA 1 CAT 2.0											33.3N 134.2E		
64	230600Z	31.9N 132.8E	LRDN														
65	230600Z	32.0N 132.8E	LRDN														
66	230700Z	31.9N 132.6E	LRDN														
67	230700Z	32.0N 132.6E	LRDN														
68	230700Z	32.2N 132.5E	LRDN														
69	230600Z	32.2N 132.5E	LRDN														
70	230800Z	32.2N 132.4E	LRDN														
71	230800Z	32.3N 132.3E	LRDN														
72	230900Z	32.3N 132.3E	LRDN														
73	230900Z	32.4N 132.1E	LRDN														
74	231000Z	32.8N 131.9E	LRDN														
75	231000Z	32.9N 132.0E	LRDN														
76	231100Z	32.9N 132.0E	LRDN														
77	231100Z	33.1N 131.7E	LRDN														
78	231110Z	32.8N 132.0E	LRDN														
79	231200Z	33.1N 131.6E	LRDN														
80	231200Z	33.1N 131.7E	LRDN														
81	231200Z	33.1N 131.6E	LRDN														
82	231211Z	33.1N 131.6E	LRDN														
83	231813Z	34.4N 130.4E	LRDN														
84	240222Z	34.0N 129.5E	SAT	STG C+											ESSA 8 (RUDN)		

TYphoon ALICE
FLA POSITIONS FOR CYCLONE NO. 13

FLA NO.	TIME	POSIT	FLA CAT	ACQMY	FLY LVL	LVL WNU	SFC WNU	MIN SLP	FLY 700MB	LVL 700MB	FLY 11/10	EYE FCRM	UNIDN-TAILION	EYL DIA	IMKN WALL CLD	POSIT OF HADAN /REMARKS
1	300405Z	7.0N 163.0E	SAT	T2.0/2.0/D1.0/24HRS												ESSA 9
2	310310Z	12.0N 162.5E	SAT	T3.0/3.0PLUS/D2.0/24HRS												ESSA 9
3	010220Z	15.3N 158.9E	P	10 5 700MB	50	45	988	299	11	9						NEG WC
4	010414Z	16.0N 158.0E	SAT	T3.5/3.5PLUS/D0.5/24HRS												ESSA 9
5	011312Z	16.3N 157.6E	P	10 5 700MB	44											
6	011547Z	16.0N 157.9E	P	10 5 700MB	44		991	300	12	10		CIRC		40	20	WC OPEN NW-SSW
7	020508Z	17.5N 156.5E	SAT	T4.5/4.5/D1.0/24HRS												ESSA 9
8	020535Z	17.9N 156.8E	P	2 10 700MB	55	60	978	290	14	13		CIRC		60		WC PH DEF
9	030400Z	20.0N 155.2E	P	3 2 700MB	00	70	960	282	18	14						WC APPRS FRMG NW
10	030413Z	21.0N 155.0E	SAT	T5.5/5.5PLUS/D1.0/24HRS												ESSA 9
11	030700Z	21.3N 154.8E	P	8 - 700MB			967									
12	030815Z	21.3N 155.0E	P	10 5 700MB	76	70	965	281	17	15						PRIL WC
13	040123Z	24.2N 152.6E	SAT	T6.5/6.5PLUS/D1.0/24HRS												ESSA 9 (ROUND)
14	040320Z	24.0N 151.5E	SAT	T6.5/6.5PLUS/D1.0/24HRS												ESSA 9
15	040428Z	24.4N 151.5E	P	15 3 700MB	90	75	965	277	16	14						NEG WC
16	040845Z	25.0N 151.1E	P	15 - 700MB												
17	040950Z	25.0N 150.7E	P	3 8 700MB	85	65	964	277	17	15		CIRC		50	8	CLSD WC-PH DEF
18	041041Z	25.0N 150.8E	SAT	STG UNK												
19	050245Z	26.0N 148.6E	SAT	T6.5/6.5PLUS/D1.0/24HRS												
20	050415Z	27.5N 147.8E	P	2 5 700MB	55	45	971	284	15							NEG WC
21	050618Z	27.8N 147.4E	P	2 - 700MB												
22	050900Z	28.0N 146.7E	P	2 6 700MB	70	40	972	285	15							NEG HDR PRES
23	051600Z	28.0N 145.7E	P	15 10 700MB	65		974	286	15							WR FBS SE
24	052100Z	29.0N 144.9E	P	5 10 700MB	68	55	984	293	14	11						NEG HDR PRES
25	060520Z	30.5N 143.0E	SAT	T4.5/6.0/W1.5/24HRS												ESSA 9
26	061200Z	31.8N 142.1E	LKUM													35.3N 138.7E
27	061400Z	32.1N 141.6E	LKUM													35.3N 138.7E
28	061500Z	32.4N 141.4E	LKUM													35.3N 138.7E
29	061600Z	32.8N 141.2E	LKUM													35.3N 138.7E
30	061700Z	32.8N 141.1E	LKUM													35.3N 138.7E
31	061705Z	32.8N 140.9E	P	2 5 700MB	45		978	289	14							NEG WC
32	061900Z	33.1N 140.8E	LKUM													35.3N 138.7E
33	062000Z	33.3N 141.0E	LKUM													35.3N 138.7E
34	062100Z	33.3N 140.7E	P	2 5 700MB	75	45	981	291	15							MUR PRES PBOOK
35	062300Z	33.8N 141.2E	LKUM													
36	062300Z	33.7N 141.0E	LKUM													35.7N 139.8E
37	062300Z	33.5N 141.1E	LKUM													
38	062300Z	34.0N 140.9E	LKUM													
39	070000Z	33.9N 141.2E	LKUM													35.7N 139.8E
40	070100Z	34.2N 141.0E	LKUM													35.7N 139.8E
41	070100Z	34.3N 141.0E	LKUM													
42	070138Z	34.6N 141.0E	LKUM													35.7N 139.8E
43	070200Z	35.0N 141.3E	LKUM													
44	070200Z	34.7N 140.9E	LKUM													
45	070359Z	34.9N 140.9E	P	5 10 700MB	75	35	984	296	14	9						NEG HDR PRES
46	070400Z	34.8N 141.1E	LKUM													
47	070400Z	35.2N 141.2E	LKUM													35.7N 139.8E
48	070422Z	34.0N 141.0E	SAT	T4.0/4.5/W0.5/24HRS												ESSA 9
49	070452Z	35.1N 141.2E	P	700MB												
50	070500Z	35.4N 141.3E	LKUM													
51	070500Z	35.2N 141.2E	LKUM													35.7N 139.8E
52	070600Z	35.5N 141.6E	LKUM													35.3N 138.7E
53	070700Z	35.9N 141.8E	LKUM													36.4N 140.5E
54	070700Z	35.4N 141.4E	LKUM													35.7N 139.8E
55	070600Z	35.2N 141.8E	LKUM													35.3N 138.7E
56	070800Z	36.0N 141.7E	LKUM													35.3N 140.9E
57	070830Z	35.4N 141.5E	P	700MB												
58	070900Z	36.2N 141.6E	LKUM													35.3N 138.7E
59	070900Z	36.4N 142.0E	LKUM													36.3N 140.9E
60	070900Z	36.5N 141.9E	LKUM													
61	071000Z	36.6N 141.6E	P	5 10 700MB	40	35	987	297	14							
62	071100Z	36.8N 141.7E	LKUM													36.3N 140.9E
63	071100Z	37.0N 141.9E	LKUM													35.3N 138.7E
64	071500Z	37.7N 142.9E	LKUM													35.3N 138.7E
65	080500Z	40.8N 147.1E	SAT	STG L												ESSA 9
66	090429Z	43.0N 158.5E	SAT	T1.5/2.5/W1.0/24HRS												ESSA 9

TYPHOON BELTY
FIX POSITIONS FOR CYCLONE NO. 14
8 AUG - 17 AUG

FIX NO.	TIME	POSIT	FIX CAT	ACCHY NAV-ME1	FLT LVL	FLI LVL WND	UBS SFC WND	UBS MIN SLP	700MB HGT	FLY LVL T1/T0	EYE FCEN	UNIDEN- TATION	EYE DIA	TKNN WALL CLD	POS11 OF KAGAKI	REMARKS	
1	080511Z	12.0N 154.0E	SAI	T1.0/1.0/D1.0/24HRS											ESSA 9		
2	080906Z	11.5N 150.5E	P	3 10 700MB 20				1006	310	10 -	ELIP	SW-ME	20X10		WU CNTD	01	
3	082232Z	11.7N 149.8E	P	5 10 700MB 30				1005	311	11 9					WU PSBLY FRMG SE UJAU	02	
4	090003Z	11.8N 149.5E	P	5 10 700MB 25				1003	310	11 10					WU HCHG DIR S SEMIC	02	
5	090300Z	12.1N 149.5E	P	5 10 700MB 30				1001	310	12 10					WU SHWG DRG S SEMIC	02	
6	090420Z	12.0N 149.5E	SAT	T2.5/2.5/PLUS/D1.5/24HRS											ESSA 9		
7	091230Z	13.1N 148.4E	P	3 15 700MB 25				995	306	12 -					REG HUK PRES	03	
8	091605Z	13.3N 148.3E	P	3 10 700MB 40				993	303	19 -					REG HUK PRES	03	
9	092130Z	14.2N 147.7E	P	5 2 700MB 40				993	300	14 10					REG WC FB E SEMIC	04	
10	092322Z	14.4N 147.8E	P	5 2 700MB -													
11	100349Z	15.1N 146.8E	P	2 2 700MB 25				985	298	17 13	ELIP	N-S	40X35		WC PH DEF S AND UPEN N	04	
12	100519Z	15.4N 146.8E	SAT	T4.0/4.0/D2.0/25HRS											ESSA 9		
13	100930Z	16.0N 146.0E	P	2 2 700MB 75				980	298	16 11	CIRC		20		WC UPEN SW	05	
14	101520Z	16.7N 144.8E	P	2 10 700MB -				987	297	13 9					EYE UNDRG	05	
15	110035Z	17.7N 144.7E	SAI	SIG X DIA X CAT 2.0											ESSA 8 (ROUN)		
16	110422Z	17.4N 144.3E	SAT	T4.5/4.5/DO.5/23HRS											ESSA 9		
17	110945Z	17.8N 142.3E	P	5 15 700MB 57				986	298	13 -					SFC CNTD 15MM UJA	06	
18	111215Z	18.5N 141.8E	P	5 15 700MB -													
19	111545Z	18.6N 141.1E	P	3 15 700MB 40				986	294	11 14	CIRC		5		WC UPEN SW	06	
20	120405Z	18.6N 139.1E	P	2 5 700MB -				961	276	16 -					ESSA 9		
21	120520Z	18.5N 138.5E	SAI	SIG X DIA X CAT 3.5													
22	120615Z	18.0N 138.7E	P	5 15 700MB -													
23	120840Z	18.9N 138.1E	P	2 5 700MB 70				957	272	16 12	CIRC		30		MUR EYE FRMO KPULY	07	
24	121002Z	18.9N 137.8E	P	2 5 700MB 70				955	269	19 10	CIRC		30		LLSU WC	08	
25	121600Z	18.9N 136.4E	P	3 3 700MB 100				954	269	19 10	CIRC		30		LLSU WC	08	
26	121745Z	18.9N 136.3E	P	3 3 700MB 75				955	269	14 10	CIRC		30		LLSU WC	08	
27	121920Z	19.0N 136.1E	P	3 3 700MB 60				949	266	20 -	CIRC		30		LLSU WC	08	
28	122045Z	19.1N 135.9E	P	5 15 700MB -													
29	122135Z	18.0N 135.9E	AC K					85			CIRC		40		LLSU WC		
30	122205Z	18.0N 135.8E	P	5 5 700MB 105				948	265	21 13	CIRC		20		ESSA 8 (ROUN)	09	
31	130024Z	19.0N 136.0E	SAI	SIG X DIA X CAT 4.0											ESSA 9		
32	130620Z	19.0N 134.0E	SAT	T6.0/6.0/SO/24HRS											ESSA 9		
33	130910Z	19.0N 134.1E	P	5 2 700MB 100				933	253	22 14	CIRC		20		LLSU WC	10	
34	131032Z	19.2N 133.8E	P	5 2 700MB -													
35	131220Z	19.1N 133.1E	P	4 2 700MB 110				923	243	26 13	CIRC		20		LLSU WC	11	
36	131722Z	19.4N 132.8E	P	5 2 700MB -													
37	140118Z	19.4N 132.0E	SAT	SIG X DIA X CAT 4.0											ESSA 8 (ROUN)		
38	140402Z	19.4N 131.9E	P	5 5 700MB 110				916	237	23 13	CIRC		25		LLSU WC	12	
39	140945Z	20.2N 130.3E	P	10 5 700MB 100				920	235	20 13	CIRC		17		LLSU WC	13	
40	141203Z	20.4N 130.0E	P	5 5 600MB -													
41	141520Z	20.6N 129.4E	P	5 6 700MB 100				923	242	21 13	CIRC		20		LLSU WC	14	
42	142204Z	21.2N 128.1E	P	1 2 700MB 100				926	244	18 15	CIRC		20		LLSU WC	15	
43	142445Z	21.1N 127.7E	P	5 5 700MB -													
44	150207Z	21.5N 128.1E	SAI	SIG X DIA X CAT 4.0											ESSA 8 (ROUN)		
45	150250Z	21.5N 127.3E	AC K								CIRC		19		LLSU WC		
46	150415Z	21.1N 127.0E	P	3 3 700MB 97				920	239	17 16	CIRC		15		LLSU WC	16	
47	150622Z	21.2N 126.9E	SAT	T7.0/7.0/D0.5/25HRS											ESSA 9		
48	150835Z	21.4N 127.0E	P	5 5 700MB -													
49	151045Z	21.7N 126.8E	P	15 3 700MB 95				910	220	20 14	CIRC		12		LLSU WC	17	
50	151147Z	21.9N 126.6E	P	5 5 700MB -													
51	151400Z	21.6N 126.2E	SCF														
52	151300Z	21.9N 126.5E	LHUK												24.8N 125.3E		
53	151400Z	22.2N 126.4E	LHUK												24.3N 124.2E		
54	151400Z	22.3N 126.3E	LHUK												24.8N 125.3E		
55	151500Z	22.5N 126.3E	P	10 5 700MB 100				915	224	18 14	CIRC		15		LLSU WC	17	
56	151500Z	22.4N 126.2E	LHUK												24.6N 125.3E		
57	151500Z	22.4N 126.2E	LHUK												24.3N 124.2E		
58	151545Z	22.7N 126.3E	LHUK												24.8N 125.3E		
59	151600Z	22.6N 126.0E	LHUK												24.8N 125.3E		
60	151600Z	22.5N 126.1E	LHUK												24.3N 124.2E		
61	151645Z	22.8N 126.1E	LHUK												24.8N 125.3E		
62	151700Z	22.7N 126.0E	LHUK												24.3N 124.2E		
63	151700Z	22.7N 125.9E	LHUK												24.8N 125.3E		
64	151800Z	22.9N 125.8E	LHUK												24.3N 124.2E		
65	151800Z	22.9N 125.8E	LHUK												24.8N 125.3E		
66	151900Z	23.0N 125.7E	LHUK												24.3N 124.2E		
67	151900Z	22.9N 125.7E	LHUK												24.8N 125.3E		
68	152030Z	23.3N 125.5E	LHUK												25.0N 121.5E		
69	152100Z	23.2N 125.4E	LHUK												24.3N 124.2E		
70	152100Z	23.3N 125.4E	LHUK												24.8N 125.3E		
71	152150Z	23.4N 125.4E	LHUK												24.8N 125.3E		
72	152200Z	23.4N 125.2E	LHUK												24.3N 124.2E		
73	152200Z	23.4N 125.3E	LHUK												24.8N 125.3E		
74	152230Z	23.5N 124.3E	LHUK												24.8N 125.3E		
75	152300Z	23.5N 125.1E	LHUK												24.3N 124.2E		
76	152300Z	23.5N 125.1E	LHUK												24.8N 125.3E		
77	160000Z	23.7N 125.0E	LHUK												24.8N 125.3E		
78	160100Z	23.9N 124.9E	LHUK												24.8N 125.3E		
79	160200Z	23.9N 124.9E	LHUK												25.0N 121.5E		
80	160200Z	24.0N 124.7E	LHUK												24.8N 125.3E		
81	160200Z	24.0N 124.8E	LHUK												24.3N 124.2E		
82	160300Z	24.2N 124.6E	LHUK												24.8N 125.3E		
83	160300Z	24.2N 124.7E	LHUK												25.0N 121.5E		
84	160400Z	24.3N 124.4E	LHUK												24.8N 125.3E		
85	160400Z	24.4N 124.5E	LHUK												24.3N 124.2E		
86	160446Z	24.2N 124.2E	SAT	T6.0/7.0MINUS/W1.0/24HRS											ESSA 9		
87	160500Z	24.4N 124.5E	LHUK												25.1N 121.5E		
88	160500Z	24.4N 124.3E	LHUK												24.8N 125.3E		
89	160600Z	24.6N 124.3E	LHUK												24.8N 125.3E		
90	160600Z	24.7N 124.2E	LHUK												24.3N 124.2E		
91	160700Z	24.9N 124.1E	LHUK												25.1N 121.5E		
92	160700Z	24.5N 124.1E	LHUK												24.8N 125.3E		
93	160800Z	24.9N 124.0E	LHUK												24.8N 125.3E		
94	160800Z	25.0N 124.0E	LHUK												24.3N 124.2E		
95	160900Z	25.1N 123.8E	LHUK												24.8N 125.3E		
96	160900Z	25.2N 123.8E	LHUK												24.3N 124.2E		
97	161000Z	25.3N 123.7E	LHUK												24.8N 125.3E		

TYPHOON BETTY
FIX POSITIONS FOR CYCLONE NO: 14
8 AUG - 17 AUG

FIX NO.	TIME	POSIT	FL1	OBS	OBS	MIN	FLT	THKN	POSIT	REMARKS				
			FLT	LVL	SFC	MIN	700MB	LVL	EYE	UNLEN-	EYE	WALL	OF	/REMARKS
			LVL	WND	WND	SLP	HT	TI/TU	FCRM	TAIION	DIA	CLD	HAUAR	
98	161000Z	25.2N 123.7E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.2N 125.3E	
99	161000Z	25.2N 123.5E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.0N 121.6E	
100	161015Z	24.2N 123.6E	P	5	10	700MB	65	-	937	253	16	-	ELIP SW-NE 30X20	3
101	161100Z	25.3N 123.3E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.2N 125.3E	18
102	161100Z	24.9N 124.0E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.2N 127.7E	
103	161100Z	25.3N 123.3E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.0N 121.6E	
104	161200Z	25.3N 123.2E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.3N 124.2E	
105	161200Z	25.3N 123.2E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.2N 125.3E	
106	161300Z	25.3N 122.8E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25.1N 121.5E	
107	161300Z	25.3N 122.9E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.8N 125.3E	
108	161300Z	25.3N 122.7E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25.1N 121.5E	
109	161400Z	25.3N 122.6E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.3N 124.2E	
110	161400Z	25.3N 122.5E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25.1N 121.5E	
111	161500Z	25.8N 122.2E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25.1N 121.5E	19
112	161600Z	25.7N 122.3E	P	5	5	700MB	60	-	937	254	17	14	CINC	12
113	161800Z	25.8N 122.0E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25.1N 121.5E	
114	162000Z	25.5N 121.5E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25.0N 121.5E	
115	162100Z	25.8N 121.7E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25.0N 121.5E	
116	162200Z	26.1N 121.5E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25.0N 121.5E	
117	170100Z	26.5N 121.5E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25.0N 121.5E	
118	170200Z	26.9N 121.4E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25.0N 121.5E	
119	170200Z	26.0N 121.0E	SAT	STG	X	LIA	6	CAT	2.0	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9 (HJ12)
120	170300Z	26.9N 121.0E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25.0N 121.5E	
121	170630Z	27.3N 120.6E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25.0N 121.5E	
122	170700Z	27.3N 120.5E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25.0N 121.5E	

TYPHOON CURA
FIX POSITIONS FOR CYCLONE NO: 16
23 AUG - 28 AUG

FIX NO.	TIME	POSIT	FL1	OBS	OBS	MIN	FLT	THKN	POSIT	REMARKS				
			FLT	LVL	SFC	MIN	700MB	LVL	EYE	UNLEN-	EYE	WALL	OF	/REMARKS
			LVL	WND	WND	SLP	HT	TI/TU	FCRM	TAIION	DIA	CLD	HAUAR	
1	230630Z	19.8N 119.0E	SAT	T2.0/2.0/D0.5/24HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9
2	240728Z	19.5N 118.0E	SAT	T2.5/2.5/D0.5/24HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9
3	250600Z	19.1N 116.5E	P	5	3	1500FT	40	30	991	-	27	-	-	SEC CNTR CALM-15NM VIA
4	250632Z	19.0N 116.0E	SAT	T3.0/3.0/D0.5/24HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9
5	250740Z	18.0N 116.0E	AC	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9
6	252320Z	18.8N 115.1E	P	5	5	700MB	40	35	988	299	15	12	-	FB FM 80NM TO NW
7	260650Z	18.8N 114.6E	P	5	8	700MB	35	55	984	299	19	13	-	NR FB FBNG SE
8	260730Z	18.5N 114.6E	SAT	T4.0/4.0/D1.0/24HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9
9	260955Z	18.7N 114.5E	P	5	8	700MB	45	55	981	296	18	14	-	CNTR BRKN-FIL W/ SC
10	262100Z	18.8N 113.7E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22.4N 114.1E
11	262200Z	18.7N 111.3E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22.4N 114.1E
12	270000Z	18.7N 111.3E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22.4N 114.1E
13	270050Z	18.8N 113.5E	P	5	5	700MB	-	60	976	290	15	13	-	NEG DEF
14	270300Z	18.6N 113.3E	P	5	5	700MB	55	60	976	289	15	13	CINC	20
15	270632Z	18.5N 114.0E	SAT	T3.0/3.5/D1.0/24HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
16	271200Z	18.1N 111.2E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	WC OPEN N
17	271500Z	19.2N 111.9E	LKUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9
18	280732Z	20.0N 108.5E	SAT	T4.0/4.0MINUS/D1.0/24HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9

TYPHOON ELSIE
 FIX POSITIONS FOR CYCLONE NO. 17
 31 AUG - 3 SEP

FIX NO.	TIME	POSIF	FJA	ACCRV	FLT	LVL	SFC	OBS	OBS	MIN	FLT	EYE	ORLEN	EYE	IMKN	FOSIT	REMARKS	
																		CAI
1	310620Z	12.0N 117.0E	SAT	T2.0/2.0/D0.5/24HRS													ESSA 4	
2	310845Z	13.0N 117.8E	P	5 20	700MB	40	30	1002	306	10	9	-	-	-	-	WR CIRC SFC AND FL	02	
3	311030Z	13.3N 117.5E	P	7 25	700MB	40	30	-	-	9	8	-	-	-	-	CIRC VHY BRUAD AND WK	02	
4	312225Z	14.7N 115.2E	P	2 2	700MB	-	45	987	294	13	10	-	-	-	-	SFC CNTR ZUMM UJA	03	
5	312331Z	15.0N 113.5E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
6	010310Z	15.2N 115.1E	SAT	STG UAK													ESSA 8 (MUDH)	
7	010313Z	15.1N 114.2E	P	2 8	700MB	65	65	983	295	14	8	CIRC	-	20	3	WL OPEN NW	04	
8	010314Z	14.5N 114.2E	SAT	STG UAK													ESSA 8 (VIBU)	
9	010330Z	15.3N 113.8E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
10	010445Z	15.9N 110.3E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
11	010500Z	15.9N 113.7E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
12	010535Z	15.4N 114.0E	AC R	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15.4N 114.0E	
13	010700Z	15.3N 114.4E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
14	010727Z	15.3N 113.5E	P	2 0	700MB	70	75	985	298	14	12	CIRC	-	12	-	-	UPEN N-W	04
15	010736Z	15.3N 113.5E	SAT	T3.5/3.5/D1.5/24HRS													ESSA 9	
16	010800Z	15.3N 113.7E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
17	010900Z	15.6N 113.5E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
18	011009Z	15.7N 113.2E	P	3 2	700MB	65	65	986	298	16	9	CIRC	-	20	-	-	4ALL SE-SW	05
19	011100Z	15.0N 113.4E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
20	011151Z	15.0N 113.4E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
21	011200Z	15.7N 113.2E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
22	011232Z	16.7N 113.2E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
23	011244Z	15.8N 113.0E	P	3 5	700MB	55	-	990	299	17	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	05
24	011400Z	15.9N 113.0E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
25	011410Z	15.9N 113.0E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
26	011615Z	15.8N 112.7E	P	5 5	700MB	45	-	-	298	13	8	CIRC	-	20	5	-	UPEN N SEMIC	06
27	011800Z	16.1N 112.7E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
28	011837Z	16.1N 112.7E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
29	011845Z	16.0N 112.0E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
30	011900Z	16.1N 112.1E	P	5 5	700MB	45	-	-	298	14	8	CIRC	-	20	5	-	UPEN N SEMIC	06
31	011908Z	16.0N 112.0E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
32	011945Z	16.1N 112.1E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
33	012001Z	16.1N 112.1E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
34	012110Z	16.3N 111.7E	P	5 5	700MB	-	-	-	298	14	10	CIRC	-	20	-	-	UPEN N SEMIC	06
35	020210Z	15.5N 111.5E	SAT	STG UAK													ESSA 8 (VIBU)	
36	020445Z	16.0N 110.3E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
37	020615Z	16.1N 111.2E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
38	020643Z	15.7N 111.0E	SAT	T4.5/4.5/D1.0/24HRS													ESSA 9	
39	020715Z	16.1N 111.3E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
40	020800Z	15.9N 111.3E	P	4 15	700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	CIRC	-	15	-	-	WL STG NE	
41	020940Z	15.8N 111.1E	P	4 15	700MB	-	-	996	-	-	-	CIRC	-	15	-	-	RUM PRES PUOR	
42	021045Z	15.9N 110.8E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
43	021047Z	15.4N 110.8E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
44	021250Z	15.9N 110.5E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
45	021345Z	15.7N 111.9E	P	5 5	700MB	50	-	963	293	14	10	ELIP	N-S	20A15	-	-	WL OPEN NW AND SE	08
46	021400Z	15.7N 111.9E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
47	021426Z	15.7N 110.7E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
48	021452Z	15.7N 110.8E	AC R	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15.7N 110.8E	
49	021545Z	15.9N 110.3E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
50	021610Z	15.7N 110.5E	P	5 5	700MB	68	-	-	292	14	10	ELIP	SE-NW	20A15	-	-	WL OPEN NE NW S	08
51	021615Z	15.8N 110.4E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
52	021745Z	15.3N 110.4E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
53	021815Z	15.7N 110.2E	P	5 5	700MB	65	-	978	289	14	11	CIRC	-	28	10	-	WL OPEN NE	08
54	021912Z	15.4N 110.5E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
55	021945Z	15.7N 110.7E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
56	022006Z	15.4N 110.4E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
57	022045Z	15.6N 110.4E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
58	022114Z	15.4N 110.4E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
59	022245Z	15.0N 110.4E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
60	022315Z	15.8N 110.3E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
61	022345Z	15.8N 110.3E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
62	030030Z	15.4N 110.2E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
63	030045Z	15.7N 110.2E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
64	030045Z	15.6N 110.3E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
65	030100Z	15.6N 110.3E	P	5 3	700MB	65	90	976	288	16	8	ELIP	SE-NW	30A20	3	-	WL OPEN NW	09
66	030130Z	15.5N 110.5E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
67	030145Z	15.7N 110.2E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
68	030215Z	15.6N 110.2E	SHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
69	030445Z	15.0N 110.1E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
70	030400Z	15.3N 110.0E	P	5 5	700MB	65	65	978	287	15	10	ELIP	N-S	30A20	3	-	WL OPEN N	09
71	030445Z	15.5N 109.8E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
72	030600Z	15.3N 109.9E	P	5 5	700MB	65	65	974	284	15	9	ELIP	N-S	30A25	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	09
73	030740Z	15.0N 110.0E	SAT	T4.0/4.5/W0.5/24HRS													ESSA 9	
74	030745Z	15.4N 109.3E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
75	030900Z	15.4N 109.4E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
76	031115Z	15.7N 109.5E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
77	031215Z	15.0N 109.6E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
78	031315Z	15.0N 109.6E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
79	031715Z	15.5N 109.4E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
80	031745Z	15.5N 109.4E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
81	031845Z	15.4N 109.4E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
82	032005Z	15.1N 109.3E	P	3 10	700MB	63	-	-	291	13	13	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
83	032115Z	15.2N 109.2E	P	3 10	700MB	63	-	-	291	12	10	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	11
84	032145Z	15.9N 109.1E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
85	032315Z	15.4N 108.8E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	
86	032345Z	15.3N 108.7E	LHUK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0N 108.2E	

TYPHOON FLOUSIE
FIX POSITIONS FOR CYCLONE NO. 18
10 SEP - 16 SEP

FIX NO.	TIME	POSIT	FIX CAT	ACQY NAV-ME!	FLT LVL	FLT LVL WND	Obs SFC WND	Obs MIN SLP	MAN 700MB ME!	FLT TI/TO	EYE FORM	ORIENT- TATION	EYE DIA	FMKN WALL CLD	POSIT OF RADAR	REMARKS
1	102105Z	14.8N 119.8E	AC N	-	-	-	-	-	307	9 8	-	-	-	-	AD OVC ABV IN CNTR	03
2	102210Z	14.8N 119.9E	P	1 8	700MB	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	110240Z	14.8N 119.9E	P	-	800MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	110310Z	14.8N 118.7E	P	1 8	900MB	35	20	1004	310	7 7	-	-	-	-	CALM SFC AREA EXTDS 90NM SW OF 700 CNTR	03
5	111010Z	15.1N 117.8E	P	3 10	700MB	20	25	1004	305	9 8	-	-	-	-	1CU ALQDS-S1 CLDS DUM	04
6	111530Z	14.8N 117.5E	P	2 5	700MB	30	-	-	310	10 10	-	-	-	-	SFC CNTR 20NM DIA	05
7	112100Z	14.8N 116.3E	P	5 10	700MB	40	-	-	309	9 11	-	-	-	-	SFC CNTR 30NM DIA	05
8	120352Z	15.0N 116.2E	P	2 5	700MB	30	30	1003	309	10 9	-	-	-	-	SFC CNTR 30NM DIA	06
9	120922Z	14.9N 115.4E	P	2 4	700MB	35	25	999	305	11 10	-	-	-	-	FBS S	06
10	121443Z	15.0N 115.5E	SAT	T3.5/3.5/D1.0/24HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9	-
11	121511Z	15.0N 115.0E	P	5 5	700MB	25	-	995	303	12 10	-	-	-	-	RDM PRES POOR	07
12	122155Z	15.4N 114.6E	P	5 3	700MB	30	-	992	300	14 13	-	-	-	-	SFC CNTR 20NM DIA	08
13	130020Z	15.4N 114.5E	P	-	700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	130204Z	15.3N 113.8E	SAT	SIG X DIA NA CAT 2.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 8 (RUDD)	-
15	130400Z	15.0N 114.1E	P	5 10	700MB	35	20	991	300	13 9	-	-	-	-	SFC CNTR 30NM DIA	09
16	130500Z	15.0N 113.5E	P	5 10	700MB	35	-	990	296	12 10	-	-	-	-	SFC CNTR 30NM DIA	09
17	131557Z	15.3N 113.0E	P	2 2	700MB	40	-	985	295	12 13	-	-	-	-	NO ORG ON RDR	10
18	132215Z	15.3N 112.8E	P	5 5	700MB	45	-	984	-	3 -1	-	-	-	-	WC OPEN W-N	11
19	140300Z	15.3N 112.8E	P	3 3	700MB	66	60	982	292	16 10	CIRC	-	23	-	WC OPEN W-N	11
20	140625Z	15.0N 111.5E	SAT	T4.5/4.5/D1.5/24HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9	-
21	141026Z	15.1N 112.0E	P	2 3	700MB	50	65	975	288	19 13	CIRC	-	20	5	WC OPEN N-E	12
22	141521Z	15.0N 111.3E	P	5 5	700MB	58	-	977	290	17 11	-	-	-	-	SFC CNTR 30NM DIA	12
23	142143Z	15.0N 110.9E	P	1 2	700MB	68	-	978	286	15 11	CIRC	-	30	5	LLSD WC	13
24	142230Z	14.9N 110.7E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CIRC	-	30	-	-	-
25	142300Z	14.9N 110.6E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CIRC	-	30	-	-	-
26	142343Z	14.9N 110.8E	P	-	700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
27	150000Z	14.9N 110.6E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	150131Z	14.9N 110.5E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
29	150200Z	15.0N 110.5E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30	150215Z	15.1N 110.5E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.1N 108.2E	-
31	150245Z	15.1N 110.5E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.1N 108.2E	-
32	150310Z	15.0N 110.4E	P	1 2	700MB	75	70	978	289	15 12	CIRC	-	30	20	WC OPEN W	13
33	15045Z	14.9N 110.1E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.1N 108.2E	-
34	150645Z	15.1N 110.2E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CIRC	-	40	-	16.1N 108.2E	-
35	150645Z	14.9N 109.9E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.1N 108.2E	-
36	150753Z	15.0N 109.0E	SAT	T4.0/4.5MINUS/WO.5/24HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9	-
37	150800Z	15.0N 110.0E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CIRC	-	50	-	-	-
38	150945Z	14.8N 110.0E	P	4 5	700MB	60	-	976	291	18 15	CIRC	-	30	-	WC OPEN E	14
39	151045Z	14.7N 109.8E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.1N 108.2E	-
40	151145Z	14.7N 109.8E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.1N 108.2E	-
41	151215Z	14.2N 109.7E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.1N 108.2E	-
42	151230Z	14.8N 109.5E	P	-	700MB	-	-	295	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-
43	151245Z	14.7N 109.7E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CIRC	-	20	-	16.1N 108.2E	-
44	151345Z	14.8N 109.7E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CIRC	-	25	-	16.1N 108.2E	-
45	151500Z	14.8N 109.4E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46	151500Z	14.8N 109.4E	P	2 5	700MB	70	-	295	19	-	CIRC	-	30	10	WC WELL DFT W-S	14
47	151545Z	14.5N 109.1E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CIRC	-	15	-	16.1N 108.2E	-
48	151615Z	14.5N 109.1E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CIRC	-	18	-	16.1N 108.2E	-
49	151645Z	14.5N 109.0E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CIRC	-	16	-	16.1N 108.2E	-
50	151715Z	14.5N 108.9E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CIRC	-	15	-	16.1N 108.2E	-
51	151745Z	14.5N 108.9E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ELIP	N-S	17x10	-	16.1N 108.2E	-
52	151815Z	14.5N 108.9E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CIRC	-	15	-	16.1N 108.2E	-
53	151822Z	14.5N 108.9E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.1N 108.2E	-
54	151945Z	14.5N 108.9E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CIRC	-	15	-	16.1N 108.2E	-
55	152045Z	14.5N 108.8E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CIRC	-	15	-	16.1N 108.2E	-
56	160045Z	14.5N 108.6E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CIRC	-	18	-	16.1N 108.2E	-
57	160145Z	14.5N 108.6E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CIRC	-	17	-	16.1N 108.2E	-
58	160245Z	14.5N 108.5E	LKUR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ELIP	N-S	23x16	-	16.1N 108.2E	-

TYPHOON HELEN
FIX POSITIONS FOR CYCLONE NO. 20
13 SEP - 17 SEP

FIX NO.	TIME	POSIT	FIX CAT	ACCHY NAV-ME1	FLT LVL	LVL WND	SFC WND	OBS MIN SLP	OBS 700MB HGT	MIN T1/T0	FLT LVL T1/T0	EYE FCRM	ORIENT IATION	EYE DIA	WALL CLD	TKN	POSIT OF RADAR	REMARKS	
1	130300Z	15.7N 136.3E	P	5 5	700MB	20	50	-	298	16 12	-	CIRC	-	30	-	-	WC PR DEF	02	
2	130914Z	16.5N 135.9E	P	5 5	700MB	24	65	978	291	18 13	-	CIRC	-	25	-	-	WC OPEN NW ESSA 8 (ROUND)	02	
3	140054Z	18.1N 134.0E	SAT	STG X DIA	MA CAT 2.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	140500Z	20.0N 133.0E	DVGRAN	I NC.1*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	140930Z	19.8N 132.7E	P	2 5	700MB	90	35	965	278	18 15	-	CIRC	-	40	8	-	WC OPEN SE-W	03	
6	141102Z	20.0N 132.5E	P	-	700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	141440Z	20.4N 132.3E	P	-	700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	141515Z	20.6N 132.2E	P	2 5	700MB	90	-	963	277	18 11	-	CIRC	-	30	10	-	WC OPEN NE-S ESSA 8 (ROUND) ESSA 9	03	
9	150148Z	22.0N 132.4E	SAT	STG X DIA	2 CAT 4.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	150559Z	23.5N 131.8E	SAT	T5.5/S.5/D1.0/24HRS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	151030Z	24.9N 131.9E	P	5 5	700MB	80	-	957	273	17 13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	WC OPEN E-W	04
12	151245Z	25.2N 131.9E	P	-	700MB	55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	151630Z	26.7N 132.3E	P	3 3	700MB	85	-	958	273	20 13	-	CIRC	-	40	-	-	CLSD WC	05	
14	151700Z	26.6N 132.2E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26.4N 129.5E	-	
15	151800Z	26.9N 132.5E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28.4N 129.5E	-	
16	15200Z	28.0N 133.0E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.9N 139.6E	-	
17	152320Z	28.8N 133.2E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.9N 139.6E	-	
18	160000Z	29.5N 133.8E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.9N 139.6E	-	
19	160100Z	29.5N 133.5E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.9N 139.6E	-	
20	160200Z	30.0N 133.8E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.9N 139.6E	-	
21	160200Z	29.8N 133.8E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33.3N 134.2E	-	
22	160300Z	30.2N 134.1E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.9N 139.6E	-	
23	160300Z	30.2N 134.1E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.9N 139.6E	-	
24	160400Z	30.3N 134.3E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.9N 139.6E	-	
25	160400Z	30.6N 134.4E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33.3N 134.2E	-	
26	160449Z	31.4N 134.5E	P	2 5	700MB	-	80	959	274	14 17	-	-	-	-	-	-	FL WND CNTR SUNM DIA	07	
27	160500Z	31.1N 134.8E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33.3N 134.2E	-	
28	160600Z	31.5N 135.1E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33.3N 134.2E	-	
29	160600Z	31.0N 134.9E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.4N 138.7E	-	
30	160630Z	32.1N 134.8E	P	-	700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
31	160700Z	32.4N 135.0E	P	2 5	700MB	100	-	963	273	18 11	-	-	-	-	-	-	WDR PHES PUOR	07	
32	160700Z	32.4N 135.1E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33.3N 134.2E	-	
33	160700Z	33.0N 135.5E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.2N 137.0E	-	
34	160800Z	32.8N 135.2E	P	2 5	700MB	85	65	963	274	17 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
35	160800Z	33.5N 135.5E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.4N 138.7E	-	
36	160800Z	32.8N 135.6E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33.3N 134.2E	-	
37	160800Z	33.4N 135.6E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.2N 137.0E	-	
38	160800Z	33.2N 135.5E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34.6N 135.7E	-	
39	160900Z	33.4N 135.5E	P	2 5	700MB	65	-	958	273	14 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	FL WND CNTR SUNM DIA	07	
40	160900Z	33.3N 135.7E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33.3N 134.2E	-	
41	160900Z	33.1N 135.6E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.4N 138.7E	-	
42	160900Z	33.4N 135.6E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34.6N 135.7E	-	
43	161000Z	33.7N 135.7E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34.6N 135.7E	-	
44	161000Z	32.5N 135.5E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.4N 138.7E	-	
45	161000Z	33.8N 135.8E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33.3N 134.2E	-	
46	161100Z	34.2N 135.9E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36.2N 136.2E	-	
47	161100Z	34.2N 135.9E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33.3N 134.2E	-	
48	161100Z	34.0N 135.5E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.4N 138.7E	-	
49	161100Z	34.1N 136.0E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.4N 138.7E	-	
50	161200Z	34.8N 136.4E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34.1N 136.0E	-	
51	161200Z	34.8N 136.0E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.2N 137.0E	-	
52	161200Z	34.3N 135.6E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36.2N 136.2E	-	
53	161300Z	34.7N 136.2E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.4N 138.7E	-	
54	161400Z	35.3N 136.6E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34.6N 135.7E	-	
55	161400Z	35.3N 136.6E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
56	161400Z	36.1N 136.4E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.4N 138.7E	-	
57	161400Z	36.0N 136.3E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36.2N 136.2E	-	
58	161500Z	36.5N 136.8E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.4N 138.7E	-	
59	161500Z	36.7N 136.5E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34.6N 135.7E	-	
60	161600Z	35.0N 137.3E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.4N 138.7E	-	
61	161700Z	37.0N 138.0E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.4N 138.7E	-	
62	162100Z	38.7N 138.7E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39.7N 140.1E	-	
63	162200Z	39.1N 139.0E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39.7N 140.1E	-	
64	170600Z	41.4N 140.4E	LNUH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41.8N 140.7E	-	

TYPHOON IDA
FIX POSITIONS FOR CYCLONE NO. 22
16 SEP - 24 SEP

FIX NO.	TIME	POSIT	FIA CAT	ACRY NAV-ME	FLT LVL	UWS WND	Obs WND	MIN SLP	700MB HGT	FLT TI/TO	EYE FORM	UNILM-TATION DIA	EYE DIA	WALL CLU	1MKN	POSIT OF RUCAR	/REMARKS
1	160502Z	15.5N 155.5E	SAT	T2.0/2.0/DI.0/24HRS												ESSA 9	
2	170358Z	17.5N 154.5E	SAT	T3.0/3.0/DI.0/24HRS												ESSA 9	
3	170505Z	17.2N 155.1E	P	10 15 700MB	45	35	994	304	15 12	ELIP	SW-NE	20X10	-	-	-	WC V PR DEF	02
4	170800Z	17.0N 155.1E	P	10 15 700MB	47	40	991	300	13 13	CIRC		15	-	-	-	WC V PR DEF	02
5	171815Z	16.1N 156.7E	P	10 10 700MB	45	-	984	294	13 11	CIRC		35	5	-	-	CLSD WC	03
6	172130Z	16.5N 156.8E	P	10 10 700MB	60	55	980	297	13 12	CIRC		40	-	-	-	CLSD WC	03
7	180406Z	16.0N 157.5E	P	10 20 700MB	50	60	-	292	18 13	CIRC		20	5	-	-	WC OPER NW-N	04
8	180514Z	15.8N 157.7E	P	5 - 700MB	65	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	180905Z	15.7N 158.1E	P	5 5 700MB	68	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	181700Z	15.4N 158.1E	P	10 10 700MB	80	-	969	284	19 13	CIRC		23	-	-	-	WC OPER NW-NE	04
11	182000Z	15.3N 158.3E	P	- - 700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	WC OPER NW-NE	05
12	182120Z	15.3N 158.3E	P	10 10 700MB	80	80	969	283	18 13	CIRC		25	-	-	-	WC OPER N SEMIC	05
13	190404Z	15.5N 156.8E	SAT	T5.5/5.5/DI.0/48HRS												ESSA 9	
14	190430Z	15.8N 157.3E	P	15 10 700MB	-	100	968	284	18 12	ELIP	SW-NE	20X10	-	-	-	WC OPER NW-N-E	06
15	190600Z	15.8N 157.3E	P	- - 700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	190818Z	15.8N 156.9E	P	20 20 700MB	-	-	970	284	18 23	ELIP	SW-NE	20X10	-	-	-	WC OPER NW-NE	06
17	200350Z	16.7N 155.1E	P	10 5 700MB	55	50	985	296	16 12	CIRC		30	-	-	-	WC OPER SW-NW	07
18	200503Z	16.5N 153.0E	SAT	T4.5/5.5/WI.0/24HRS												ESSA 9	
19	200605Z	16.8N 152.9E	P	- - 700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	200824Z	17.8N 152.3E	P	5 5 700MB	45	-	978	288	18 13	CIRC		30	10	-	-	WC OPER NW-NE	07
21	201512Z	17.5N 152.0E	P	2 5 700MB	60	-	972	285	16 13	CIRC		20	-	-	-	WC OPER NW	08
22	202145Z	17.8N 148.7E	P	3 2 700MB	55	100	965	277	16 15	CIRC		17	-	-	-	DRKS IN WC	08
23	210105Z	18.0N 148.5E	SAT	STG X DIA MA CAT 2.0												ESSA 8 (ROUN)	
24	210319Z	18.2N 147.5E	P	10 12 700MB	70	70	953	269	18 16	CIRC		15	-	-	-	CLSD WC	09
25	210400Z	18.5N 147.3E	SAT	T5.5/5.5/PLUS/DI.0/24HRS												ESSA 9	
26	210457Z	18.2N 146.8E	P	- - 700MB	-	85	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
27	210900Z	18.8N 146.5E	P	10 10 700MB	-	-	-	-	19 15	ELIP	SE-NW	17X10	-	-	-	CLSD WC	09
28	220100Z	21.8N 143.9E	SAT	STG A DIA 3 CAT 4.0												ESSA 8 (ROUN)	
29	220115Z	21.8N 143.7E	P	5 5 700MB	100	85	-	251	17 14	CIRC		18	5	-	-	CLSD WC	09
30	220254Z	22.3N 143.3E	AC H	- - 700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
31	221440Z	22.5N 143.0E	SAT	T6.0/6.0/DO.5/24HRS												ESSA 9	
32	221220Z	23.4N 142.6E	P	10 10 700MB	75	-	932	251	19 12	CIRC		20	-	-	-	CLSD WC	11
33	221510Z	23.7N 142.6E	AC K	- - 700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	221547Z	23.8N 142.4E	P	- - 700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	221949Z	24.0N 142.4E	P	5 5 700MB	65	-	933	251	17 15	CIRC		20	-	-	-	CLSD WC	11
36	230608Z	27.4N 142.0E	SAT	T6.0/6.0/SO/24HRS												ESSA 9	
37	231015Z	25.0N 141.8E	P	10 5 700MB	-	-	933	250	20 14	CIRC		30	15	-	-	CLSD WC	12
38	231215Z	28.6N 141.6E	P	5 5 700MB	100	-	937	255	- -	CIRC		20	7	-	-	CLSD WC	13
39	231420Z	29.2N 141.7E	P	- - 700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40	231515Z	29.4N 141.8E	P	5 5 700MB	90	-	940	256	- -	CIRC		18	12	-	-	CLSD WC	13
41	231900Z	30.9N 142.2E	LNUK	- - 700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.4N 138.7E	
42	232000Z	31.3N 142.1E	LNUK	- - 700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.4N 138.7E	
43	232100Z	31.3N 142.3E	LNUK	- - 700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.4N 138.7E	
44	232130Z	31.5N 142.2E	P	5 5 700MB	76	100	942	259	16 14	CIRC		20	-	-	-	WC OPER S SEMIC	14
45	232200Z	31.6N 142.6E	LNUK	- - 700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.4N 138.7E	
46	232300Z	31.9N 142.7E	LNUK	- - 700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.4N 138.7E	
47	240000Z	32.1N 143.0E	LNUK	- - 700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.4N 138.7E	
48	240030Z	32.3N 142.7E	P	5 5 700MB	86	85	949	265	17 13	CIRC		20	-	-	-	WC OPER S	14
49	240100Z	32.5N 143.3E	LNUK	- - 700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.4N 138.7E	
50	240200Z	32.7N 143.3E	LNUK	- - 700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.4N 138.7E	
51	240300Z	33.1N 143.3E	P	5 5 700MB	88	100	-	266	17 14	CIRC		20	-	-	-	WC OPER S SEMIC	14
52	240300Z	33.1N 143.5E	LNUK	- - 700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.4N 138.7E	
53	240400Z	33.5N 143.8E	LNUK	- - 700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.4N 138.7E	
54	240500Z	34.0N 144.0E	LNUK	- - 700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.4N 138.7E	
55	240600Z	34.2N 144.2E	LNUK	- - 700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.4N 138.7E	
56	240700Z	34.6N 144.6E	LNUK	- - 700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.4N 138.7E	
57	241055Z	36.1N 145.7E	P	5 5 700MB	88	-	956	272	19 -	CIRC		10	-	-	-	WC PR DEF	15
58	241230Z	36.6N 146.8E	P	5 5 700MB	30	-	961	274	16 -	CIRC		10	-	-	-	WC OPER W	15
59	241500Z	36.9N 147.0E	P	5 5 700MB	30	-	963	276	16 -	CIRC		10	-	-	-	WC PR DEF	15

TYPHOON LORNA
FIX POSITIONS FOR CYCLONE NO. 25
27 SEP - 3 OCT

FIX NO.	TIME	POSIT	FLY	ACCMY	FLT LVL	FLT WND	OBS SFC	OBS MIN	OBS SLP	MIN 700MB	FLT LVL	FLT TI/TO	EYE FORM	ORIENT	EYE DIA	THKN WALL	POSIT OF	REMARKS
1	270908Z	15.0N 129.0E	CAT	NAV-MET	LVL	WIND												RADAR
2	300713Z	18.2N 117.5E	SAT	T3.0/3.0/D1.5/24HRS														ESSA 9
3	010216Z	17.0N 113.0E	SAT	STG UNK														ESSA 9
4	010308Z	17.1N 114.3E	P	10 3	700MB	50	60	995	304	13 10								ESSA 8 (VTSU)
5	010600Z	17.4N 113.6E	P	5 2	700MB	55	80	990	300	15 12								UNTR FIL W/ CLDS AT FL 03
6	010740Z	18.1N 108.2E	SRUK															PHIL WC 5
7	011400Z	17.3N 111.1E	SRUK															
8	011500Z	17.7N 111.0E	SRUK															
9	011700Z	18.0N 110.8E	SRUK															
10	011800Z	17.9N 110.9E	SRUK															
11	011830Z	17.7N 110.6E	LRUK															
12	011900Z	17.9N 110.7E	SRUK															16.0N 108.2E
13	011915Z	17.3N 110.7E	SRUK															
14	012000Z	17.9N 110.5E	SRUK															
15	012100Z	17.9N 110.3E	SRUK															
16	012100Z	18.0N 110.2E	SRUK															
17	012200Z	17.9N 110.0E	SRUK															
18	012300Z	18.0N 109.8E	SRUK															
19	012330Z	17.9N 109.7E	LRUK															16.0N 108.2E
20	020100Z	18.0N 108.3E	SRUK															
21	020200Z	18.1N 108.9E	SRUK															
22	020210Z	18.3N 109.1E	AC H															
23	020251Z	17.7N 108.7E	SAT	STG X DIA 2 CAT 4.0														
24	020300Z	18.1N 108.8E	SRUK															ESSA 8 (ROUN)
25	020330Z	18.2N 108.9E	AC H															
26	020400Z	18.3N 108.6E	SRUK															
27	020400Z	18.0N 108.7E	SRUK															
28	020430Z	18.1N 108.4E	AC H															
29	020600Z	18.1N 108.3E	SRUK															
30	020615Z	18.2N 108.3E	SRUK															
31	020630Z	18.1N 108.2E	LRUK															
32	020700Z	18.1N 108.1E	SRUK															16.0N 108.2E
33	020718Z	18.5N 107.4E	SAT	T5.0/5.0/D1.0/24HRS														
34	020800Z	18.2N 108.0E	SRUK															ESSA 9
35	020830Z	18.1N 107.7E	LRUK															
36	020900Z	18.2N 107.8E	SRUK															16.0N 108.2E
37	020900Z	18.2N 107.8E	SRUK															
38	021000Z	18.2N 107.6E	SRUK															
39	021100Z	18.2N 107.5E	SRUK															
40	021100Z	18.2N 107.5E	SRUK															
41	021100Z	18.1N 107.4E	LRUK															16.0N 108.2E
42	021200Z	18.4N 107.2E	SRUK															
43	021300Z	18.1N 107.1E	LRUK															16.0N 108.2E
44	021300Z	18.2N 107.2E	SRUK															
45	021400Z	18.1N 106.9E	LRUK															16.0N 108.2E
46	021400Z	18.2N 107.0E	SRUK															
47	021500Z	18.1N 106.7E	LRUK															16.0N 108.2E
48	021500Z	18.2N 106.9E	SRUK															
49	021600Z	18.2N 106.7E	SRUK															
50	021700Z	18.2N 106.5E	SRUK															
51	021800Z	18.2N 106.3E	SRUK															
52	021900Z	18.1N 106.2E	SRUK															
53	022100Z	18.0N 105.8E	LRUK															
54	022200Z	18.0N 105.8E	LRUK															17.4N 104.7E
55	022311Z	18.0N 105.7E	LRUK															17.4N 104.7E
56	030000Z	17.9N 105.3E	LRUK															17.4N 104.7E
57	030110Z	17.8N 105.1E	LRUK															17.4N 104.7E
58	030140Z	17.8N 105.0E	LRUK															17.4N 104.7E
59	030515Z	18.0N 105.3E	LRUK															17.4N 102.8E
60	030540Z	17.5N 104.0E	LRUK															17.4N 102.8E

TYPHOON MARIE
FIX POSITIONS FOR CYCLONE NO. 26
4 OCT - 12 OCT

FIX NO.	TIME	POSIT	FLY	ACCMY	FLT LVL	FLT WND	OBS SFC	OBS MIN	OBS SLP	MIN 700MB	FLT LVL	FLT TI/TO	EYE FORM	ORIENT	EYE DIA	THKN WALL	POSIT OF	REMARKS
1	040322Z	15.0N 168.0E	SAT	T2.5/2.5/PLUS/D1.0/24HRS														
2	050330Z	14.4N 168.3E	P	5 10	700MB	30	40	988	297	14 12								ESSA 9
3	050423Z	14.0N 167.4E	SAT	T3.5/3.5/D1.0/24HRS														WIND CIRC WELL DEF
4	060325Z	14.5N 164.5E	SAT	T4.0/4.0/D0.5/24HRS														ESSA 9
5	060415Z	13.9N 164.7E	P	5 10	700MB	60	50	970	285	16 14								UNTR FIL W/ CLDS
6	060935Z	14.3N 163.7E	P	5 10	700MB	-	-	971	284	16 15	CIRC			10				WC OPEN E SEMIC
7	070402Z	15.1N 159.2E	P	10 5	700MB	-	-	962	274	17 15	CIRC			10	5			WC OPEN NE-SE
8	070423Z	15.4N 158.6E	SAT	T5.0/5.0/D1.0/24HRS														ESSA 9
9	070914Z	15.2N 157.3E	P	3 10	700MB	75	-	954	271	19 11								OVC ABV AND BLD IN CNTR
10	080315Z	16.7N 152.5E	P	00 00	700MB	62	70	-	266	17 16	CIRC			40	5			WC PH DEF
11	080453Z	16.8N 152.2E	P	-	700MB	-	-											
12	080520Z	16.5N 152.0E	SAT	T4.5/5.0/WO.5/24HRS														ESSA 9
13	080606Z	16.9N 151.6E	P	-	700MB	-	-											
14	080905Z	17.2N 150.8E	P	5 5	700MB	50	-	-	267	16 12	CIRC			60	10			WC PH DEF
15	081519Z	17.3N 148.6E	P	-	700MB	-	-											
16	081751Z	17.6N 148.3E	P	10 15	700MB	-	-	946	263	19	-							UNTR FIL W/ SC, AS ABV
17	082030Z	17.8N 147.8E	P	-	700MB	-	-											
18	082106Z	17.8N 147.6E	P	10 10	700MB	-	-	941	259	17	-							WC BKG TO FHM
19	090110Z	18.3N 146.2E	SAT	STG X DIA 2 CAT 4.0														ESSA 8 (ROUN)
20	090425Z	18.0N 146.0E	SAT	T6.0/6.0/D1.5/24HRS														ESSA 9
21	090535Z	18.8N 146.9E	P	10 5	700MB	80	75	937	255	15 14	CIRC			10	-			WC PH DEF
22	090700Z	18.8N 146.3E	P	-	700MB	-	-											
23	090900Z	18.9N 145.9E	P	1 5	700MB	90	-	936	254	16 13	CIRC			10	-			WC PH DEF
24	100010Z	21.0N 143.7E	SAT	STG X DIA 3 CAT 4.0														ESSA 8 (ROUN)
25	100310Z	20.9N 144.1E	P	10														

TYPHOON NANCY
FIX POSITIONS FOR CYCLONE NO. 27
16 OCT - 24 OCT

FIX NO.	TIME	POSIT	FIX CAT	ACCRY NAV-ME1	FLT LVL	FL1 LVL	OBS SFC	OBS MIN	MIN 700MB	FLT LVL	EYE FORM	UNLEN- TATION	EYE DIA	THKN WALL	POSIT UP /REMARKS
1	160335Z	15.0N 170.5E	SAT	T2.0/2.0/D0.5/25HRS											ESSA 9
2	160430Z	15.7N 169.6E	P	5 10	700MB	40	45	998	306	12	CIRC		3	4	WC OPEN
3	162130Z	15.7N 167.1E	P	2 2	700MB	50	80	993	302	12 12	CIRC		5		WC OPEN E-SE
4	170140Z	15.7N 166.6E	AC H	2 2	700MB	45	60	985	295	15 11	OCNC		15-25		FB5 ALQDS HWY N QUAD
5	170330Z	15.9N 166.1E	P	4 5	700MB	40									ESSA 9
6	170434Z	16.0N 165.9E	SAT	T4.5/4.5/D2.0/24HRS											ESSA 9
7	170925Z	16.0N 164.9E	P	4 5	700MB	40		975	288	14 10	CIRC		20		EYE FORMED BY FB
8	172037Z	16.1N 164.4E	P	4 5	700MB	65		972	282	16	CIRC		30		
9	171500Z	16.3N 163.6E	P	10 2	700MB	80	130	954	269	16 9	CIRC		15		EYE HCME UP
10	180340Z	17.3N 161.0E	SAI	S16 X DIA 2 Cat #+0											CLSD WC
11	180357Z	17.0N 160.9E	P	10 2	700MB	90		945	260	17 8	CIRC		20	15	ESSA 9
12	180600Z	17.4N 160.8E	P	10 2	700MB	90		945	260	17 8	CIRC		20	15	CLSD WC
13	180900Z	17.7N 160.9E	P	10 2	700MB	90		945	260	17 8	CIRC		20	15	WC WA-OPEN SE
14	190340Z	20.3N 158.2E	P	10 3	700MB	110	130		266	21	CIRC		30		ESSA 9
15	190436Z	20.7N 158.0E	SAT	T5.5/5.5/S0/24HRS											
16	190630Z	20.7N 158.0E	P	10 10	700MB	100		958	271	19 12					FL CNTR APPRS LINE IF
17	190900Z	21.1N 157.8E	P	15 10	700MB	55	85		299	19 12					NEW RUM PRES
18	201834Z	24.7N 159.8E	P	7 5	700MB	55			301	18 15					NEW RUM PRES
19	202100Z	24.4N 160.0E	SAI	S16 C-											ESSA 9
20	240347Z	24.0N 157.0E													

TYPHOON ULGA
FIX POSITIONS FOR CYCLONE NO. 28
21 OCT - 29 OCT

FIX NO.	TIME	POSIT	FIX CAT	ACCRY NAV-ME1	FLT LVL	FL1 LVL	OBS SFC	OBS MIN	MIN 700MB	FLT LVL	EYE FORM	UNLEN- TATION	EYE DIA	THKN WALL	POSIT UP /REMARKS
1	210234Z	7.5N 177.0E	SAT	STG C											ESSA 9
2	211953Z	7.9N 174.9E	P	10 10	700MB	50	100		343	15 11					CNTR FILLED WITH 7/8 AS
3	212339Z	8.1N 174.9E	P	10 10	700MB	55	100		343	16 14					WC FMNG S SEMIC
4	220335Z	9.0N 172.0E	SAT	T3.0/3.0/D1.0/24HRS											ESSA 9
5	220830Z	8.2N 174.2E	P	5 2	700MB	50			294	14 14	ELIP	M-5	8X 5		WC PH DEF
6	220910Z	8.1N 174.1E	P	5 2	700MB	50			304	12 10					WC APPRS TO FMN SW SIDE
7	221020Z	8.9N 173.6E	P	5 10	700MB	40	65	993	306	16 11					NEG RUM PRES
8	222230Z	9.2N 172.3E	P	5 10	700MB	45			306	16 11					ESSA 9
9	230452Z	9.0N 171.9E	SAT	STG C											
10	230933Z	9.5N 172.0E	P	5 10	700MB	45	65		303	15 14	CIRC		20		WC OPEN N SEMIC
11	231457Z	10.1N 169.8E	P	1 10	700MB	37		994	304	17					
12	231550Z	10.4N 169.8E	P	1 10	700MB	37		994	304	17					
13	240500Z	11.0N 168.2E	P	5 5	1500FT	40	30	999		25					HWY ISLN ACIV S-WW
14	240500Z	11.4N 168.2E	P	5 5	1500FT	40	30	996		26					NEW RUM PRES
15	240532Z	10.5N 164.5E	SAT	T4.0/4.0/D1.0/24HRS											NO CLD CHG AT CNTR
16	240925Z	12.2N 166.3E	P	3 10	700MB	50		993	305	14					ESSA 9
17	241542Z	11.8N 164.5E	P	10 20	700MB	30		995	302	15 13					700MB CNTR ENGULFED IN ISLN SYSTEM 30NM WIDR08
18	242222Z	12.3N 163.0E	P	1 10	1500FT	55	50	994		25 25					700MB CNTR ILL DEF DUE CB COVERING ENTIRE CNTR09
19	250447Z	12.9N 162.0E	SAT	T4.5/4.5/D0.5/24HRS											ESSA 9
20	250530Z	13.5N 161.9E	P	10 5	700MB	45	55	987	296	15 14					NEW RUM PRES
21	250930Z	13.6N 159.9E	P	10 3	700MB	55		989	298	15 15					TCU NH CNTR-FRMG WC
22	251825Z	13.7N 157.9E	P	10 10	700MB	50		982	292	15					NEW DRG ON RUM
23	252112Z	13.8N 157.9E	P	10 7	700MB	60	65	979	292	16					CNTR UNCLD
24	260442Z	14.3N 156.9E	AC H												EMG CB AT EAACI L-TH
25	260442Z	14.1N 156.1E	P	5 5	700MB	60	100	974	287	16 13	CIRC		20		WC PH DEF
26	260532Z	14.6N 155.6E	P	5 5	700MB	60									
27	260718Z	14.4N 155.3E	P	15 10	700MB	65	120	981	289	14 13	CIRC		20		WC PH DEF
28	261023Z	14.9N 154.1E	P	10 10	700MB	40		972	285	15 14					WC PH DEF
29	261230Z	15.2N 153.6E	P	5 2	700MB	51									WC PH DEF
30	261522Z	15.7N 151.9E	P	5 2	700MB	40		967	279	17 15	CIRC		10		WC FMNG ALQDS
31	262030Z	16.1N 150.9E	P	5 2	700MB	40									
32	262100Z	16.1N 150.6E	P	5 1	700MB	70	65	961	277	16 12	CIRC		30	7	CLSD WC
33	270118Z	17.0N 148.4E	P	10 10	700MB	65	55	948	264	19 13	CIRC		15	5	WELL DEF
34	270549Z	17.5N 147.9E	P	5 5	700MB	45		943							
35	271025Z	17.9N 146.9E	P	5 5	700MB	45		940	257	16 15	CIRC		10	2	CLSD WC
36	271220Z	18.4N 146.3E	P	5 5	700MB	45									
37	271500Z	18.9N 145.8E	P	2 2	700MB	75			283	16 16	CIRC		12	8	CLSD WC
38	272110Z	19.9N 144.9E	P	5 5	700MB	70	120	939	256	18 16	CIRC		15		CLSD WC
39	272300Z	20.3N 144.3E	P	5 5	700MB	45									
40	280730Z	22.1N 143.9E	P	5 5	700MB	45	60		262	17 13	CIRC		20		UPEN W SEMIC
41	281415Z	23.3N 143.1E	P	5 10	700MB	40		951	268	21	CIRC		40		WC PH DEF
42	282630Z	23.5N 143.8E	P	5 10	700MB	40									
43	282100Z	25.1N 143.3E	P	5 10	700MB	45	80	952	268	21 18	CIRC		40		WC PH DEF
44	290450Z	29.5N 145.9E	SAT	T4.0/5.0/W1.0/24HRS											ESSA 9
45	290820Z	30.1N 145.9E	P	5 20	700MB	75	60	964	279	14 13					
46	290959Z	30.0N 145.8E	P	5 20	700MB	75	60	964	279	14 13					
47	290804Z	31.2N 146.2E	P	3 5	700MB	50		969	280	14 16					RD IN CNTR-LINE MDT W
48	290900Z	31.7N 146.5E	P	3 5	700MB	50									RUM PRES NIL

TYPHOON PAMFLA
FIX POSITIONS FOR CYCLONE NO. 29
30 NOV - 8 NOV

FIX NO.	TIME	POSIT	FIX CAT	ACCHY	FL1 LVL	DBS SFC	DBS MIN SLP	MIN 700MB HGT	FL1 LVL 11/10	EYE FCRM	ORIENT- IATIUN	EYE DIA	TKMN WALL CLD	POSIT OF RADAR	REMARKS
1	300347Z	10.5N 124.5E	SAT	T1.0/1.0/D0.5/24HRS										ESSA 9	
2	310450Z	14.5N 123.5E	SAT	T2.5/2.5/D1.0/24HRS										ESSA 9	
3	010349Z	18.0N 120.0E	SAT	T2.0/2.5/W0.5/24HRS										ESSA 9	
4	040410Z	12.9N 124.0E	P	10 20 700MB +8		70	1004	308	13 11	-	-	-	-	CALM SFC	CNTR 4005NM 02
5	040649Z	12.5N 124.5E	SAT	T2.5/2.5/D1.0/24HRS										ESSA 9	
6	041025Z	13.0N 128.0E	AC R												
7	041300Z	12.7N 127.7E	AC R												
8	041300Z	12.7N 127.6E	AC R												
9	041450Z	13.0N 127.0E	AC R												
10	041900Z	12.6N 120.6E	AC R												
11	042300Z	12.5N 125.0E	AC R												
12	042300Z	12.5N 125.0E	AC R												
13	050120Z	11.0N 124.1E	SAT	SIG UNK											13.0N 125.0E
14	050228Z	11.9N 124.7E	SAT	T4.0/4.0/D1.5/24HRS											ESSA 9
15	050430Z	12.3N 123.2E	P	1 20 500MB											RUN PRES POOR 03
16	050613Z	12.0N 123.0E	AC R												
17	050815Z	12.3N 122.5E	AC R												
18	050900Z	12.4N 122.3E	AC R												
19	050900Z	12.5N 122.1E	LKUN												
20	050900Z	12.6N 122.1E	LKUN												13.6N 124.2E
21	051030Z	12.3N 122.2E	AC R												
22	051140Z	12.5N 122.1E	LKUN												13.6N 124.2E
23	051200Z	12.0N 121.7E	LKUN												13.9N 121.1E
24	051200Z	12.7N 121.4E	LKUN												
25	051215Z	12.7N 121.4E	AC R												
26	051300Z	13.0N 121.3E	LKUN												13.9N 121.1E
27	051300Z	12.8N 121.2E	LKUN												
28	051400Z	12.8N 120.8E	LKUN												13.9N 121.3E
29	051610Z	12.8N 120.4E	P	5 10 500MB	60		989		-5 +4	CIRC		12		WC CLSD	04
30	051610Z	13.0N 119.8E	P	5 10 500MB	50		985		-8 +6	CIRC		14		WC CLSD	04
31	051810Z	13.0N 119.8E	AC R												
32	051810Z	13.5N 120.0E	AC R												
33	052100Z	13.1N 118.6E	P	1 3 700MB	55		984	295	12 9	CIRC		15	5	WC OPEN W SEMIC	05
34	052200Z	13.0N 118.6E	SHUN												
35	052300Z	13.2N 118.4E	P	-	700MB										
36	052345Z	13.0N 118.9E	AC R												
37	060030Z	13.2N 118.1E	P	1 5 700MB	40	60		296	15 12	CIRC		20		WC OPEN S	05
38	060205Z	13.9N 117.6E	SAT	T5.0/5.0/PLUS/D0.5/24HRS											ESSA 8 (RUUN)
39	060300Z	12.4N 117.3E	P	5 5 700MB	50	65	987	295	18 11	CIRC		30			
40	060300Z	13.0N 120.1E	SHUN												
41	060310Z	11.8N 119.4E	SAT	STG X DIA 9 CAT 3.0											ESSA 8 (RUUN)
42	060400Z	13.0N 120.0E	SHUN												
43	060500Z	13.0N 119.6E	AC R												
44	060600Z	13.5N 116.6E	P	5 2 700MB	65	65	980	291	17 14	CIRC		20		WC CLSD	06
45	060600Z	13.8N 116.8E	AC R												
46	060600Z	13.2N 119.5E	SHUN												
47	060650Z	13.0N 118.2E	SAT	T4.5/4.5/D0.5/24HRS											ESSA 9
48	060800Z	13.2N 119.1E	SHUN												
49	060915Z	14.0N 116.7E	AC R												
50	061005Z	13.8N 115.8E	P	3 6 700MB		65	970	284	16 10	CIRC		25		WC CLSD	07
51	061045Z	14.0N 116.0E	AC R												
52	061145Z	14.0N 115.4E	AC R												
53	061212Z	14.1N 115.7E	P	3 10 700MB			968	283	16 9	CIRC		25		WELL DEF NUM-ENE SEMIC	07
54	061300Z	13.5N 116.6E	SHUN												
55	061300Z	13.5N 116.8E	SHUN												
56	061420Z	14.4N 115.4E	P	-	700MB										
57	061515Z	14.4N 115.1E	P	3 10 700MB			965	280	16 13	ELIP	N+S	25X20		WC OPEN WSW SEMIC	07
58	061615Z	14.5N 115.1E	AC R												
59	061652Z	14.7N 114.5E	P	10 5 700MB	88		964	277	18 17	CIRC		20	5	WC OPEN W	08
60	062000Z	14.9N 114.4E	AC R												
61	062130Z	14.9N 114.0E	P	5 5 700MB	82		958	274	20 17	CIRC		25	10	WC OPEN W	08
62	070020Z	15.0N 115.5E	AC R												WC OPEN S
63	070035Z	15.1N 113.4E	P	15 10 700MB	80	100	952	269	20 19	CIRC		30	7		
64	070100Z	15.3N 113.4E	SHUN												
65	070200Z	15.5N 113.2E	SHUN												
66	070255Z	15.5N 113.5E	SAT	STG X DIA 6 CAT 3.0											ESSA 8 (VIBU)
67	070300Z	14.9N 113.2E	SAT	STG X DIA 5 CAT 4.0											ESSA 8 (RUUN)
68	070300Z	14.6N 113.0E	SHUN												
69	070400Z	15.7N 112.9E	SHUN												
70	070425Z	15.7N 112.9E	P	00 00 700MB	90	70	948	265	20 16	CIRC		23	5	WC SML, OPEN S	09
71	070430Z	14.0N 113.0E	AC R												
72	070500Z	14.8N 112.6E	SHUN												
73	070600Z	14.8N 112.6E	SHUN												
74	070612Z	15.9N 112.6E	AC R												
75	070645Z	16.0N 112.5E	P	00 00 700MB	105	75	942	260	19 11	CIRC		23	5	WC CLSD	09
76	070700Z	16.1N 112.3E	SHUN												
77	070749Z	14.0N 112.2E	SAT	T5.5/5.5/D1.0/24HRS											ESSA 9
78	070900Z	16.2N 112.1E	AC R												
79	070900Z	16.3N 112.1E	AC R												
80	070900Z	16.4N 111.9E	SMDN												
81	070900Z	16.4N 111.9E	SMDN												
82	070900Z	16.3N 112.1E	SMDN												
83	071000Z	16.5N 111.7E	SMDN												
84	071100Z	16.7N 111.6E	SMDN												
85	071200Z	16.8N 111.5E	SMDN												
86	071225Z	16.8N 111.6E	AC R	5 5						CIRC		20		15.4N 111.8E	
87	071300Z	16.9N 111.3E	SMDN												
88	071300Z	17.1N 111.6E	AC R	5 5						CIRC		30	5	16.5N 110.8E	
89	071800Z	17.5N 110.6E	AC R	5 10						CIRC		25		16.5N 110.8E	
90	072230Z	17.5N 110.9E	AC R	1 30										16.4N 110.4E	
91	080136Z	17.5N 112.0E	SAT	SIG UNK											ESSA 8 (VIBU)
92	080652Z	20.0N 110.2E	SAT	T4.5/5.5/W1.0/24HRS											ESSA 9

TYPHOON MUBY
FIX POSITIONS FOR CYCLONE NO. 30
11 NOV - 19 NOV

FIX NO.	TIME	POSIT	FIX CAT	ACCRV NAV-ME1	FLT LVL	FLY LVL	Obs SFC WND	Obs MIN SLP	MIN HGT	FLY LVL	FLY TI/TU	EYE FORM	ORIENT- TATION	EYE DIA	IRKNN WALL LLD	POSIT OF MADAM	/REMARKS	
1	110202Z	6.0N 175.0W	SAT	T1.0/1.0/DO.5/24HRS	10	5	700MB	58	70	-	293	17 13	CIRC	30	5	ESSA 9		
2	130209Z	9.5N 177.0W	SAT	T1.5/2.5/MINUS/W1.0/24HRS	10	5	700MB	50	60	-	294	19 15	CIRC	25	-	ESSA 9		
3	140406Z	12.0N 178.5W	SAT	T3.5/3.5/D2.0/24HRS	10	3	700MB	58	70	-	293	17 13	CIRC	30	5	ESSA 9	SML OPENING IN WC NW 01	
4	140432Z	11.9N 179.6W	P	-	10	3	700MB	58	70	-	294	19 15	CIRC	25	-	ESSA 9	CLSD WC 01	
5	140641Z	11.9N 179.7E	P	-	10	5	700MB	50	60	-	294	19 15	CIRC	25	-	ESSA 9	ESSA 9 (NESS)	
6	150111Z	13.5N 177.0E	SAT	T4.0/4.0/DO.5/24HRS	10	5	700MB	50	60	-	294	19 15	CIRC	25	-	ESSA 9	ESSA 9 (NESS)	
7	150211Z	14.0N 177.0E	SAT	T4.5/4.5/D1.5/24HRS	10	5	700MB	50	60	-	294	19 15	CIRC	25	-	ESSA 9	ESSA 9 (NESS)	
8	150642Z	13.0N 174.9E	AC N	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NEG DEF	03	
9	151352Z	14.3N 174.1E	P	20 20	20	20	700MB	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	LLSD WC	03	
10	151641Z	14.4N 173.8E	P	5 5	5	5	700MB	60	-	-	257	20 11	-	-	-	LLSD WC	04	
11	152315Z	14.5N 172.3E	P	2 2	2	2	700MB	110	100	944	262	21 11	CIRC	20	-	ESSA 9		
12	160138Z	14.7N 171.9E	P	-	-	-	500MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9 (NESS)		
13	160307Z	14.7N 171.5E	SAT	T5.0/5.0/D1.0/24HRS	10	5	700MB	50	60	-	257	20 11	-	-	-	ESSA 9		
14	160310Z	14.5N 171.3E	SAT	T4.5/4.5/SO/24HRS	10	5	700MB	50	60	-	257	20 11	-	-	-	ESSA 9 (NESS)		
15	160400Z	14.8N 171.7E	P	2 2	2	2	700MB	130	945	262	20 12	CIRC	20	15	WC OPEN SE QUAD	05		
16	160600Z	15.0N 171.6E	P	-	6	6	700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	WC OPEN E-SL	05	
17	160900Z	15.3N 171.0E	P	2 5	5	5	700MB	-	-	270	20 12	CIRC	20	12	WC PH DEF	06		
18	161557Z	15.5N 170.0E	P	20 10	10	10	700MB	-	-	277	21 10	CIRC	20	-	WC OPEN S SMLC	07		
19	162137Z	15.8N 168.0E	P	2 2	2	2	700MB	100	130	-	294	21 10	CIRC	30	-	WC USPIC NE-S-W	07	
20	162352Z	15.8N 168.8E	P	-	-	-	700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9 (NESS)		
21	170330Z	16.1N 168.0E	P	2 5	5	5	700MB	80	65	286	20 13	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9 (NESS)		
22	170400Z	15.8N 167.9E	SAT	T5.0/5.0/SO/24HRS	10	5	700MB	50	60	-	294	22 20	-	-	-	ESSA 9 (NESS)		
23	170400Z	16.0N 168.0E	P	5 10	10	10	700MB	40	-	294	22 20	-	-	-	-	SFC CNTR FIL SC	08	
24	170650Z	16.1N 167.0E	P	-	-	-	700MB	-	-	296	19 11	-	-	-	-	SFC CNTR FIL SC	08	
25	170915Z	16.1N 166.5E	P	10 15	15	15	700MB	55	-	296	19 11	-	-	-	-	APRNT WC REMAINS NW	09	
26	171532Z	16.2N 165.1E	P	5 10	10	10	700MB	40	-	294	15 11	-	-	-	-	ESSA 9 (NESS)		
27	172244Z	15.8N 163.3E	SAT	T3.0/4.0/W1.0/24HRS	10	5	700MB	50	60	-	294	15 11	-	-	-	ESSA 9 (NESS)		
28	172444Z	15.5N 163.5E	SAT	T3.0/5.0/W2.0/24HRS	10	5	700MB	50	60	-	294	15 11	-	-	-	ESSA 9 (NESS)		
29	180430Z	15.4N 161.9E	P	3 2	2	2	700MB	25	30	1001	311	15 -	-	-	-	CALM SFC CNTR 10NM DIA	10	
30	180933Z	15.3N 161.1E	P	5 5	5	5	700MB	20	-	1005	314	16 13	-	-	-	APRNT CNTR 20NM DIA	11	
31	181503Z	15.4N 160.0E	P	3 1	1	1	700MB	-	-	999	309	-	-	-	-	SFC CNTR 40NM DIA	12	
32	182144Z	16.0N 161.0E	SAT	T3.0/3.0/W0/24HRS	10	5	700MB	50	60	-	294	15 11	-	-	-	NUAA 2		
33	182144Z	15.8N 158.7E	SAT	T3.0/3.0/W0/24HRS	10	5	700MB	50	60	-	294	15 11	-	-	-	NUAA 2 (NESS)		
34	190315Z	16.1N 157.9E	P	15 1	1	1	700MB	18	20	985	299	-	-	-	-	FIX MADE AT SFC CNTR	13	
35	190740Z	16.2N 156.3E	P	10 1	1	1	700MB	24	25	989	302	-	-	-	-	FIX MADE AT SFC CNTR	13	

TYPHOON SALLY
FIX POSITIONS FOR CYCLONE NO. 31
1 DEC - 8 DEC

FIX NO.	TIME	POSIT	FIX CAT	ACCRV NAV-ME1	FLT LVL	FLY LVL	Obs SFC WND	Obs MIN SLP	MIN HGT	FLY LVL	FLY TI/TU	EYE FORM	ORIENT- TATION	EYE DIA	IRKNN WALL LLD	POSIT OF MADAM	/REMARKS
1	010100Z	7.0N 110.5E	SAT	T3.0/3.0/SO/24HRS	10	5	700MB	55	65	989	301	18 10	CIRC	5	10	NUAA 2	
2	010110Z	7.0N 110.5E	SAT	T3.5/3.5/SO/24HRS	10	5	700MB	55	65	989	298	18 9	CIRC	25	3	WC OPEN NE	04
3	010130Z	7.1N 110.3E	P	10 5	5	5	700MB	70	55	984	298	18 9	CIRC	25	3	WC OPEN NW	05
4	011030Z	6.5N 108.0E	P	5 10	10	10	700MB	70	55	984	298	18 9	CIRC	25	3	LLSD WC	04
5	011430Z	6.0N 107.7E	P	15 10	10	10	700MB	70	-	985	294	15 -	CIRC	25	4	WC OPEN N HALF	05
6	011607Z	6.8N 107.4E	P	15 10	10	10	700MB	70	-	985	297	16 10	CIRC	20	10	WC OPEN N HALF	05
7	020144Z	7.1N 106.0E	P	5 5	5	5	700MB	70	90	988	301	16 12	CIRC	25	3	NUAA 2	06
8	020232Z	7.0N 106.3E	SAT	T4.0/4.0/D1.0/24HRS	10	5	700MB	55	65	988	301	16 12	CIRC	25	3	NUAA 2	
9	020507Z	7.0N 105.5E	SAT	T4.0/4.0/D1.0/24HRS	10	5	700MB	55	65	988	301	16 12	CIRC	25	3	ESSA 8 (VIBU)	
10	020517Z	7.0N 105.8E	SAT	STG C	10	5	700MB	55	65	988	301	16 12	CIRC	25	3	WC OPEN N SEMIC	06
11	020540Z	7.5N 105.5E	P	10 5	5	5	700MB	85	75	969	303	15 10	CIRC	25	3	WC OPEN N SEMIC	06
12	020615Z	7.2N 105.1E	P	10 5	5	5	700MB	85	75	969	303	15 10	CIRC	25	3	WC AND S VRY PH DEF	07
13	021117Z	7.8N 105.0E	P	10 15	15	15	700MB	45	45	999	310	15 12	CIRC	15	-	NEG WC	07
14	021235Z	7.9N 104.8E	P	10 15	15	15	700MB	50	-	997	298	14 10	CIRC	12	3	WC NW-SW	07
15	021452Z	8.2N 104.4E	P	10 15	15	15	700MB	50	-	993	302	16 -	-	-	-	LLSD WC	07
16	021800Z	7.9N 103.8E	P	10 5	5	5	700MB	70	-	987	298	14 10	CIRC	12	3	WC OPEN E	07
17	022230Z	8.0N 103.5E	P	15 5	5	5	700MB	70	-	989	300	18 12	CIRC	23	-	SFC CNTR CIRC 20NM	08
18	030030Z	8.0N 103.0E	P	5 2	2	2	700MB	70	75	987	302	20 -	-	-	-	NUAA 2	08
19	030200Z	8.0N 102.6E	SAT	T4.5/4.5/DO.5/25HRS	10	5	700MB	60	85	990	305	18 -	-	-	-	NUAA 2	08
20	030300Z	8.1N 102.6E	P	5 2	2	2	700MB	60	85	990	305	18 -	-	-	-	NUAA 2	08
21	030314Z	8.0N 103.0E	SAT	STG C	10	5	700MB	55	65	989	301	15 -	-	-	-	SFC CNTR CIRC 20NM	08
22	030620Z	8.8N 102.1E	P	15 5	5	5	700MB	55	65	989	301	15 -	-	-	-	ESSA 8 (VIBU)	09
23	030930Z	8.0N 102.1E	P	15 10	10	10	700MB	12	50	990	303	14 -	-	-	-	SFC CNTR CIRC 25NM	09
24	031205Z	8.0N 101.9E	P	10 10	10	10	700MB	35	-	994	305	18 15	CIRC	20	-	SFC CNTR CIRC 25NM	09
25	031830Z	9.1N 101.4E	P	2 15	15	15	700MB	35	-	307	15 11	-	-	-	-	WC PH DEF	09
26	031852Z	9.4N 101.4E	P	10 20	20	20	700MB	50	-	995	305	15 12	-	-	-	NEG WC	10
27	032118Z	9.4N 101.4E	P	10 20	20	20	700MB	40	-	992	304	16 10	-	-	-	NEG WC	10
28	040000Z	9.6N 101.3E	P	10 10	10	10	700MB	45	50	998	309	14 10	-	-	-	NEG WC	10
29	040137Z	9.0N 101.0E	SAT	T4.0/4.0/SO/24HRS	10	5	700MB	50	60	-	294	15 11	-	-	-	NUAA 2	
30	040630Z	10.1N 100.5E	P	2 2	2	2	700MB	65	50	995	303	17 -	-	-	-	NUAA 2	
31	040910Z	9.9N 100.6E	P	2 4	4	4	700MB	35	50	996	306	17 -	-	-	-	SFC CNTR 30NM DIA	11
32	041415Z	9.0N 99.3E	P	2 2	2	2	700MB	45	-	-	15 12	-	-	-	-	SFC CNTR 8-NEG WC	11
33	041505Z	9.8N 98.9E	P	2 2	2	2	500MB	25	-	-	-1-3	-	-	-	-	NEG WC	12
34	041710Z	10.0N 98.8E	P	2 2	2	2	500MB	20	-	-	-2-3	-	-	-	-	NEG WC	12
35	050200Z	9.9N 99.0E	P	1 10	10	10	700MB	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FL MND CNTR 40NM DIA	12
36	050253Z	11.5N 98.5E	SAT	STG C	10	5	700MB	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	UVC AS IN CNTR	13
37	050350Z	9.9N 98.9E	P	1 10	10	10	700MB	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NUAA 2	
38	050352Z	11.5N 97.5E	SAT	STG X DIA 2 CAT 3.0	10	5	700MB	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	UVC AS IN CNTR	13
39	050650Z	10.0N 98.5E	P	1 10	10	10	700MB	18	25	-	12 12	-	-	-	-	ESSA (VIBU)	13
40	060452Z	10.5N 96.7E	P	5 15	15	15	700MB	30	15	1009	315	12 12	-	-	-	UVC AS IN CNTR	13
41	070230Z	10.5N 95.0E	SAT	T2.0/2.0/DO.5/25HRS	10	5	700MB	20	20	-	314	8 12	-	-	-	BRKN AS IN CNTR	14
42	070230Z	10.5N 95.0E	P	-	-	-	700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NUAA 2	
43	080146Z	12.3N 95.0E	SAT	T2.5/3.0/W0.5/24HRS	10	5	700MB	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	UVC AS ABV	15
44	080148Z	14.0N 95.0E	SAT	T3.0/3.0/DO.5/25HRS	10	5	700MB	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NUAA 2	

TYPHOON IHERESE
FIX POSITIONS FOR CYCLONE NO. 32
30 NOV - 10 DEC

FIX NO.	TIME	POSIT	FIX CAT	ACQRY	NAV-MET	FLT		OBS		MIN	FLT		EYE FORM	ORIENT- IATION	EYE DIA	WALL CLO	IMKN	'POSIT OF HADAM	/REMARKS	
						LVL	WNU	SFC	MIN		700MB HGT	LVL								T1/T0
95	081821Z	13.9N 112.9E	P	2	5	700MB	70	-	-	283	13	9	CIRC	-	25	8		CLS D WC	14	
96	081914Z	13.9N 112.9E	SMUN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
97	082000Z	13.8N 112.8E	SMUN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
98	082100Z	13.9N 112.7E	P	2	5	700MB	80	-	971	282	13	10	CIRC	-	25	10		CLS D WC	14	
99	082100Z	13.8N 112.6E	AC N	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
100	082232Z	14.0N 113.0E	AC N	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
101	090046Z	14.0N 112.0E	SAT	T5.5/6.0/W0.5/24HRS (NESS)															NUAA 2 (NESS)	
102	090048Z	14.0N 111.8E	SAT	T6.0/6.0/S0/24HRS															NUAA 2 USSA 8 (VIBU)	
103	090330Z	13.8N 112.1E	SAI	S10 UNK																
104	090500Z	14.0N 111.6E	SMUN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
105	090600Z	14.0N 111.5E	SMUN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
106	090652Z	14.0N 111.3E	P	1	4	700MB	80	100	962	276	18	-	CIRC	-	30	8		CLS D WC	15	
107	090700Z	14.0N 111.4E	SMUN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
108	090800Z	13.9N 111.3E	SMUN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
109	090900Z	14.0N 111.3E	SMUN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
110	090910Z	14.0N 111.5E	AC N	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
111	091000Z	13.9N 110.8E	SMUN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
112	091100Z	14.0N 110.8E	SMUN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
113	091200Z	13.9N 110.7E	SMUN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
114	091210Z	13.9N 110.8E	P	5	5	700MB	90	-	971	284	21	15	CIRC	-	30	-		CLS D WC PH DEF	16	
115	091300Z	14.0N 110.6E	SMUN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
116	091305Z	14.0N 110.8E	AC N	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CIRC	-	30	-				
117	091330Z	13.9N 110.5E	P	-	-	700MB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
118	091400Z	14.1N 110.5E	SMUN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
119	091435Z	13.9N 111.3E	SMUN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
120	091500Z	14.1N 110.2E	SMUN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
121	091510Z	14.0N 110.3E	P	5	5	700MB	100	-	975	287	20	15	-	-	-	-		WL NOT DEF	16	
122	091600Z	14.1N 110.1E	SMUN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
123	091700Z	14.1N 109.1E	SMUN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
124	091745Z	14.1N 109.9E	AC N	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
125	091800Z	14.1N 109.9E	P	5	5	700MB	65	-	985	288	20	15	-	-	-	-		WL NOT DEF	16	
126	091800Z	14.0N 109.8E	SMUN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
127	092000Z	14.3N 109.3E	AC N	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
128	092000Z	14.3N 109.3E	SMUN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
129	092100Z	14.2N 109.3E	SMUN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
130	092200Z	14.3N 109.1E	SMUN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
131	092252Z	14.1N 109.2E	P	1	5	700MB	70	-	-	292	15	10	CIRC	-	25	10		OPEN TO N	17	
132	092300Z	14.4N 108.9E	SMUN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
133	100040Z	14.2N 109.0E	SMUN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
134	100143Z	14.8N 108.3E	SAT	T5.0/6.0/W1.0/24HRS															NUAA 2	